

INDEX OF  
DEPRIVATION  
FOR ENGLAND  
2019

STRATFORD  
-ON-AVON  
DISTRICT  
RESULTS

# CONTENTS

<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Background</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Domains of Deprivation</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>Interpreting the data</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Results</b>
<b>5.1</b>	Rankings of Lower Super Output Areas within Stratford-on-Avon District 2019 – Overall Ranking within District
<b>5.2</b>	Rankings of Lower Super Output Areas within Stratford-on-Avon District 2019 – National Comparison of LSOA Decile
<b>5.3</b>	Overall Domain Scores for Stratford-on-Avon District 2019 – National Comparison
<b>5.4</b>	Rankings of LSOA within Stratford-on-Avon District 2019 – Comparison of Ranking for Each Domain
<b>5.5</b>	Rankings of LSOA by Decile - Comparison of Ranking with all English LSOAs for Each Domain
<b>5.6</b>	Top 10 and bottom 10 lower super output areas in Stratford District for the seven domains
<b>5.7</b>	Summary of IMD Scores for Stratford District Council Wards

## **1 Introduction**

The Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) is a huge dataset, ranging across the domains of employment, income, health, crime, environment, education, and skills, and housing and access to services; these various domains are combined to create various composite indicators.

The IMD can be used at neighbourhood level or for a local authority area as a whole.

Great care is required in the making of comparisons over time. This data is of importance for planning, targeting resources, and preparing funding bids.

## **2 Background**

The latest Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) for England was released on 26 September 2019, updating the 2015 IMD. It is the sixth release in a series of statistics produced to measure multiple forms of deprivation at a very small spatial scale and retains broadly the same methodology as earlier versions produced in 2015, 2010, 2007, 2004 and 2000.

The IMD for England provides measures of deprivation at various geographical levels. For the 2019 version, versions of the index are available for local authorities, Local Enterprise Partnerships (LEPS) and Clinical Commissioning Areas (CCAs). Lower-Layer Super Output Areas (LSOAs) are small areas designed to be of a similar population size, with an average of approximately 1,500 residents or 650 households. The LSOAs used in the 2019 IMD are based on population data from the 2011 Census.

There are 32,844 LSOAs in England and each are ranked according to their deprivation score, with the most deprived given a rank of 1 and the least deprived a rank of 32,844. At this point, it is worth pointing out that that the IMD is a measure of relative deprivation for small areas, and not a quantification of deprivation. If, for example, the score for an LSOA moves from 50 to 20 between 2015-19, it does not mean that deprivation in the area has grown, but that the area has become more deprived in relation to others.

LSOAs are allocated into deciles according to their deprivation ranking. One way of assessing the extent to which a local authority is 'deprived' or 'not deprived' is by calculating the proportion of LSOAs in the area falling into either the first (most deprived) or tenth (least deprived) deciles. This does not mean, however, that local authority areas with a small proportion of very deprived LSOAs will not have some LSOAs in the first (highest) decile, or that local authorities with a high proportion of LSOAs in the first decile will not have a number of LSOAs in the lowest (tenth) decile.

### 3 Domains of Deprivation

The IMD is constructed from seven domains. Each domain is calculated separately and the overall index is a weighted sum of the domains. The domains and their weights are listed below:

Domain	Weight
Income Deprivation Domain	22.5%
Employment Deprivation Domain	22.5%
Health Deprivation and Disability Domain	13.5%
Education, Skills and Training Deprivation Domain	13.5%
Barriers to Housing and Services Domain	9.3%
Crime Domain	9.3%
Living Environment Deprivation Domain	9.3%

The English Indices of Deprivation 2019 are based on the same methodology as the 2015 Indices. Although it is not possible to use the Indices to measure changes in the level of deprivation in places over time, it is possible to explore changes in *relative* deprivation, or changes in the *pattern* of deprivation between this and previous updates of the Indices.

In other words, it is possible that a district may have become *less* deprived in real terms since the previous Index, but *more* deprived relative to all other districts (or vice versa). But it should be noted that a change in rank, even of several places, may not represent a large increase or decrease in absolute levels of deprivation.

The English Indices of Deprivation 2019 are based on 39 separate indicators, organised across seven distinct domains of deprivation which are combined, using appropriate weights, to calculate the Index of Multiple Deprivation 2019. Most of the data, on which the domains were constructed, relates to the tax year 2015-16. A small minority of indicators was based on 2011 Census data.

Each domain is in turn a composite of a series of sub-indicators.

The **income domain** is calculated by summing:-

- Adults and children in Income Support families;
- Adults and children in income-based Jobseeker's Allowance families;
- Adults and children in income-based Employment and Support Allowance families;
- Adults and children in Pension Credit (Guarantee) families;
- Adults and children in Working Tax Credit and Child Tax Credit families not already counted and whose income is below 60 per cent of the median before housing costs;
- Adults and children in Universal Credit families where no adult is in the 'working – no requirements' conditionality regime;
- Asylum seekers in England in receipt of subsistence support, accommodation support, or both;

The **employment domain** is calculated by summing the following six non-overlapping indicators:-

- Claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance aged 18 to 59 (women) and 18 to 64 (men);
- Claimants of Employment and Support Allowance, aged 18 to 59 (women) and 18 to 64 (men);
- Claimants of Incapacity Benefit aged 18 to 59 (women) and 18 to 64 (men);

- Claimants of Severe Disablement Allowance aged 18 to 59 (women) and 18 to 64 (men);
- Claimants of Carer's Allowance 18 to 59 (women) and 18 to 64 (men);
- Claimants of Universal Credit in the 'searching for work' and 'no work requirements' conditionality groups.

The **education, skills and training domain** is built up from:-

- The average points score of pupils taking reading, writing and mathematics Key Stage 2 exams;
- The average capped points score of pupils taking Key Stage 4;
- The proportion of authorised and unauthorised absences from secondary school;
- The proportion of young people not staying on in school or non-advanced education above age 16;
- Young people aged under 21 not entering higher education;
- The proportion of working age adults with no or low qualifications, women aged 25 to 59 and men aged 25 to 64;
- The proportion of working age adults who cannot speak English or cannot speak English well.

The **health deprivation and disability domain** is constructed from:-

- A standardised measure of premature death;
- A standardised morbidity/disability ratio;
- A standardised rate of emergency admission to hospital;
- A composite based on the rate of adults suffering from mood and anxiety disorders, hospital episodes data, suicide mortality data and health benefits data.

The **crime domain** measures the risk of personal and material victimisation at local level:-

- Number of reported violent crimes per 1000 population;
- Number of reported burglaries per 1000 population;
- Number of reported thefts per 1000 population;
- Number of reported crimes involving criminal damage per 1000 at risk population.

The **barriers to housing and services domain** measures the physical and financial accessibility of housing and key local services and is constructed from:-

- Road distance to a post office;
- Road distance to a primary school;
- Road distance to a general store or supermarket;
- Road distance to a GP surgery;
- The proportion of households which are judged to have insufficient space;
- The rate of acceptances for housing assistance under the homelessness provisions of the 1996 Housing Act;
- Difficulty of access to owner-occupation or the private rental market, expressed as the inability to afford to enter owner occupation or the private rental market.

The **living environment domain** measures the quality of the local environment and is constructed from:-

- The proportion of houses that do not have central heating;
- The proportion of social and private homes that fail to meet the Decent Homes Standard;
- A measure of air quality based on emissions rates for four pollutants;
- Road traffic accidents involving injury to pedestrians and cyclists.

In addition, there are two supplementary indices: the Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index and the Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index.

The seven main domains are combined in two stages. Each domain score is standardised by ranking and then transformed to smooth out differences in the distribution and scale of the data in each. The domains are combined using the domain weights set out above.

The overall LSOA Index of Multiple Deprivation score is then ranked and split into deciles. The score is the combined sum of the weighted, transformed, domain rank of the domain scores.

## **4 Interpreting the data**

The ranks and deciles into which the ranks are grouped are based on scores, with the larger the score, the more deprived the area (although the scores are then inverted to obtain the ranking, meaning that 1 = most deprived).

The pattern of deprivation across areas larger than LSOAs can be complex and any one measure can be misleading. In some areas, deprivation is concentrated in pockets, whilst in others it is spread relatively evenly throughout the area, with no highly deprived areas. There are therefore several summary measures for larger areas like local authority areas.

There will be changes between the 2015 and 2019 IMD. For example, deprivation might have decreased in absolute terms in a particular area but if it has fallen at a faster rate in other areas, the result will show deterioration in relative deprivation.

## **5 Results**

### **5.1 Rankings of Lower Super Output Areas within Stratford-on-Avon District 2019 – Overall Ranking within District**

The IMD average score for Stratford-on-Avon in 2019 was 11.73, in 2015 it was 11.41. Compared with other local authorities, Stratford-on-Avon District area ranks 266 out of 326, the lowest of the five districts in Warwickshire.

The thicker black line in Table 1 that follows denotes the district average of 11.73. The table shows the rankings of all lower super output areas within the district in order of overall deprivation.

Table 2 shows the SDC lower super output areas ranking compared against each other for each domain and Table 3 shows the decile of the LSOA compared with all LSOAs in England.

<b>LOWER SUPER OUTPUT AREA - ORDER WITHIN DISTRICT</b>		<b>Index of Multiple Deprivation Score 2019</b>	<b>Index of Multiple Deprivation Decile</b>	<b>Index of Multiple Deprivation Score 2015</b>
<b>1</b>	Stratford Mount Pleasant East	27.01	3	23.82
<b>2</b>	Alcester North & Conway	22.79	4	22.17
<b>3</b>	Maybird (Stratford)	21.68	4	24.20
<b>4</b>	Henley East and Beaudesert	21.64	4	18.73
<b>5</b>	Studley South	21.43	5	20.05
<b>6</b>	Alcester East & Island	21.03	5	21.23
<b>7</b>	Bidford East, Waterloo & Broom	20.33	5	20.58
<b>8</b>	Wellesbourne West	19.29	5	17.35
<b>9</b>	Deppers Bridge, Chester & Kings	17.22	6	14.82
<b>10</b>	Long Compton	17.17	6	16.69
<b>11</b>	Old Town & Town Centre South (Stratford)	16.84	6	16.72
<b>12</b>	Dunnington and Salford Priors	16.42	6	14.08
<b>13</b>	Studley North	16.06	6	16.37
<b>14</b>	Lighthorne & Lighthorne Heath	15.90	6	17.38
<b>15</b>	Burton Dassett	15.70	6	13.47
<b>16</b>	Tanworth	15.24	6	11.99
<b>17</b>	Southam West	15.21	6	15.56
<b>18</b>	Long Itchington East	15.15	6	16.83
<b>19</b>	Aston Cantlow	14.93	6	15.29
<b>20</b>	Town Centre North (Stratford)	14.34	6	15.24
<b>21</b>	Brailes	14.33	6	14.58
<b>22</b>	Kineton Castle, Lt. Kineton & Combrook	14.03	7	15.83
<b>23</b>	Fenny Compton, Farnborough & Avon Dassett	13.74	7	11.94
<b>24</b>	The Avenue (Stratford)	13.44	7	9.36
<b>25</b>	Shipston West and Town Centre	13.27	7	11.82
<b>26</b>	Sambourne	12.91	7	13.08
<b>27</b>	Bardon	12.83	7	14.77
<b>28</b>	Wellesbourne North	12.66	7	12.10
<b>29</b>	Shipston North	12.63	7	12.10
<b>30</b>	Napton on the Hill	12.10	7	11.49
<b>31</b>	Studley West & Common	12.08	7	10.43
<b>32</b>	Shottery North & Racecourse	12.01	7	12.88
<b>33</b>	Kinwarton	11.90	7	10.51
<b>34</b>	Wootton Wawen	11.79	7	10.58
<b>35</b>	Welford	11.47	7	12.51
<b>36</b>	Vale of the Red Horse	11.23	8	12.50
<b>37</b>	Quinton	11.15	8	13.27
<b>38</b>	Moreton Morrell, Ashorne & Newbold Pacey	10.56	8	10.45
<b>39</b>	Tredington & Blackwell	10.32	8	8.68

		Index of Multiple Deprivation Score 2019	Index of Multiple Deprivation Decile	Index of Multiple Deprivation Score 2015
<b>40</b>	Ladbroke & Priors	10.32	8	12.32
<b>41</b>	Kineton, Chadshunt & Compton Verney	10.30	8	8.40
<b>42</b>	Snitterfield & Wolverton	10.22	8	8.44
<b>43</b>	Bishopton	10.16	8	11.06
<b>44</b>	Claverdon	10.06	8	10.18
<b>45</b>	Bridgetown South East	9.91	8	8.18
<b>46</b>	Long Itchington West & Ufton	9.75	8	7.40
<b>47</b>	Studley East & Priory	9.58	8	8.81
<b>48</b>	Newbold-on-Stour, Ilmington East & Whitchurch	9.44	8	8.93
<b>49</b>	Hampton Lucy & Fulbrook	9.43	8	9.45
<b>50</b>	Bidford South, Marlcliff and Barton	9.41	8	10.24
<b>51</b>	Ettington	9.12	8	9.92
<b>52</b>	Stratford Mount Pleasant West	9.04	8	8.18
<b>53</b>	Stockton	8.75	8	9.31
<b>54</b>	Earlswood	8.73	8	8.01
<b>55</b>	Wellesbourne East, Walton & Airfield	8.72	8	5.43
<b>56</b>	Alveston Hill and Rural	8.38	9	7.95
<b>57</b>	Bidford West and Wixford	8.09	9	7.16
<b>58</b>	Southam East	7.74	9	8.03
<b>59</b>	Southam North	7.62	9	6.85
<b>60</b>	Alcester South, Arrow & Weethley	7.20	9	8.23
<b>61</b>	Wellesbourne South	7.04	9	6.48
<b>62</b>	Abbey, Grammar & Kings Coughton	7.01	9	8.01
<b>63</b>	Southam South & Town Centre	6.98	9	7.88
<b>64</b>	Tiddington & Alveston	6.14	9	6.50
<b>65</b>	Bishops Itchington	5.97	9	7.26
<b>66</b>	Old Town (Stratford)	5.44	10	6.66
<b>67</b>	Shottery South & Racecourse	5.35	10	4.19
<b>68</b>	Henley West	5.16	10	5.53
<b>69</b>	Bridgetown	4.71	10	3.59
<b>70</b>	Bridgetown North East and Golf Course	4.00	10	3.32
<b>71</b>	Shipston South & Furze Hill	3.90	10	2.96
<b>72</b>	Clopton & Welcombe Hills	2.95	10	3.17
<b>73</b>	Harbury	1.14	10	1.54



## 5.2 Rankings of Lower Super Output Areas within Stratford-on-Avon District 2019 – National Comparison of LSOA Decile

SDC has just one LSOA in the third decile of the most deprived areas – Stratford Mount Pleasant East. In total, around 11% of LSOAs are in the top half of the national deprivation list.

# English Indices of Deprivation 2019

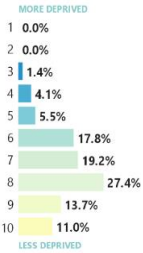
  
 Ministry of Housing,  
 Communities &  
 Local Government

## STRATFORD-ON-AVON



### Local deprivation profile

% of LSOAs in each national deprivation decile



### What this map shows

This is a map of Indices of Deprivation 2019 data for **Stratford-on-Avon**. The colours on the map indicate the deprivation decile of each Lower Layer Super Output Area (LSOA) for England as a whole, and the coloured bars above indicate the proportion of LSOAs in each national deprivation decile. The most deprived areas (decile 1) are shown in blue. It is important to keep in mind that the Indices of Deprivation relate to small areas and do not tell us how deprived, or wealthy, individual people are. LSOAs have an average population of just under 1,700 (as of 2017).



## CHANGE IN NATIONAL DECILE 2015 TO 2019 BY LSOA

LSOA Name	Change in overall IMD decile	IMD Decile 2019 (where 1 is most deprived)	IMD Decile 2015 (where 1 is most deprived)
Abbey, Grammar & Kings Coughton	0	9	9
Alcester East & Island	0	5	5
Alcester North & Conway	0	4	4
Alcester South, Arrow & Weethley	0	9	9
Alveston Hill and Rural	0	9	9
Aston Cantlow	0	6	6
Bardon	+1	7	6
Bidford East, Waterloo & Broom	0	5	5
Bidford South, Marcliff and Barton	0	8	8
Bidford West and Wixford	0	9	9
Bishops Itchington	0	9	9
Bishopton	+1	8	7
Brailes	0	6	6
Bridgetown	0	10	10
Bridgetown North East and Golf Course	0	10	10
Bridgetown South East	-1	8	9
Burton Dassett	-1	6	7
Claverdon	0	8	8
Clopton & Welcombe Hills	0	10	10
Deppers Bridge, Chester & Kings	0	6	6
Dunnington and Salford Priors	0	6	6
Earlswood	-1	8	9
Ettington	0	8	8
Fenny Compton, Farnborough & Avon Dassett	0	7	7
Hampton Lucy & Fulbrook	0	8	8
Harbury	0	10	10
Henley East and Beaudesert	-1	4	5
Henley West	0	10	10

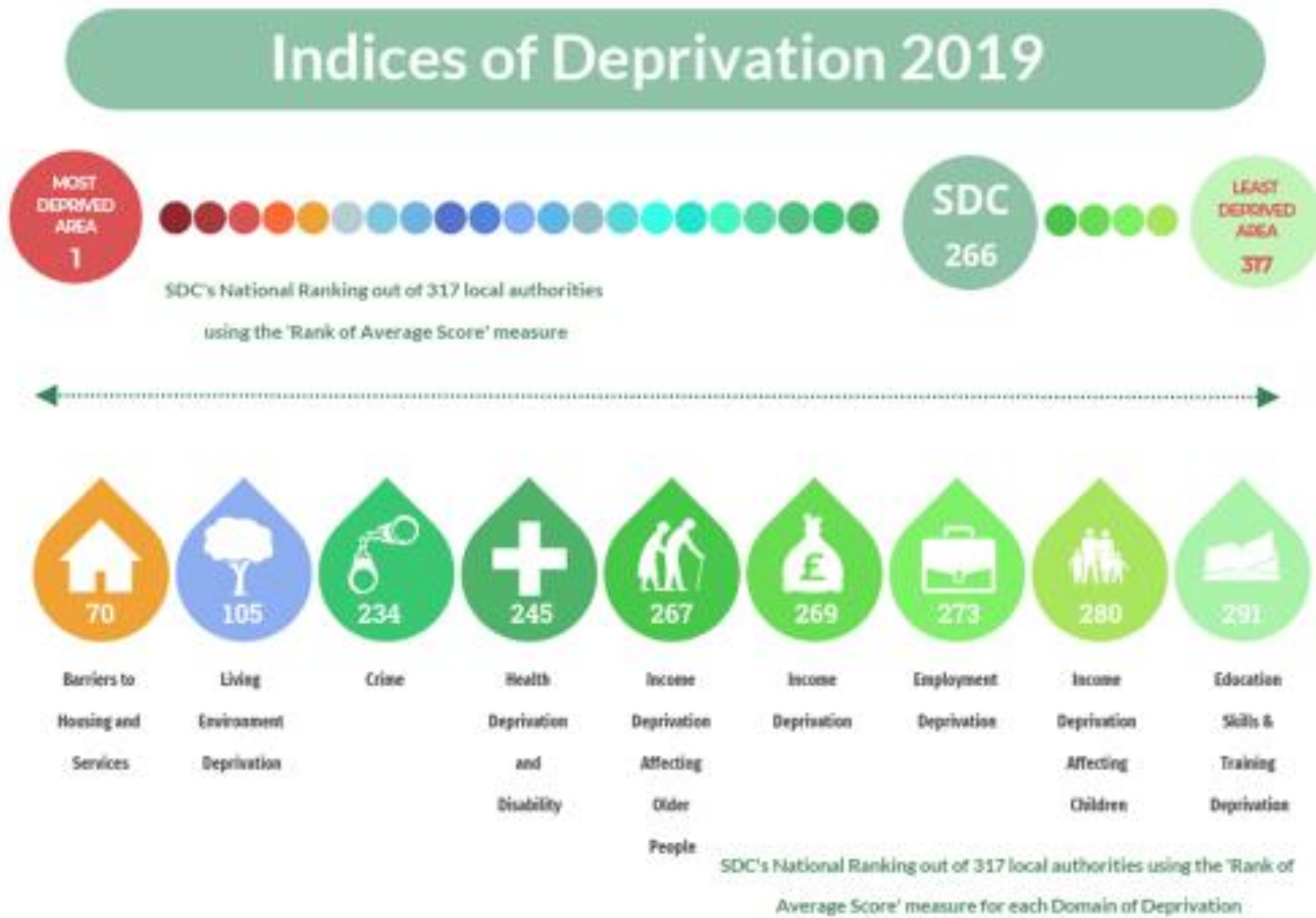
<b>LSOA Name</b>	<b>Change in overall IMD decile</b>	<b>IMD Decile 2019 (where 1 is most deprived)</b>	<b>IMD Decile 2015 (where 1 is most deprived)</b>
Kineton Castle, Lt. Kineton & Combrook	+1	7	6
Kineton, Chadshunt & Compton Verney	0	8	8
Kinwarton	-1	7	8
Ladbroke & Priors	+1	8	7
Lighthorne & Lighthorne Heath	0	6	6
Long Compton	0	6	6
Long Itchington East	0	6	6
Long Itchington West & Ufton	-1	8	9
Maybird	0	4	4
Moreton Morrell, Ashorne & Newbold Pacey	0	8	8
Napton on the Hill	0	7	7
Newbold-on-Stour, Ilmington East & Whitchurch	0	8	8
Old Town (Stratford)	+1	10	9
Old Town & Town Centre South (Stratford)	0	6	6
Quinton	+1	8	7
Sambourne	0	7	7
Shipston North	0	7	7
Shipston South & Furze Hill	0	10	10
Shipston West and Town Centre	0	7	7
Shottery North & Racecourse	0	7	7
Shottery South & Racecourse	0	10	10
Snitterfield & Wolverton	0	8	8
Southam East	0	9	9
Southam South & Town Centre	0	9	9
Southam West	0	6	6
Stockton	0	8	8
Stratford Mount Pleasant East	-1	3	4
Stratford Mount Pleasant West	-1	8	9

<b>LSOA Name</b>	<b>Change in overall IMD decile</b>	<b>IMD Decile 2019 (where 1 is most deprived)</b>	<b>IMD Decile 2015 (where 1 is most deprived)</b>
Studley East & Priory	0	8	8
Studley North	0	6	6
Studley South	0	5	5
Studley West & Common	-1	7	8
Tanworth	-1	6	7
The Avenue (Stratford)	-1	7	8
Tiddington & Alveston	0	9	9
Town Centre North (Stratford)	0	6	6
Tredington & Blackwell	0	8	8
Vale of the Red Horse	+1	8	7
Welford	0	7	7
Wellesbourne East, Walton & Airfield	-2	8	10
Wellesbourne North	0	7	7
Wellesbourne South	0	9	9
Wellesbourne West	-1	5	6
Wootton Wawen	-1	7	8

### 5.3 Overall Domain Scores for Stratford-on-Avon District 2019 – National Comparison

The following infographics show the position of Stratford District in comparison with the other 317 English local authorities, overall and for the seven domains.

#### INFORGRAPHICS SHOWING POSITION OF DISTRICT VERSUS ALL ENGLISH LOCAL AUTHORITIES



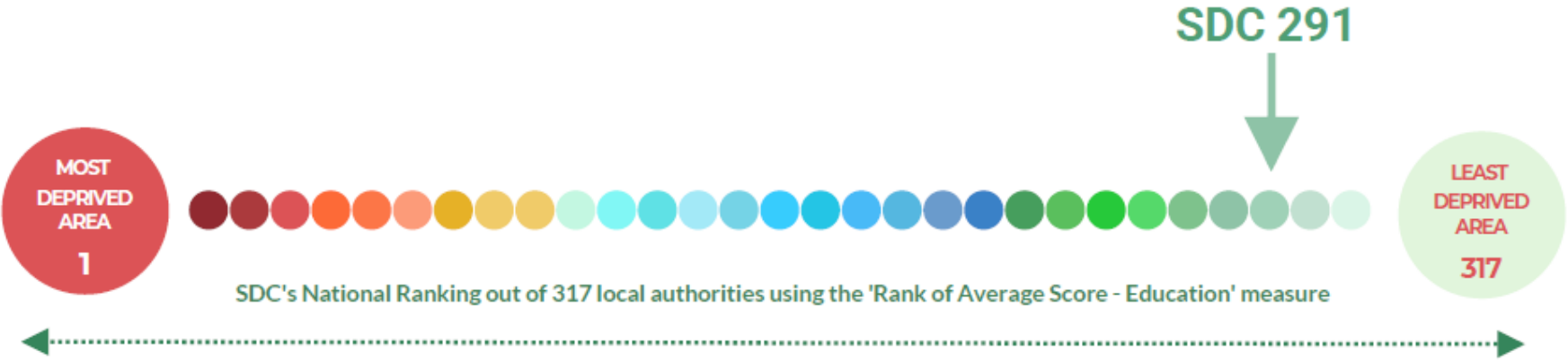
## Income Index of Deprivation



## Employment Index of Deprivation



# Education Index of Deprivation



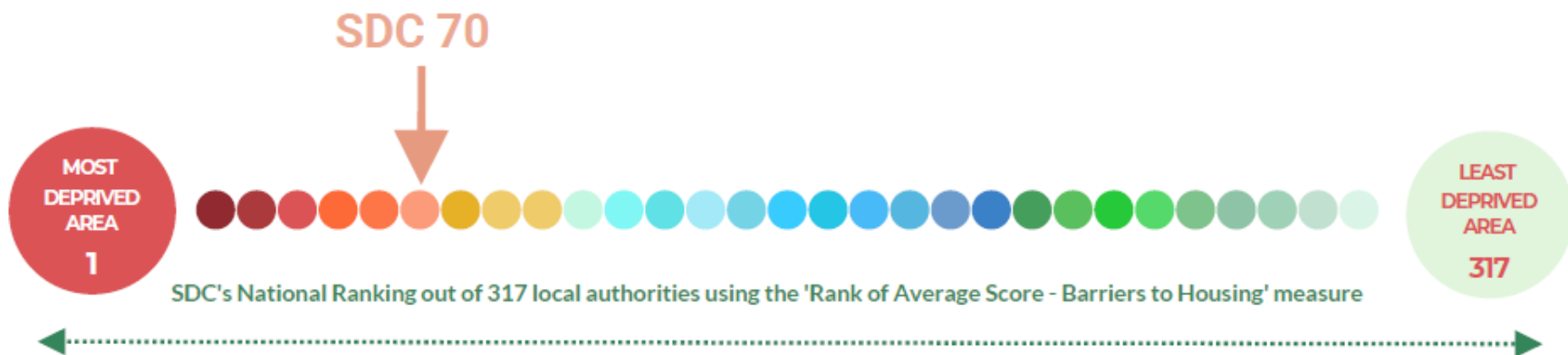
# Health Index of Deprivation



# Crime Index of Deprivation

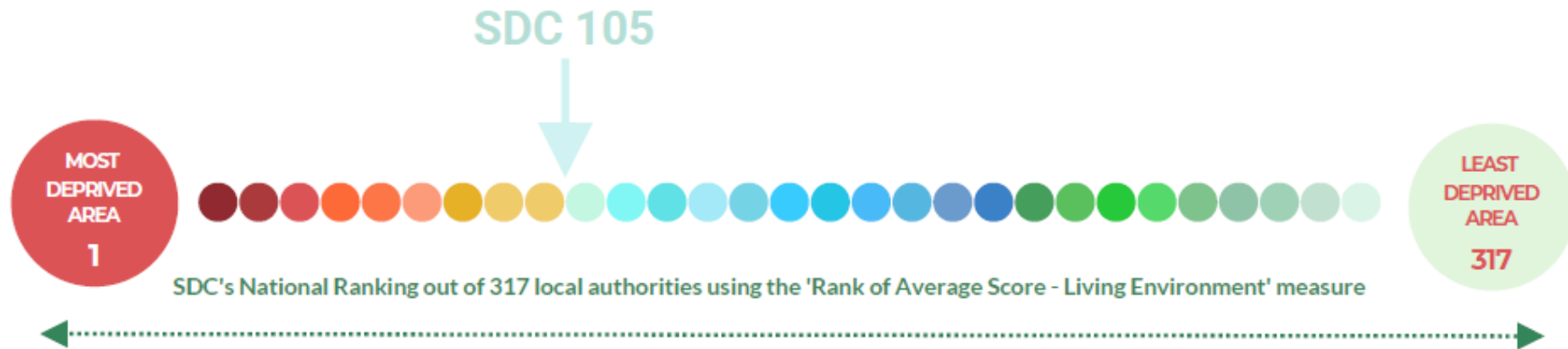


# Barriers to Housing Index of Deprivation





# Living Environment Index of Deprivation



## 5.4 Rankings of LSOA within Stratford-on-Avon District 2019 – Comparison of Ranking for Each Domain

SDC LOWER SUPER OUTPUT AREAS RANKING COMPARED VS EACH OTHER (POSITIONS OUT OF 73)								
(SOURCE:IMD 2019)	Income	Employment	Health & Disability	Education/ skills & training	Barriers to Housing and services	Crime	Living environment	Overall Rank
Stratford Mount Pleasant East	3	1	1	5	45	18	58	<b>1</b>
Alcester North & Conway	2	2	8	1	48	41	66	<b>2</b>
Maybird	6	4	3	6	42	12	51	<b>3</b>
Henley East and Beaudesert	4	5	6	9	36	2	39	<b>4</b>
Studley South	5	6	2	2	58	33	36	<b>5</b>
Alcester East & Island	1	3	13	7	53	20	50	<b>6</b>
Bidford East, Waterloo & Broom	8	9	12	4	30	23	46	<b>7</b>
Wellesbourne West	10	16	4	3	25	26	69	<b>8</b>
Deppers Bridge, Chester & Kings	20	13	46	13	22	3	17	<b>9</b>
Long Compton	44	48	57	59	1	64	3	<b>10</b>
Old Town & Town Centre South (Stratford)	15	14	7	53	61	1	8	<b>11</b>
Dunnington and Salford Priors	16	22	15	16	31	48	11	<b>12</b>
Studley North	7	8	11	11	69	10	57	<b>13</b>
Lighthorne & Lighthorne Heath	12	18	14	20	27	73	22	<b>14</b>
Burton Dassett	50	61	68	49	2	68	1	<b>15</b>
Tanworth	46	64	32	30	5	6	10	<b>16</b>
Southam West	9	21	22	8	51	13	37	<b>17</b>
Long Itchington East	22	11	10	21	39	9	32	<b>18</b>
Aston Cantlow	28	41	53	67	8	28	9	<b>19</b>
Town Centre North (Stratford)	25	27	21	31	52	11	6	<b>20</b>
Brailes	58	65	67	39	4	49	2	<b>21</b>
Kineton Castle, Lt. Kineton & Combrook	13	15	19	27	37	51	24	<b>22</b>
Fenny Compton, Farnborough & Avon Dassett	39	38	20	33	32	31	4	<b>23</b>
The Avenue (Stratford)	14	25	40	15	29	19	35	<b>24</b>
Shipston West and Town Centre	11	20	9	10	57	56	71	<b>25</b>
Sambourne	47	42	56	32	18	5	16	<b>26</b>
Bardon	57	55	64	45	6	8	18	<b>27</b>
Wellesbourne North	18	7	5	28	63	60	63	<b>28</b>
Shipston North	19	12	17	14	66	40	33	<b>29</b>
Napton on the Hill	42	39	29	52	33	29	7	<b>30</b>
Studley West & Common	24	10	16	25	55	39	41	<b>31</b>
Shottery North & Racecourse	23	17	28	29	40	16	47	<b>32</b>
Kinwarton	33	29	24	61	21	53	21	<b>33</b>
Wootton Wawen	52	56	25	24	24	27	14	<b>34</b>

	<i>Income</i>	<i>Employment</i>	<i>Health &amp; Disability</i>	<i>Education/ skills &amp; training</i>	<i>Barriers to Housing &amp; services</i>	<i>Crime</i>	<i>Living environment</i>	<b>Overall Rank</b>
<b>Welford</b>	43	40	49	58	20	50	13	<b>35</b>
<b>Vale of the Red Horse</b>	40	59	69	64	10	71	15	<b>36</b>
<b>Quinton</b>	26	34	43	26	60	47	12	<b>37</b>
<b>Moreton Morrell, Ashorne &amp; Newbold Pacey</b>	56	71	35	57	7	38	28	<b>38</b>
<b>Tredington &amp; Blackwell</b>	35	46	48	38	14	69	29	<b>39</b>
<b>Ladbroke &amp; Priors</b>	67	69	65	62	3	65	25	<b>40</b>
<b>Kineton, Chadshunt &amp; Compton Verney</b>	66	50	54	65	35	35	5	<b>41</b>
<b>Snitterfield &amp; Wolverton</b>	48	53	31	34	12	57	45	<b>42</b>
<b>Bishopton</b>	21	19	27	19	62	25	70	<b>43</b>
<b>Claverdon</b>	36	54	63	54	13	36	31	<b>44</b>
<b>Bridgetown South East</b>	17	24	23	50	49	15	59	<b>45</b>
<b>Long Itchington West &amp; Ufton</b>	34	60	33	71	17	37	34	<b>46</b>
<b>Studley East &amp; Priory</b>	32	35	26	12	65	14	38	<b>47</b>
<b>Newbold-on-Stour, Ilmington East &amp; Whitchurch</b>	59	72	39	69	15	59	19	<b>48</b>
<b>Hampton Lucy &amp; Fulbrook</b>	62	66	66	68	9	43	30	<b>49</b>
<b>Bidford South, Marlcliff and Barton</b>	31	33	51	35	44	17	23	<b>50</b>
<b>Ettington</b>	68	70	72	63	11	67	20	<b>51</b>
<b>Stratford Mount Pleasant West</b>	30	26	41	22	64	7	54	<b>52</b>
<b>Stockton</b>	41	23	18	18	71	42	43	<b>53</b>
<b>Earlswood</b>	65	63	71	43	19	4	52	<b>54</b>
<b>Wellesbourne East, Walton &amp; Airfield</b>	51	52	38	47	23	22	53	<b>55</b>
<b>Alveston Hill and Rural</b>	54	45	70	44	34	30	26	<b>56</b>
<b>Bidford West and Wixford</b>	45	36	34	56	28	62	48	<b>57</b>
<b>Southam East</b>	27	28	42	36	50	46	67	<b>58</b>
<b>Southam North</b>	29	30	30	17	68	32	68	<b>59</b>
<b>Alcester South, Arrow &amp; Weethley</b>	37	32	47	41	46	52	44	<b>60</b>
<b>Wellesbourne South</b>	72	49	45	37	16	63	72	<b>61</b>
<b>Abbey, Grammar &amp; Kings Coughton</b>	53	67	58	55	26	44	40	<b>62</b>
<b>Southam South &amp; Town Centre</b>	49	37	50	40	67	34	27	<b>63</b>
<b>Tiddington &amp; Alveston</b>	38	44	36	51	43	70	56	<b>64</b>
<b>Bishops Itchington</b>	64	43	37	23	72	58	42	<b>65</b>
<b>Old Town (Stratford)</b>	63	31	55	42	59	45	61	<b>66</b>
<b>Shottery South &amp; Racecourse</b>	61	51	52	60	41	54	60	<b>67</b>
<b>Henley West</b>	60	58	44	48	70	24	49	<b>68</b>
<b>Bridgetown</b>	69	47	62	70	56	21	55	<b>69</b>
<b>Bridgetown North East and Golf Course</b>	71	62	61	73	38	55	64	<b>70</b>
<b>Shipston South &amp; Furze Hill</b>	55	57	59	46	47	72	73	<b>71</b>
<b>Clopton &amp; Welcombe Hills</b>	70	68	60	66	54	61	62	<b>72</b>
<b>Harbury</b>	73	73	73	72	73	66	65	<b>73</b>

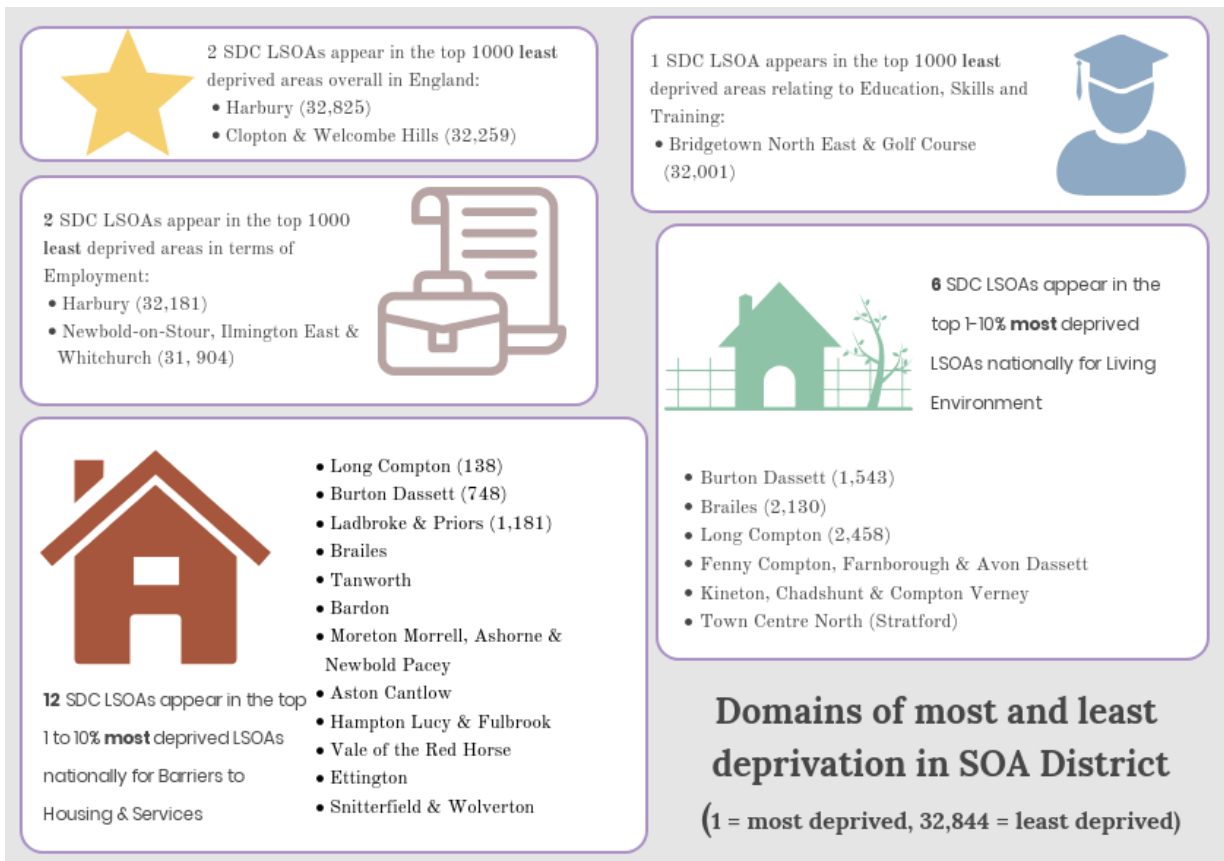
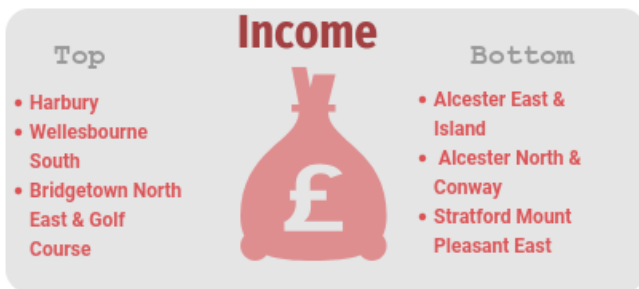
## 5.5 Rankings of LSOA by Decile - Comparison of Ranking with all English LSOAs for Each Domain

DECILE OF LSOA COMPARED WITH ALL IN ENGLAND (1=MOST DEPRIVED, 10=LEAST DEPRIVED)								
(SOURCE:IMD 2019)	Income	Employment	Health & Disability	Education / skills and training	Barriers to Housing and services	Crime	Living environment	Rank
Stratford Mount Pleasant East	4	2	2	3	6	6	7	<b>1</b>
Alcester North & Conway	4	3	5	2	6	8	9	<b>2</b>
Maybird	4	4	4	3	5	6	7	<b>3</b>
Henley East and Beaudesert	4	4	4	5	4	4	5	<b>4</b>
Studley South	4	5	4	2	8	7	5	<b>5</b>
Alcester East & Island	3	4	6	3	7	6	7	<b>6</b>
Bidford East, Waterloo & Broom	4	5	6	3	3	6	6	<b>7</b>
Wellesbourne West	5	6	4	3	3	7	9	<b>8</b>
Deppers Bridge, Chester & Kings	6	6	9	6	2	5	3	<b>9</b>
Long Compton	8	9	9	9	1	10	1	<b>10</b>
Old Town & Town Centre South (Stratford)	6	6	5	9	8	4	2	<b>11</b>
Dunnington & Salford Priors	6	7	6	6	3	8	2	<b>12</b>
Studley North	4	5	5	6	9	5	7	<b>13</b>
Lighthorne & Lighthorne Heath	5	6	6	7	3	10	3	<b>14</b>
Burton Dassett	9	10	10	9	1	10	1	<b>15</b>
Tanworth	8	10	8	8	1	5	2	<b>16</b>
Southam West	4	7	7	5	6	6	5	<b>17</b>
Long Itchington East	6	6	5	7	5	5	5	<b>18</b>
Aston Cantlow	7	8	9	10	1	7	2	<b>19</b>
Town Centre North	7	7	7	8	7	5	1	<b>20</b>
Brailes	9	10	10	9	1	8	1	<b>21</b>
Kineton Castle, Lt. Kineton & Combrook	6	6	7	7	4	9	4	<b>22</b>
Fenny Compton, Farnborough & Avon Dassett	8	8	7	8	3	7	1	<b>23</b>
The Avenue	6	7	8	6	3	6	5	<b>24</b>
Shipston West and Town Centre	5	6	5	5	7	9	10	<b>25</b>
Sambourne	9	8	9	8	2	5	3	<b>26</b>
Bardon	9	9	9	9	1	5	3	<b>27</b>
Wellesbourne North	6	5	4	8	8	9	8	<b>28</b>
Shipston North	6	6	6	6	9	8	5	<b>29</b>
Napton on the Hill	8	8	8	9	3	7	2	<b>30</b>
Studley West & Common	7	5	6	7	7	8	6	<b>31</b>
Shottery North & Racecourse	7	6	8	8	5	6	6	<b>32</b>
Kinwarton	8	8	7	9	2	9	3	<b>33</b>
Wootton Wawen	9	9	7	7	3	7	2	<b>34</b>
Welford	8	8	9	9	2	8	2	<b>35</b>
Vale of the Red Horse	8	9	10	10	1	10	2	<b>36</b>
Quinton	7	8	8	7	8	8	2	<b>37</b>

	<i>Income</i>	<i>Employment</i>	<i>Health &amp; Disability</i>	<i>Education / skills and training</i>	<i>Barriers to Housing and services</i>	<i>Crime</i>	<i>Living environment</i>	<i>Rank</i>
<b>Moreton Morrell, Ashorne &amp; Newbold Pacey</b>	9	10	8	9	1	8	4	<b>38</b>
<b>Tredington &amp; Blackwell</b>	8	9	9	9	2	10	5	<b>39</b>
<b>Ladbroke &amp; Priors</b>	10	10	10	10	1	10	4	<b>40</b>
<b>Kineton, Chadshunt &amp; Compton Verney</b>	10	9	9	10	4	8	1	<b>41</b>
<b>Snitterfield &amp; Wolverton</b>	9	9	8	8	1	9	6	<b>42</b>
<b>Bishopton</b>	6	6	8	7	8	7	9	<b>43</b>
<b>Claverdon</b>	8	9	9	9	2	8	5	<b>44</b>
<b>Bridgetown South East</b>	6	7	7	9	6	6	8	<b>45</b>
<b>Long Itchington West &amp; Ufton</b>	8	9	8	10	2	8	5	<b>46</b>
<b>Studley East &amp; Priory</b>	8	8	7	6	9	6	5	<b>47</b>
<b>Newbold-on-Stour, Ilmington East &amp; Whitchurch</b>	9	10	8	10	2	9	3	<b>48</b>
<b>Hampton Lucy &amp; Fulbrook</b>	9	10	10	10	1	8	5	<b>49</b>
<b>Bidford South, Marlcliff and Barton</b>	8	8	9	8	6	6	4	<b>50</b>
<b>Ettington</b>	10	10	10	10	1	10	3	<b>51</b>
<b>Stratford Mount Pleasant West</b>	7	7	8	7	9	5	7	<b>52</b>
<b>Stockton</b>	8	7	7	7	9	8	6	<b>53</b>
<b>Earlswood</b>	9	10	10	9	2	5	7	<b>54</b>
<b>Wellesbourne East, Walton &amp; Airfield</b>	9	9	8	9	2	6	7	<b>55</b>
<b>Alveston Hill and Rural</b>	9	9	10	9	4	7	4	<b>56</b>
<b>Bidford West and Wixford</b>	8	8	8	9	3	10	6	<b>57</b>
<b>Southam East</b>	7	7	8	8	6	8	9	<b>58</b>
<b>Southam North</b>	7	8	8	7	9	7	9	<b>59</b>
<b>Alcester South, Arrow &amp; Weethley</b>	8	8	9	9	6	9	6	<b>60</b>
<b>Wellesbourne South</b>	10	9	9	8	2	10	10	<b>61</b>
<b>Abbey, Grammar &amp; Kings Coughton</b>	9	10	9	9	3	8	6	<b>62</b>
<b>Southam South &amp; Town Centre</b>	9	8	9	9	9	7	4	<b>63</b>
<b>Tiddington &amp; Alveston</b>	8	8	8	9	6	10	7	<b>64</b>
<b>Bishops Itchington</b>	9	8	8	7	10	9	6	<b>65</b>
<b>Old Town</b>	9	8	9	9	8	8	8	<b>66</b>
<b>Shottery South &amp; Racecourse</b>	9	9	9	9	5	9	8	<b>67</b>
<b>Henley West</b>	9	9	9	9	9	6	6	<b>68</b>
<b>Bridgetown</b>	10	9	9	10	7	6	7	<b>69</b>
<b>Bridgetown North East and Golf Course</b>	10	10	9	10	4	9	8	<b>70</b>
<b>Shipston South &amp; Furze Hill</b>	9	9	9	9	6	10	10	<b>71</b>
<b>Clopton &amp; Welcombe Hills</b>	10	10	9	10	7	10	8	<b>72</b>
<b>Harbury</b>	10	10	10	10	10	10	8	<b>73</b>

## 5.6 Top 10 and bottom 10 lower super output areas in Stratford District for the seven domains

### Top/Bottom 3 LSOAs per domain of deprivation



This section contains:

- A map showing the LSOAs by decile for the District for the each domain
- The number of LSOAs in each decile in the District for each domain
- Takes each domain in turn and shows which LSOAs are in the top 10 in the district, alongside those in the bottom 10.

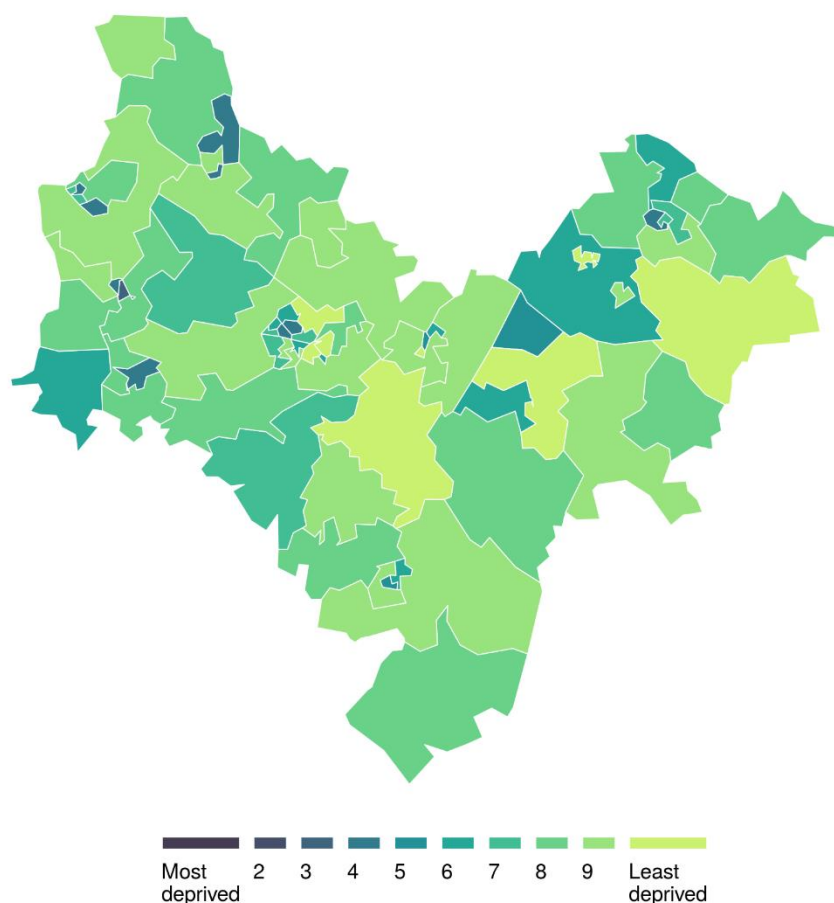
## INCOME

The income domain is calculated by summing:

- adults and children in income support families
- adults and children in income-based Jobseeker's Allowance families
- adults and children in income-based Employment and Support Allowance families
- adults and children in Pension Credit (Guarantee) families
- adults and children in Working Tax Credit and Child Tax Credit families not already counted and whose income is below 60 per cent of the median before housing costs
- asylum seekers in England in receipt of subsistence support, accommodation support, or both
- adults and children in Universal Credit families where no adult is in 'working – no requirements' conditionality regime

### Income, 2019

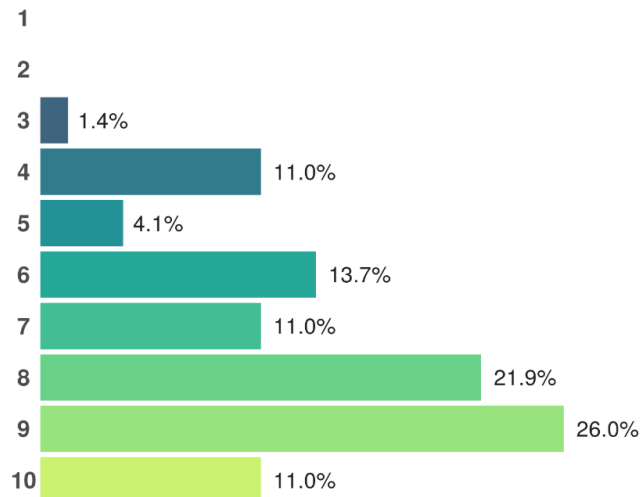
Lower-layer Super Output Areas in Stratford-on-Avon by decile



Source: English Indices of Deprivation (2019), MHCLG  
Contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown copyright and database right 2019

### LSOAs in each national deprivation decile

Stratford-on-Avon, Income, 2019



Source: MHCLG

### TOP 10 MOST DEPRIVED

LSOA	Ranking	Income Score (rate)	Income Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	Income Decile (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs)
<b>Alcester East &amp; Island</b>	1	0.162	9,498	3
<b>Alcester North &amp; Conway</b>	2	0.156	9,969	4
<b>Stratford Mount Pleasant East</b>	3	0.156	9,970	4
<b>Henley East and Beaudesert</b>	4	0.146	10,833	4
<b>Studley South</b>	5	0.138	11,663	4
<b>Maybird</b>	6	0.134	12,146	4
<b>Studley North</b>	7	0.133	12,225	4
<b>Bidford East, Waterloo &amp; Broom</b>	8	0.131	12,429	4
<b>Southam West</b>	9	0.125	13,135	4
<b>Wellesbourne West</b>	10	0.118	13,884	5

### TOP 10 LEAST DEPRIVED

LSOA	Ranking	Income Score (rate)	Income Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	Income Decile (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs)
<b>Harbury</b>	73	0.021	32,112	10
<b>Wellesbourne South</b>	72	0.024	31,751	10
<b>Bridgetown North East &amp; Golf Course</b>	71	0.025	31,552	10
<b>Clopton &amp; Welcombe Hills</b>	70	0.027	31,364	10
<b>Bridgetown</b>	69	0.031	30,660	10
<b>Ettington</b>	68	0.034	30,056	10
<b>Ladbroke &amp; Priors</b>	67	0.034	29,939	10
<b>Kineton, Chadshunt &amp; Compton Verney</b>	66	0.035	29,834	10
<b>Earlswood</b>	65	0.038	29,188	9
<b>Bishops Itchington</b>	64	0.040	28,620	9



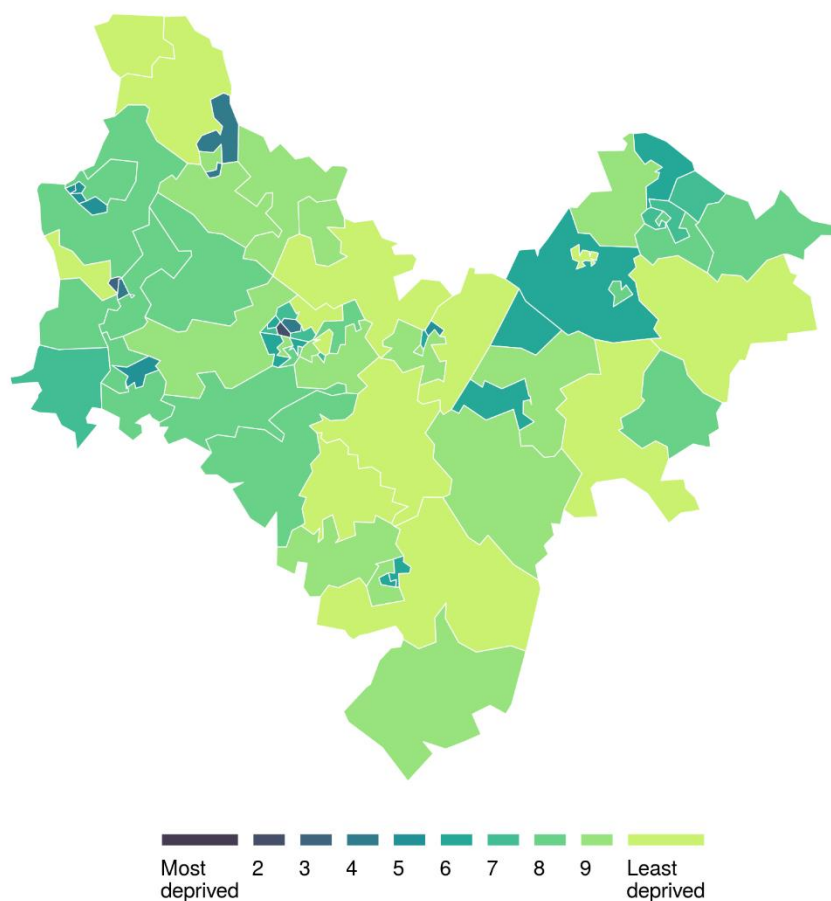
## EMPLOYMENT

The employment domain is calculated by summing the following five non-overlapping indicators:

- claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance aged 18 to 59 (women) and 18 to 64 (men)
- claimants of Employment and Support Allowance, aged 18 to 59 (women) and 18 to 64 (men)
- claimants of Incapacity Benefit aged 18 to 59 (women) and 18 to 64 (men)
- claimants of Severe Disablement Allowance aged 18 to 59 (women) and 18 to 64 (men)
- claimants of Carer's Allowance 18 to 59 (women) and 18 to 64 (men)
- claimants of Universal Credit in the 'searching for work' and 'no work requirements' conditionality group

### Employment, 2019

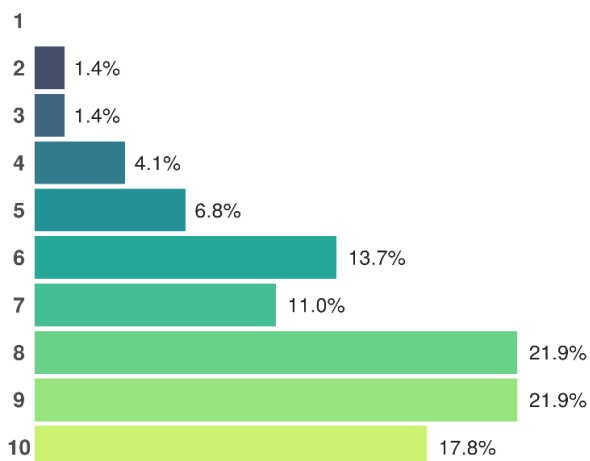
Lower-layer Super Output Areas in Stratford-on-Avon by decile



Source: English Indices of Deprivation (2019), MHCLG  
Contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown copyright and database right 2019

### LSOAs in each national deprivation decile

Stratford-on-Avon, Employment, 2019



Source: MHCLG

### TOP 10 MOST DEPRIVED

LSOA	Ranking	Employment Score (rate)	Employment Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	Employment Decile (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs)
<b>Stratford Mount Pleasant East</b>	1	0.166	5,275	2
<b>Alcester North &amp; Conway</b>	2	0.126	8,978	3
<b>Alcester East &amp; Island</b>	3	0.118	9,915	4
<b>Maybird</b>	4	0.113	10,650	4
<b>Henley East and Beaudesert</b>	5	0.099	12,671	4
<b>Studley South</b>	6	0.095	13,396	5
<b>Wellesbourne North</b>	7	0.093	13,827	5
<b>Studley North</b>	8	0.092	13,920	5
<b>Bidford East, Waterloo &amp; Broom</b>	9	0.091	14,117	5
<b>Studley West &amp; Common</b>	10	0.080	16,398	5

### TOP 10 LEAST DEPRIVED

LSOA	Ranking	Employment Score (rate)	Employment Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	Employment Decile (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs)
<b>Harbury</b>	73	0.021	32,181	10
<b>Newbold-on-Stour, Ilmington East &amp; Whitchurch</b>	72	0.023	31,904	10
<b>Moreton Morrell, Ashorne &amp; Newbold Pacey</b>	71	0.024	31,737	10
<b>Ettington</b>	70	0.025	31,698	10
<b>Ladbroke &amp; Priors</b>	69	0.026	31,462	10
<b>Clopton &amp; Welcombe Hills</b>	68	0.028	31,155	10
<b>Abbey, Grammar &amp; Kings Coughton</b>	67	0.028	31,136	10
<b>Hampton Lucy &amp; Fulbrook</b>	66	0.028	31,014	10
<b>Brailes</b>	65	0.028	30,990	10
<b>Tanworth</b>	64	0.031	30,338	10

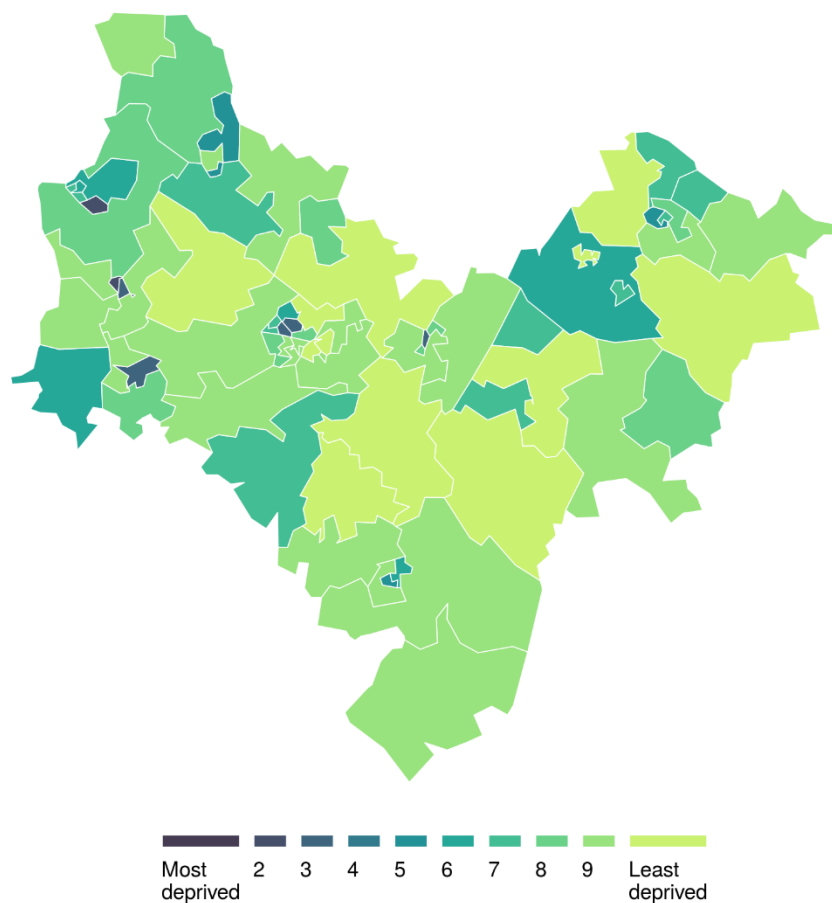
## EDUCATION, SKILLS AND TRAINING

The education, skills and training domain is built up from:

- the average points score of pupils taking reading, writing and mathematics Key Stage 2 exams
- the average capped points score of pupils taking Key Stage 4
- the proportion of authorised and unauthorised absences from secondary school
- the proportion of young people not staying on in school or non-advanced education above age 16
- young people aged under 21 not entering higher education.
- the proportion of working age adults with no or low qualifications, women aged 25 to 59 and men aged 25 to 64
- the proportion of working age adults who cannot speak English or cannot speak English well

### Education, Skills and Training, 2019

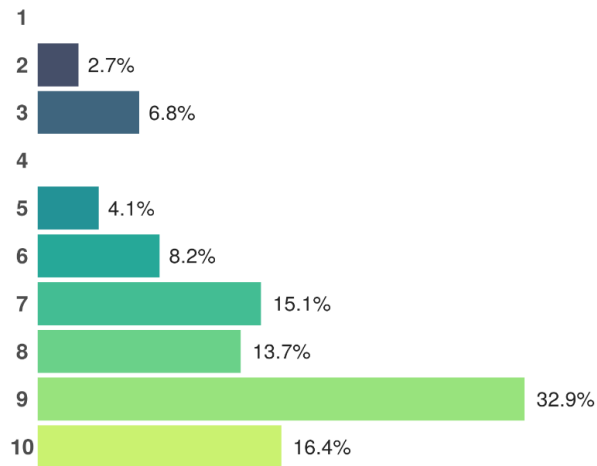
Lower-layer Super Output Areas in Stratford-on-Avon by decile



Source: English Indices of Deprivation (2019), MHCLG  
Contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown copyright and database right 2019

### LSOAs in each national deprivation decile

Stratford-on-Avon, Education, Skills and Training, 2019



Source: MHCLG

### TOP 10 MOST DEPRIVED

LSOA	Ranking	Education Skills and Training Score	Education, Skills and Training Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	Education, Skills & Training Decile (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs)
<b>Alcester North &amp; Conway</b>	1	40.930	5,137	2
<b>Studley South</b>	2	37.138	6,153	2
<b>Wellesbourne West</b>	3	32.197	7,741	3
<b>Bidford East, Waterloo &amp; Broom</b>	4	29.323	8,852	3
<b>Stratford Mount Pleasant East</b>	5	28.193	9,316	3
<b>Maybird</b>	6	27.658	9,538	3
<b>Alcester East &amp; Island</b>	7	26.990	9,826	3
<b>Southam West</b>	8	20.499	13,468	5
<b>Henley East and Beaudesert</b>	9	19.128	14,306	5
<b>Shipston West &amp; Town Centre</b>	10	27.650	15,362	5

### TOP 10 LEAST DEPRIVED

LSOA	Ranking	Education Skills and Training Score	Education, Skills and Training Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	Education, Skills & Training Decile (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs)
<b>Bridgetown North East &amp; Golf Course</b>	73	1.017	32,001	10
<b>Harbury</b>	72	1.335	31,642	10
<b>Long Itchington West &amp; Ufton</b>	71	1.430	31,546	10
<b>Bridgetown</b>	70	1.520	31,426	10
<b>Newbold-on-Stour, Ilmington East &amp; Whitchurch</b>	69	1.930	30,971	10
<b>Hampton Lucy &amp; Fulbrook</b>	68	1.976	30,914	10
<b>Aston Cantlow</b>	67	2.682	30,123	10
<b>Clopton &amp; Welcombe Hills</b>	66	2.777	30,003	10
<b>Kineton, Chadshunt &amp; Compton Verney</b>	65	2.800	29,980	10
<b>Vale of the Red Horse</b>	64	2.816	29,962	10

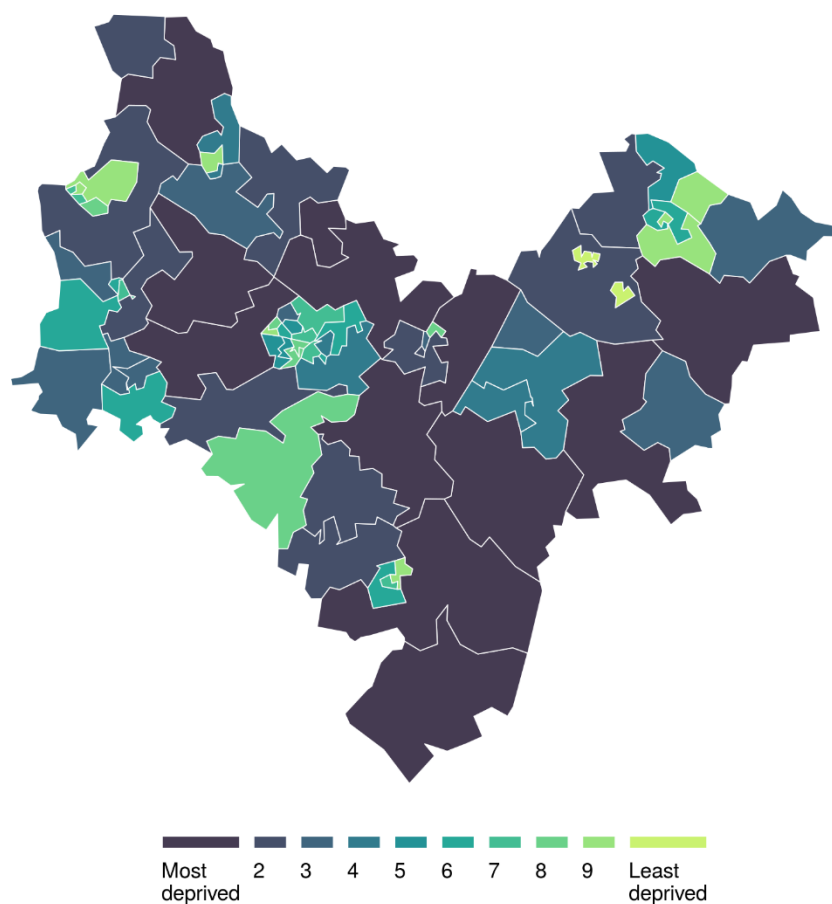
## BARRIERS TO HOUSING AND SERVICES

The barriers to housing and services domain measures the physical and financial accessibility of housing and key local services and is constructed from:

- road distance to a post office
- road distance to a primary school
- road distance to a general store or supermarket
- road distance to a GP surgery
- the proportion of households which are judged to have insufficient space
- the rate of acceptances for housing assistance under the homelessness provisions of the 1996 Housing Act
- difficulty of access to owner-occupation or the private rental market, expressed as the inability to afford to enter owner occupation or the private rental market

## Barriers to Housing and Services, 2019

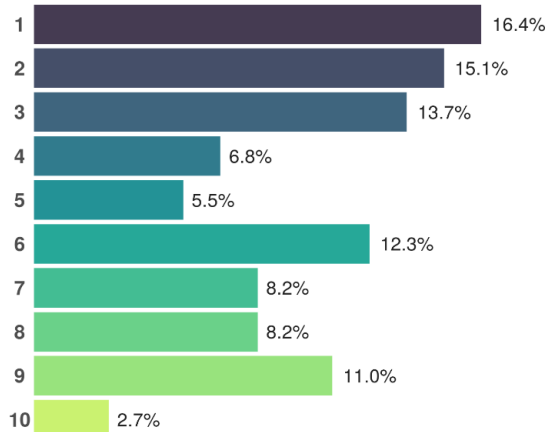
Lower-layer Super Output Areas in Stratford-on-Avon by decile



Source: English Indices of Deprivation (2019), MHCLG  
Contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown copyright and database right 2019

### LSOAs in each national deprivation decile

Stratford-on-Avon, Barriers to Housing and Services, 2019



Source: MHCLG

### TOP 10 MOST DEPRIVED

LSOA	Ranking	Barriers to Housing and Services Score	Barriers to Housing and Services Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	Barriers to Housing & Services Decile (1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs)
Long Compton	1	52.428	138	1
Burton Dassett	2	46.807	748	1
Ladbroke & Priors	3	44.333	1,181	1
Brailes	4	43.719	1,280	1
Tanworth	5	41.728	1,722	1
Bardon	6	41.591	1,754	1
Moreton Morrell, Ashorne & Newbold Pacey	7	40.619	2,018	1
Aston Cantlow	8	40.268	2,121	1
Hampton Lucy & Fulbrook	9	40.065	2,170	1
Vale of the Red Horse	10	38.567	2,637	1

### TOP 10 LEAST DEPRIVED

LSOA	Ranking	Barriers to Housing and Services Score	Barriers to Housing and Services Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	Barriers to Housing & Services Decile (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs)
Harbury	73	5.398	31,856	10
Bishops Itchington	72	6.301	31,371	10
Stockton	71	9.574	29,000	9
Henley West	70	10.336	28,292	9
Studley North	69	10.513	28,111	9
Southam North	68	10.681	27,976	9
Southam South & Town Centre	67	10.811	27,841	9
Shipston North	66	11.043	27,591	9
Studley East & Priory	65	11.587	27,034	9
Stratford Mount Pleasant West	64	12.159	26,386	9

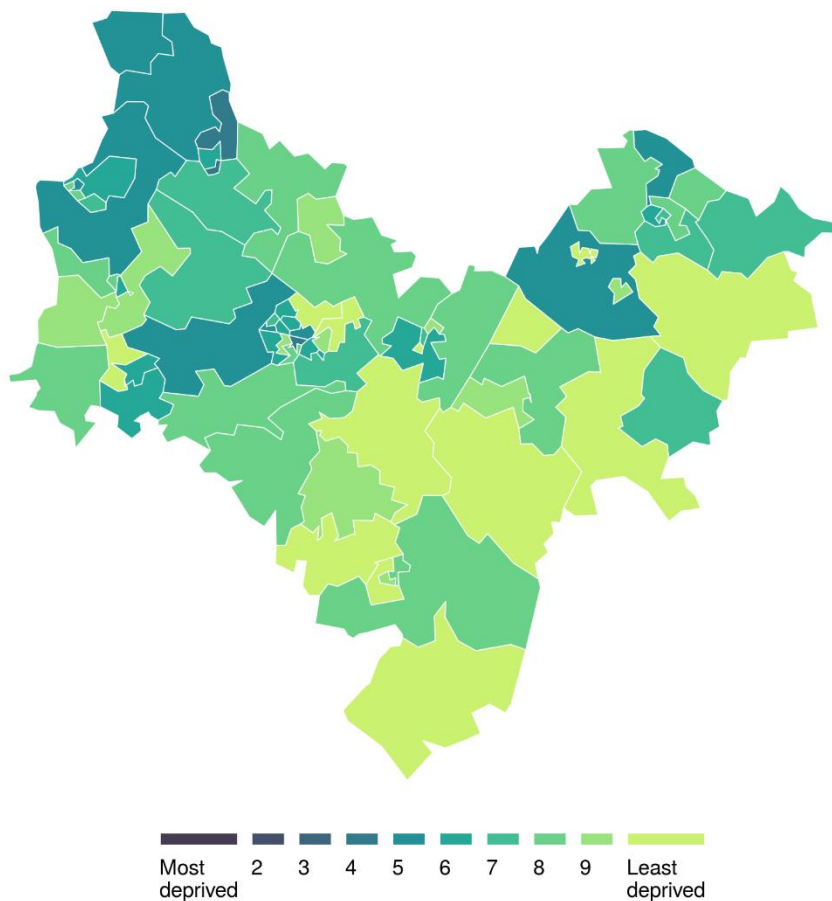
## CRIME

The crime domain measures the risk of personal and material victimisation at local level:

- number of reported violent crimes per 1000 population
- number of reported burglaries per 1000 population
- number of reported thefts per 1000 population
- number of reported crimes involving criminal damage per 1000 at risk population

### Crime, 2019

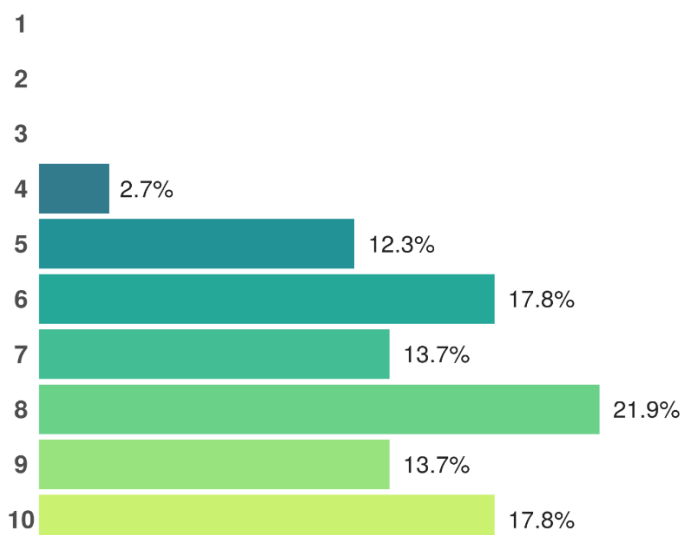
Lower-layer Super Output Areas in Stratford-on-Avon by decile



Source: English Indices of Deprivation (2019), MHCLG  
Contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown copyright and database right 2019

## LSOAs in each national deprivation decile

Stratford-on-Avon, Crime, 2019



Source: MHCLG

### TOP 10 MOST DEPRIVED

LSOA	Ranking	Crime Score	Crime Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	Decile (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs)
Old Town & Town Centre South	1	0.371	10,860	4
Henley East & Beaudesert	2	0.325	11,562	4
Deppers Bridge, Chester & Kings	3	0.218	13,213	5
Earlswood	4	0.190	13,667	5
Sambourne	5	0.190	13,669	5
Tanworth	6	0.143	14,423	5
Stratford Mount Pleasant West	7	0.143	14,425	5
Bardon	8	0.122	14,779	5
Long Itchington East	9	0.082	15,387	5
Studley North	10	0.055	15,814	5

### TOP 10 LEAST DEPRIVED

LSOA	Ranking	Crime Score	Crime Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	Decile (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs)
Lighthorne & Lighthorne Heath	73	-2.015	32,664	10
Shipston South & Furze Hill	72	-1.472	31,684	10
Vale of the Red Horse	71	-1.382	31,364	10
Tiddington & Alveston	70	-1.370	31,315	10
Tredington & Blackwell	69	-1.298	30,975	10
Burton Dassett	68	-1.238	30,667	10
Ettington	67	-1.213	30,544	10
Harbury	66	-1.200	30,463	10
Ladbroke & Priors	65	-1.182	30,365	10
Long Compton	64	-1.181	30,363	10



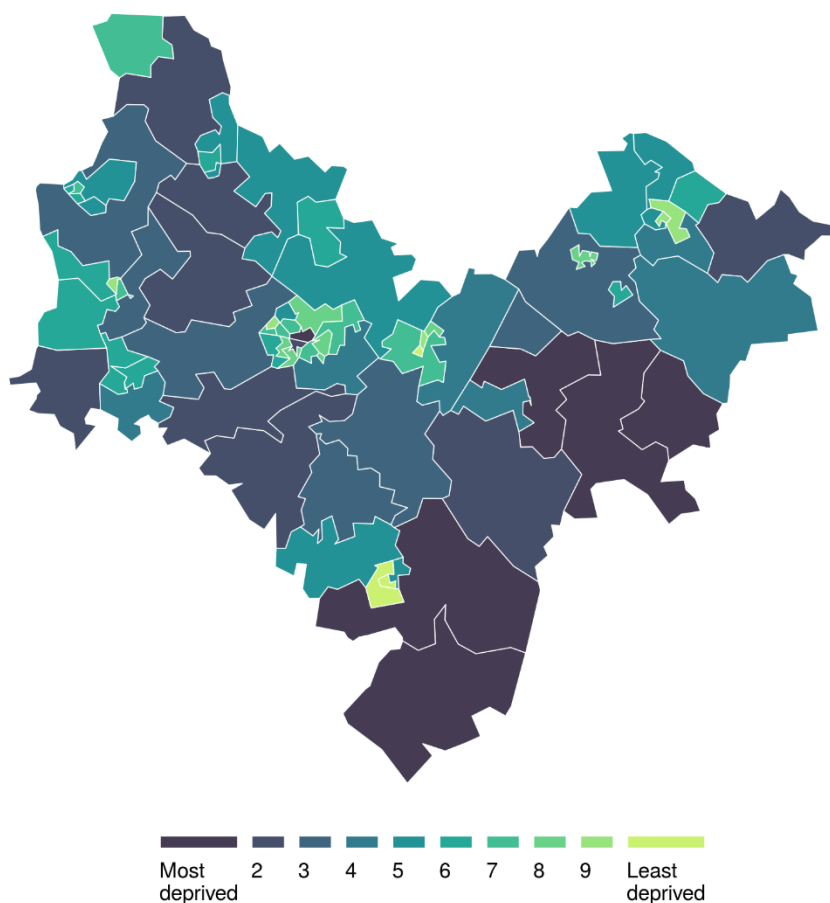
## LIVING ENVIRONMENT

The living environment domain measures the quality of the local environment and is constructed from:

- the proportion of houses that do not have central heating
- the proportion of social and private homes that fail to meet the Decent Homes Standard.
- a measure of air quality based on emissions rates for four pollutants
- road traffic accidents involving injury to pedestrians and cyclists

### Living Environment, 2019

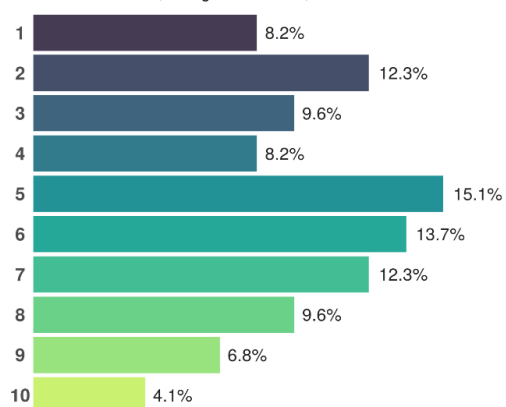
Lower-layer Super Output Areas in Stratford-on-Avon by decile



Source: English Indices of Deprivation (2019), MHCLG  
Contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown copyright and database right 2019

### LSOAs in each national deprivation decile

Stratford-on-Avon, Living Environment, 2019



Source: MHCLG

### TOP 10 MOST DEPRIVED

LSOA	Ranking	Living Env. Score	Living Env. Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	Living Env. Decile (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs)
Burton Dassett	1	52.236	1,543	1
Brailes	2	48.707	2,130	1
Long Compton	3	46.956	2,458	1
Fenny Compton, Farnborough & Avon Dassett	4	46.477	2,560	1
Kineton, Chadshunt & Compton Verney	5	46.222	2,619	1
Town Centre North	6	44.828	2,942	1
Napton-on-the-Hill	7	42.224	3,605	2
Old Town & Town Centre South	8	41.505	3,792	2
Aston Cantlow	9	40.452	4,122	2
Tanworth	10	39.856	4,311	2

### TOP 10 LEAST DEPRIVED

LSOA	Ranking	Living Env. Score	Living Env. Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	Living Env. Decile (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs)
Shipston South & Furze Hill	73	1.903	32,074	10
Wellesbourne South	72	2.937	31,257	10
Shipston West & Town Centre	71	4.734	29,590	10
Bishopston	70	5.489	28,817	9
Wellesbourne West	69	6.862	27,406	9
Southam North	68	7.256	26,987	9
Southam East	67	7.843	26,362	9
Alcester North & Conway	66	7.906	26,284	9
Harbury	65	8.118	26,042	8
Bridgetown North East & Golf Course	64	8.388	25,771	8

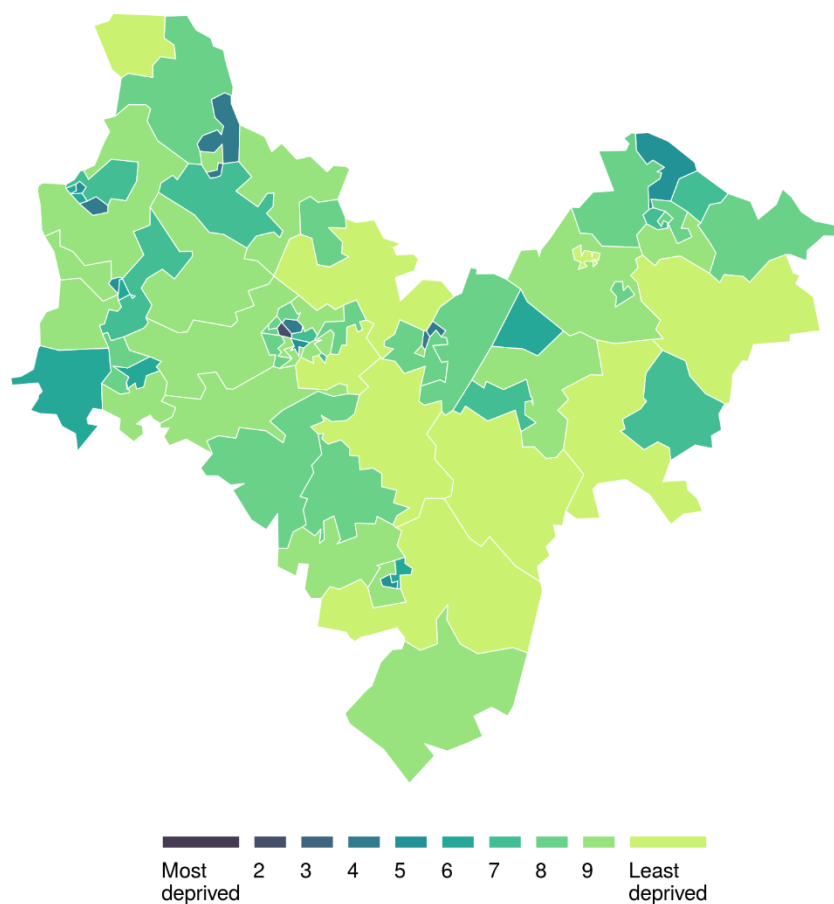
## HEALTH DEPRIVATION AND DISABILITY

The health deprivation and disability domain is constructed from:

- a standardised measure of premature death
- a standardised morbidity/disability ratio
- a standardised rate of emergency admission to hospital
- a composite based on the rate of adults suffering from mood and anxiety disorders, hospital episodes data, suicide mortality data and health benefits data

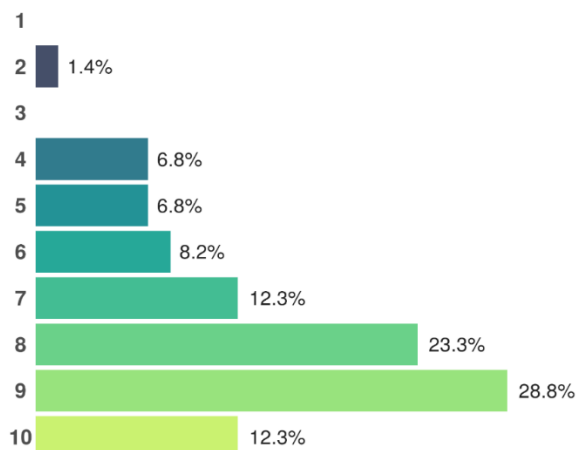
### Health Deprivation and Disability, 2019

Lower-layer Super Output Areas in Stratford-on-Avon by decile



Source: English Indices of Deprivation (2019), MHCLG  
Contains Ordnance Survey data © Crown copyright and database right 2019

**LSOAs in each national deprivation decile**  
Stratford-on-Avon, Health Deprivation and Disability, 2019



Source: MHCLG

**TOP 10 MOST DEPRIVED**

LSOA	Ranking	Health Deprivation and Disability Score	Health Deprivation and Disability Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	Decile (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs)
<b>Stratford Mount Pleasant East</b>	1	0.750	6,368	2
<b>Studley South</b>	2	0.388	10,514	4
<b>Maybird</b>	3	0.365	10,788	4
<b>Wellesbourne West</b>	4	0.237	12,547	4
<b>Wellesbourne North</b>	5	0.234	12,597	4
<b>Henley East and Beaudesert</b>	6	0.225	12,714	4
<b>Old Town &amp; Town Centre North</b>	7	0.116	14,266	5
<b>Alcester North &amp; Conway</b>	8	0.084	14,760	5
<b>Shipston West &amp; Town Centre</b>	9	0.063	15,041	5
<b>Long Itchington East</b>	10	-0.011	16,173	5

**TOP 10 LEAST DEPRIVED**

LSOA	Ranking	Health Deprivation and Disability Score	Health Deprivation and Disability Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	Decile (where 1 is most deprived 10% of LSOAs)
<b>Harbury</b>	73	-1.563	31,896	10
<b>Ettington</b>	72	-1.388	31,292	10
<b>Earlswood</b>	71	-1.302	30,870	10
<b>Alveston Hill &amp; Rural</b>	70	-1.265	30,671	10
<b>Vale of the Red Horse</b>	69	-1.231	30,486	10
<b>Burton Dassett</b>	68	-1.204	30,307	10
<b>Brailes</b>	67	-1.190	30,230	10
<b>Hampton Lucy &amp; Fulbrook</b>	66	-1.171	30,108	10
<b>Ladbroke &amp; Priors</b>	65	-1.134	29,838	10
<b>Bardon</b>	64	-1.074	29,400	9

## **5.7 Summary of IMD Scores for Stratford District Council Wards**

### **IMD by Ward within Stratford-on-Avon (2019)**

The three most deprived wards are:

- Hathaway
- Avenue
- Guildhall

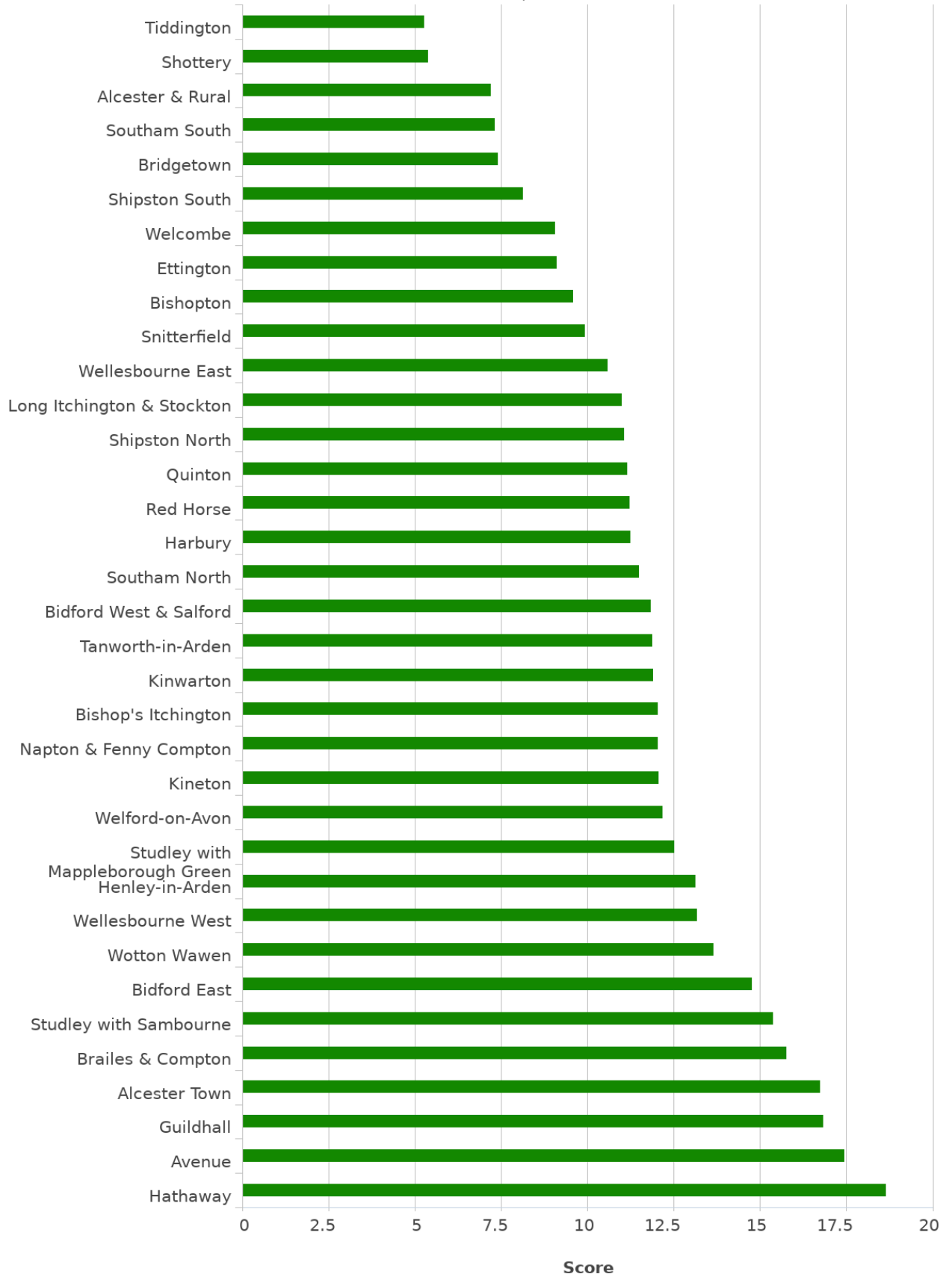
The three least deprived wards are:

- Tiddington
- Shottery
- Alcester & Rural

Stratford-on-Avon as a whole is ranked number 150 most deprived out of all 192 districts.

## IMD - Overall - score (score) (2019) for Wards of Stratford-on-Avon (District)

source: Indices of deprivation



IMD: Overall - score, 2019

The table below shows the ten most deprived wards in Stratford-on-Avon (where 1 = most deprived etc). It shows the 2019 IMD score together with ranks within Stratford-on-Avon, the West Midlands region (which has a total of 765 wards), and England (a total of 7219 wards).

Stratford-on-Avon as a whole is ranked number 150 out of all 192 districts.

Due to the complexities of the dataset within Clopton ward (multiple LSOAs), there is no figure for this.

### Top 10 Most Deprived Wards

	IMD: Overall - score			
	2019			
	Score	Rank within Stratford-on-Avon Wards	Rank within West Midlands Wards	Rank within England Wards
<b>Clopton</b>	No value			
<b>Hathaway</b>	18.650	1	360	2,965
<b>Avenue</b>	17.452	2	399	3,268
<b>Guildhall</b>	16.837	3	416	3,421
<b>Alcester Town</b>	16.741	4	417	3,441
<b>Brailes &amp; Clopton</b>	15.762	5	453	3,732
<b>Studley with Sambourne</b>	15.382	6	475	3,843
<b>Bidford East</b>	14.780	7	488	4,036
<b>Wotton Wawen</b>	13.661	8	516	4,365
<b>Wellesbourne East</b>	13.185	9	533	4,530

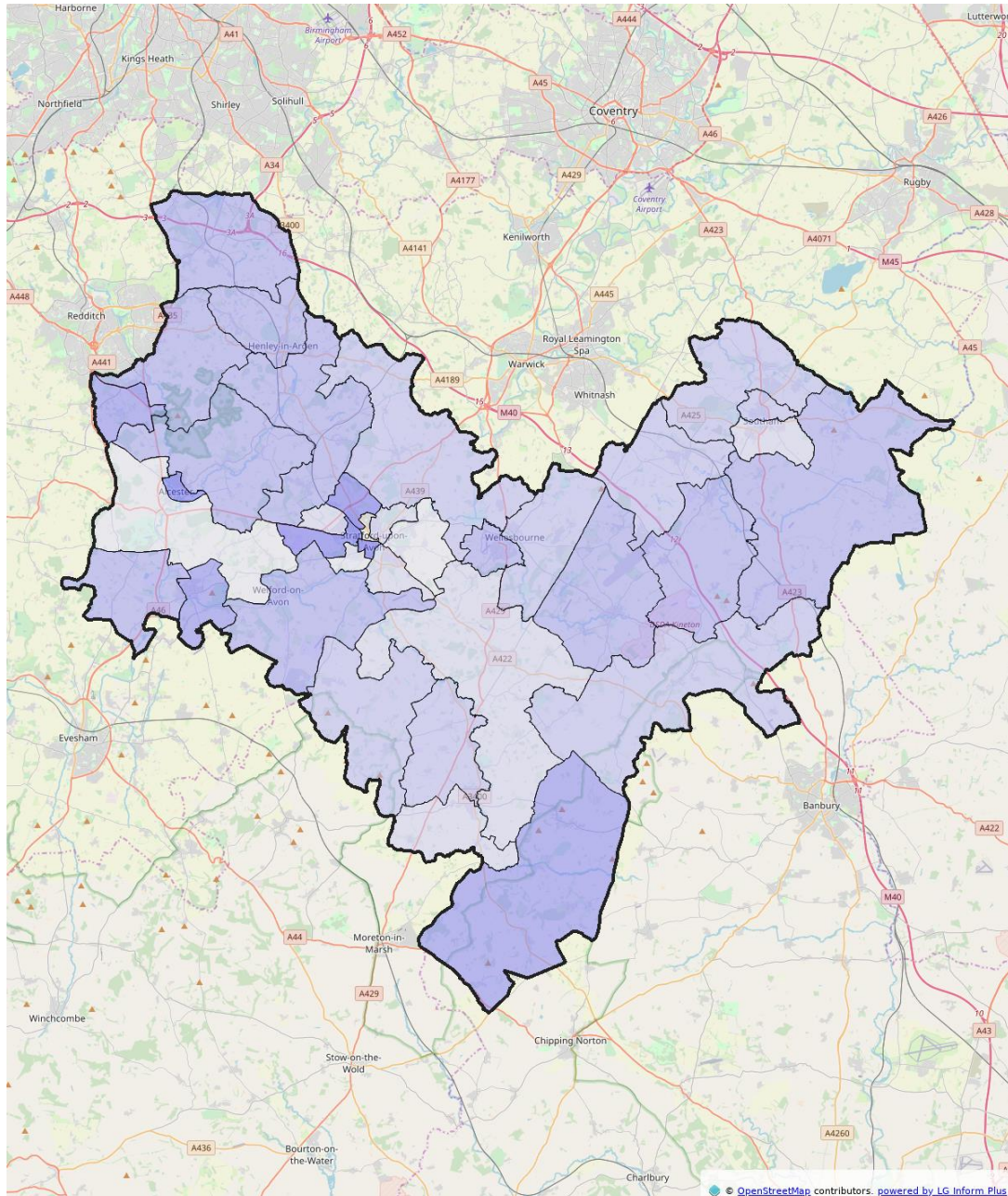
## Top 10 Least Deprived Wards

	IMD: Overall - score			
	2019			
	Score	Rank within Stratford-on-Avon Wards	Rank within West Midlands Wards	Rank within England Wards
<b>Tiddington</b>	5.283	35	745	6,916
<b>Shottery</b>	5.388	34	741	6,896
<b>Alcester &amp; Rural</b>	7.200	33	725	6,469
<b>Southam South</b>	7.310	32	721	6,444
<b>Bridgetown</b>	7.407	31	719	6,414
<b>Shipston South</b>	8.129	30	705	6,218
<b>Welcombe</b>	9.070	29	683	5,952
<b>Ettington</b>	9.115	28	681	5,939
<b>Bishopton</b>	9.600	27	661	5,763
<b>Snitterfield</b>	9.934	26	653	5,664



## Distribution of IMD in Stratford-on-Avon (2019)

In the map each ward in Stratford-on-Avon has been allocated to one of ten equal groups based on its score across all wards in England. Those shaded darkest are in the 10 per cent most deprived wards in England and those shaded lightest are in the 10 per cent least deprived wards. Due to the complexities of the dataset within Clopton ward (multiple LSOAs), there is no figure for this.



### IMD: Overall - score (2019)

- $\geq 16.219 < 19.078$
- $\geq 13.849 < 16.219$
- $\geq 11.725 < 13.849$
- $\geq 9.672 < 11.725$
- $\geq 7.228 < 9.672$
- $\geq 1.681 < 7.228$

