

Stratford on Avon District

Local Development Framework Core Strategy

Historic Environment Assessment of Proposed Strategic Sites

August 2008

Stratford on Avon District Local Development Framework Core Strategy Historic Environment Assessment of Proposed Strategic Sites.

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The assessment of the archaeological potential of each site, the likely impact of the past and future use of the sites on archaeological deposits, and the archaeological planning recommendations has been primarily undertaken by the Warwickshire Museum Planning Archaeologist, Anna Stocks.

The HLC assessment and comments on the sensitivity of each site's historic character to change have been undertaken by the Warwickshire Museum Historic Landscape Characterisation Officer, Ben Wallace.

The production of the HER maps and the extraction of HER data for inclusion within the appendix was undertaken by Lindsay Farquharson, Assistant Historic Environment Officer.

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Executive Summary

A basic archaeological assessment has been undertaken of each of a series of sites proposed for inclusion in the Stratford on Avon Local Development Framework as potential development sites. The study has been commissioned by Stratford on Avon District Council. All relevant data held by the Historic Environment Record (HER) office has been consulted during the course of this assessment.

This document presents the results of that assessment, and includes:

- a summary of the state of archaeological knowledge about each site;
- the likely impact that the past uses of each site would have had on any archaeological deposits which previously survived;
- the potential for previously unknown archaeological sites to survive across each site;
- the Historic Environment Significance (including Historic Landscape Character) of each site and its sensitivity to change.

A preliminary archaeological planning recommendation is also made for each site. In a number of cases this includes a recommendation for more detailed study

Copies of the relevant HER and HLC data considered during the course of the assessment have been included, with maps, in the appendices to this report.

It should be noted that this is a basic level assessment of the archaeological potential of these sites, using only information held by the HER office. It is likely that further archaeological assessment of a wider range of sources would further inform the assessment of the archaeological implications of the proposed development of these sites. The archaeological planning recommendation may change, following the more detailed examination of individual sites. Moreover, additional information may be received by the HER office in future, altering our understanding of the archaeology of a particular area.

It should also be noted that the Warwickshire Historic Landscape Characterisation Project is an ongoing project due to finish at the end of 2008. As such, although all off the Proposed Strategic Sites are covered by characterisation, some of the analysis is limited and in progress. The summaries are general summaries of the historic landscape character of each area without any district wide or county wide analysis for comparison.

1. Methodology

Historic Environment Assessment

This assessment has considered the archaeological potential of the Proposed Strategic Sites (PSS), the likely impact of the past use of the sites on any archaeological deposits across the site and the likely impact of the proposed development of each of the sites upon any known, and/or unknown archaeological deposits which survive across each of the Proposed Strategic Sites. It has also considered the Historic Landscape Character (HLC) of each site, and this character's sensitivity to change.

Section 1 of this document presents the results of that assessment, and includes:

- a summary of the state of archaeological knowledge about each site;
- the likely impact that the past uses of each site would have had on any archaeological deposits which previously survived;
- the potential for previously unknown archaeological sites to survive across each site;
- the Historic Environment Significance of any such archaeological features and their sensitivity to change.
- The Historic Landscape Character of each site and this character's sensitivity to change.

An initial archaeological planning recommendation is also made for each site.

Appendix One contains the HLC data considered during the course of the assessment.

The archaeological assessment has been undertaken by archaeologists in the Information and Advice section of the Warwickshire Museum Field Services. All relevant data readily available to the Warwickshire Museum Field Services has been consulted during the course of this assessment. This primarily comprises the data held by the Historic Environment Record (HER) office, and includes:

- HER database records;
- HLC data held within the HER database.
- Historic, modern and geological maps;
- Modern and historic aerial photographs;
- Data on past archaeological planning recommendations held on the HER consultations module;
- 'Grey literature' reports on previous archaeological fieldwork undertaken within Warwickshire;
- Secondary sources.

It should be noted that the absence of known archaeological sites in the immediate vicinity of a proposed development site does not necessarily indicate an absence of archaeological potential. There are a number of reasons for archaeological sites not

having been previously identified across an area; for example, due to a previous lack of investigation, or an underlying geology or agricultural regime which hinders cropmark generation. Absence of evidence cannot therefore be taken as evidence of absence. The assessment of the archaeological potential of each site takes this into account.

It should be noted that this is a basic level assessment of the archaeological potential of these sites, using only information held by the HER office. It is likely that further archaeological assessment of a wider range of sources, for example records held by the County Record Office, aerial photographs held by the National Monuments Record, information on past disturbance across a site held by landowners, would further inform the assessment of the archaeological implications of the proposed development of these sites. The archaeological planning recommendation may change with the more detailed examination of individual sites. Moreover, additional information may be received by the HER office in future, increasing our understanding of the archaeology of a particular area.

The significance of hedges in respect of the Hedgerows Regulations 1997 has not been assessed here.

The planning recommendations have been drawn up within the context of the Planning Policy and Guidance (primarily PPG16 – Archaeology and Planning) currently applicable. New guidance, replacing PPGs 15 and 16, is due to be published, for implementation along with the Draft Heritage Protection Bill published in April 2008. Recommendations may require modification where appropriate in the light of the new regulatory framework.

HER Monument Record Selection

Appendix Two contains copies of selected HER monument records for known archaeological sites in the vicinity of each of the Proposed Strategic Sites, and maps showing their locations.

These HER maps and reports include all HER monuments within a 200m radius of each Proposed Strategic Site and any further HER monuments relevant to this archaeological assessment which lie within a 1km radius of these sites. A judgement on the relevance of each monument within a 1km radius of the site was made by the Warwickshire Museum Planning Archaeologist.

Information considered not relevant to the archaeological assessment includes monuments which were located away from the immediate vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites and that are known not to extend across the development site (e.g. a post-medieval park with a known boundary 400m away from the site), and lone findspots located a significant distance from the Proposed Strategic Sites. In addition, duplicated information, for example a record of a medieval building which lies within an area defined as being a known area of medieval settlement, has been removed from these datasets.

2. Historic Environment Assessment.

Caveat:

It should be noted that this is a basic level assessment of the archaeological potential of these sites, using only information held by the HER office. It is likely that further archaeological assessment of a wider range of sources, for example records held by the County Record office, aerial photographs held by the National Monuments Record, information on past disturbance across a site held by landowners, would further inform the assessment of the archaeological implications of the proposed development of these sites. The archaeological planning recommendation may change with the more detailed examination of individual sites. Moreover, additional information may be received by the HER office in future, increasing our understanding of the archaeology of a particular area.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: STR.1 - Western Road/Wharf Road (Canal Quarter)

Map:



Site size: 7.7ha

Geology: Keuper Marl

Past Disturbance:

Prior to the 19th century and later industrial development of this area, it is probable that this site was in agricultural use from at least the medieval period. Whilst this agricultural activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this activity is unlikely to have caused extensive damage.

The 19th century and later industrial development of this area is likely to have had a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which previously survived across this site. The later development of this area is also likely to have had an impact upon any industrial archaeology deposits associated with the earlier industrial development. The extent of this impact will have been dependent upon the groundworks associated with the construction works, e.g. building foundation design, extent of landscaping, services etc, information on which

is not presently available; however, this impact is likely to have been extensive across parts of this site.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- MWA 7131 Corporation Gas Works
- MWA 7701 Railway Sidings in Stratford
- MWA 4338 Canal side industrial area at One Elm
- MWA 4330 The Stratford-upon-Avon Canal
- Brickworks shown on 1st Ed. OS map (1886)
- Gasworks shown on 1st Ed. OS map (1886).

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 1895 19th century Brewery, Clopton Road
- MWA 7704 Post-Medieval Brickworks in Stratford
- MWA 7702 Stratford GWR Station
- MWA 8835 Medieval burgage plot boundary at Warburton's Scrapyard
- MWA 8927 Modern pit, Elm Court, Birmingham Road, Stratford upon Avon
- MWA 8961 Four pits containing pottery spanning the 15th to 19th centuries, Mansell Street, Stratford on Avon
- Stratford-upon-Avon Medieval Settlement

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

This site lies to the north west of the medieval town, and outside of the area shown as being occupied on Samuel Winter's map of 1759. The Stratford on Avon Canal was constructed across this site in the early 19th century, and the 1st Ed. OS map shows that a wharf has been constructed by at least 1886. An industrial area appears to have built up around this wharf, which included a brickworks and gasworks, both of which are both shown on the 1st Ed. OS map and lay within this site. This area was also served by a railway sidings, and associated good sheds, which had been constructed off the Stratford and Hatton branch line. These sidings partly extended across this site. Although the Canal Wharf has since been backfilled, this area has continued in industrial use until the present. There is a potential for archaeological deposits associated with this later post-medieval industrial activity to survive across this site. Any such deposits are likely to be of local interest.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

This area has had an industrial character for over 100 years.

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the proposed development of this site would be likely to have a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which survive across this site.

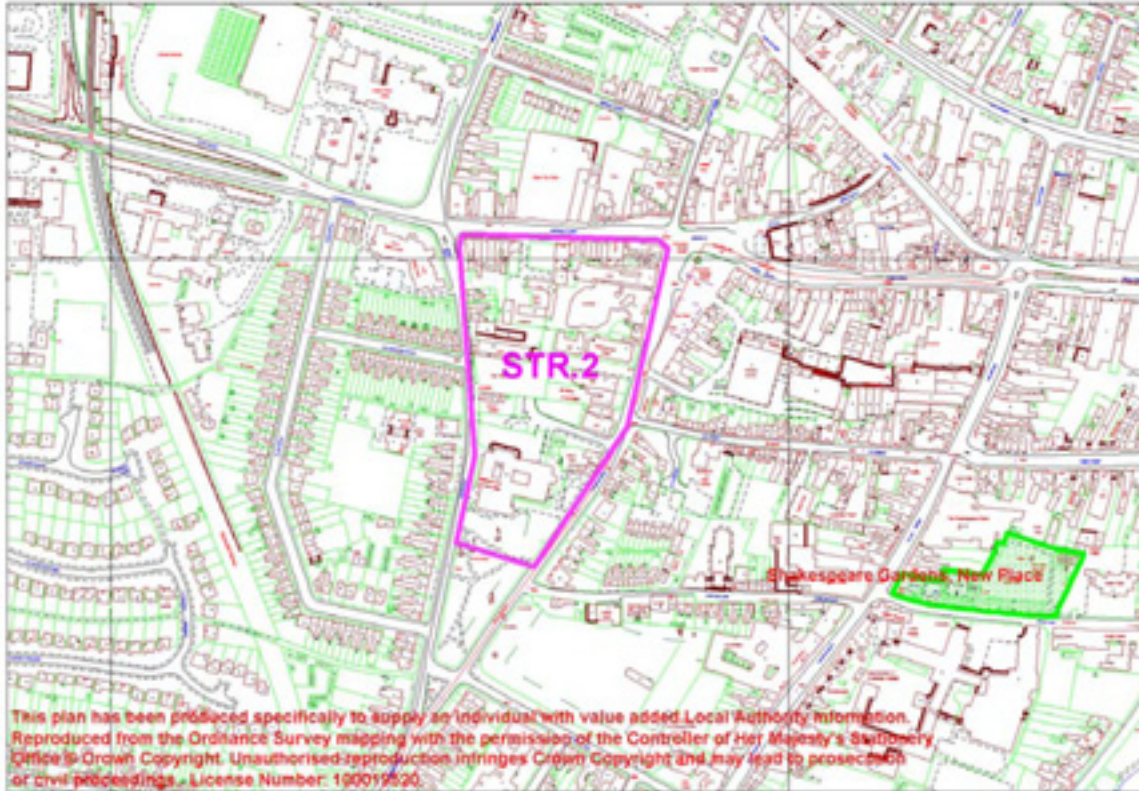
A continuance of a commercial or industrial character would probably be best suited for this area.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

Further archaeological assessment, in the form of a detailed desk-based assessment and walkover survey, should be undertaken of this site, primarily in order to identify any industrial remains of significance, either buried or extant. A report detailing the results of this assessment should be submitted with any application to redevelop this site. Dependent upon the conclusions of the desk-based assessment regarding the significance of any industrial archaeological deposits which may survive across the site, the previous ground disturbance across this site, and the nature and extent of the proposed development (including landscaping), further fieldwork may be necessary across those areas of the site which have not been subject to extensive past disturbance. This further fieldwork could be secured by a condition upon planning consent.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: STR.2 - Rother Street/Grove Road
(Rother Quarter)

Map:



Site size: 2.7ha

Geology: 2nd Terrace River Gravels

Past Disturbance:

This Proposed Strategic Site lay within the medieval town of Stratford, and is known to have been occupied during the post-medieval and modern periods. This occupation is likely to have had a negative archaeological impact upon any earlier archaeological deposits which survived across the site. The extent of this prior disturbance is not presently known, however, fieldwork undertaken elsewhere in Stratford has demonstrated that, despite the long-term occupation of a site, it is possible for pockets of archaeological deposits to have survived; for example, at Bards Walk, Wood Street, archaeological fieldwork identified medieval features included a building and boundary ditch, despite this site having being occupied during the post-medieval and modern periods.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- MWA2460 Congregational Chapel, Rother Street, Stratford on Avon
- MWA1056 17th century dovecote in Grove Road, Stratford
- MWA2459 Site of the post-medieval Rother Market Chapel, Rother Street
- Planned Medieval Borough of Stratford
- York House, 17 Rother Street – 17th century, Grade II Listed, timber-framed house.
- Old Thatch Tavern, 23 Greenhill Street - 16th century, Grade II Listed, timber-framed house.
- 14 and 15 Rother Street – 1830s, Grade II Listed, town house.
- 1-4 Rother Street – 15th century, Grade II Listed, timber-framed town house.
- 16 Rother Street – 18th century, Grade II Listed, town house.
- 13 Rother Street – 1830s, Grade II Listed, town house.
- 7 and 8 Rother Street – c. 1798, Grade II Listed, town house.
- 18, 18A and 19 Rother Street – Probably 17th century, Grade II Listed, timber-framed town house.
- 11 & 12 Rother Street – Probably 15th century, Grade II Listed, timber-framed town house.

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 1046 Findspot - Roman coin
- MWA 1831 Roman bronze object from Stratford on Avon
- MWA 7262 17th and 18th century finds recovered during an evaluation at Guyvers Garage
- MWA 8577 The early 20th century Mason Croft garden
- MWA 8593 Shakespeare's Birthplace grounds
- MWA 4786 Turnpike Road from Stratford to Bradley Brook via Alcester
- MWA 5134 Site of Post Medieval House at Rother Street
- MWA 869 Site of Medieval House at Rother Street
- MWA 8182 A medieval pit and post-medieval boundary recorded during an evaluation at Ely Street, Stratford upon Avon
- MWA 7057 A medieval boundary ditch recorded during an archaeological evaluation in Church Street, Stratford on

- | | |
|------------|---|
| | Avon |
| • MWA 1042 | Site of a bridge built in 1676 at Rother Street, Stratford upon Avon |
| • MWA 1023 | Site of Market Cross in Rother Street |
| • MWA 7369 | Medieval boundary and possible well at The Minories |
| • MWA 7872 | Possible medieval iron works at Bard's Walk, Wood Street |
| • MWA 7871 | Medieval burgage plot at Bard's Walk, Wood Street |
| • MWA 7897 | Shakespeare's Birthplace |
| • MWA 7032 | Medieval plot at 'Bards Walk' Wood Street Excavation, Stratford on Avon |
| • MWA 7031 | Medieval buildings at 'Bards Walk', Wood Street |
| • MWA 8835 | Medieval burgage plot boundary at Warburton's Scrapyard |
| • MWA 8927 | Modern pit, Elm Court, Birmingham Road, Stratford upon Avon |
| • MWA 8961 | Four pits, Mansell Street, Stratford on Avon |
| • MWA 8962 | Post-medieval well and culvert, Mansell Street, Stratford on Avon |
| • MWA 4757 | The Roman road "Saltway" running from Droitwich to Finmere |

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

This site lies within the medieval Borough of Stratford as laid out in 1196, and is shown as being occupied on Samuel Winter's map of 1759. A number of Grade II Listed buildings dating from the 15th century onwards survive within the site, along the Rother Street frontage. Despite the disturbance associated with the use of this area during the medieval, post-medieval, and modern periods, there is a potential for archaeological features associated with the development of Stratford upon Avon during the medieval and later periods to survive across this site. Any archaeological deposits present are likely to be of regional or local interest.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

The historic landscape character of this area has been settlement from at least the early 18th century onwards.

Sensitivity to change:

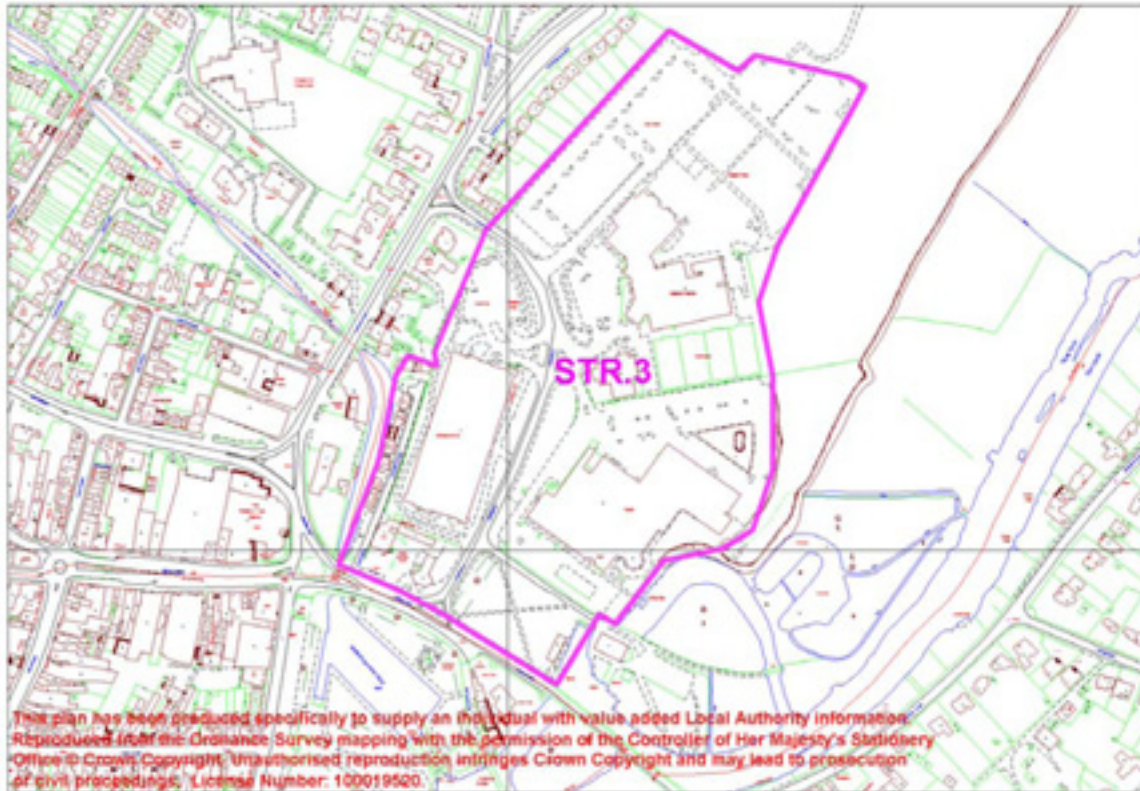
The groundworks associated with the proposed development of this site would be likely to have a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which survive across this site. The redevelopment could also have an impact (negative or positive) upon the settings of the Grade II Listed Buildings which survive within this site.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

Further archaeological assessment, in the form of a detailed desk-based assessment and walkover survey, should be undertaken of this site. A report detailing the results of this assessment should be submitted with any application to redevelop this site. Dependent upon the conclusions of the desk-based assessment regarding the previous ground disturbance across this site, and the nature and extent of the proposed development (including landscaping), further fieldwork may be necessary across those areas of the site which have not been subject to extensive past disturbance. This further fieldwork could be secured by a condition upon planning consent.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: STR.3 - Bridgeway/Bridgefoot

Map:



Site size: 9.9ha

Geology: Alluvium

Past Disturbance:

Prior to the development of this Proposed Strategic Site in the later 20th century, it is probable that this site was in agricultural use since at least the medieval period. Whilst this agricultural activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this damage is unlikely to have been extensive.

The 20th century development of this site is likely to have had a negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which previously survived this site. The extent of this impact will have been dependent upon the groundworks associated with the construction works, e.g. building foundation design, extent of landscaping, services etc, information on which is not presently available; however, this impact is likely to have been extensive across parts of this area.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- SM Warks. 024

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- MWA 1066 Site of ford at Stratford

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 1012 'Tower Toll House' built in 1814 north of Clopton Bridge
- MWA 2461 Baptist Chapel built in 1835, Payton Street, Stratford on Avon
- MWA 4339 Imperial Bancroft Basin
- MWA 5911 Findspot - Roman coin
- MWA 8512 Post-medieval Alveston Manor grounds, Bridgetown, Stratford
- MWA 8526 Post Medieval gazebo, Alveston Manor, Bridgetown, Stratford
- MWA 8530 Post-medieval Bancroft Gardens, Stratford
- MWA 8608 The Hill, Warwick Road – Post-medieval grounds
- MWA 4775 Turnpike road from Edge Hill to Birmingham via Stratford
- MWA 4787 Turnpike road from Warwick to Stratford
- MWA 4815 Turnpike road from Wellesbourne to Stratford
- MWA 7271 Post medieval pits found during Evaluation
- MWA 1027 Site of the medieval Chapel of St Mary Magdalen
- MWA 1011 15th century Clopton Bridge, Stratford-upon-Avon.
- MWA 7543 Cox's Post-medieval timber yard
- MWA 1013 Imperial Tramway Bridge, Stratford upon Avon
- MWA 8303 Medieval remains at Alveston Manor Hotel
- MWA 6479 Romano-British Features found at 6/7 Tiddington Road/Loxley Rd
- MWA 8154 Saxon Pottery found at 10 Tiddington Road
- MWA 7898 Post-medieval cess pits at 24/26 Bridge Street
- MWA 8920 Medieval and Post Medieval Pits and Wall Foundations, 41/42 Sheep Street
- MWA 4330 The Stratford-upon-Avon Canal

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

This Proposed Strategic Site lay outside the urban area of Stratford until its development in the later 20th century, and was probably in agricultural use from at

least the medieval period. There is a potential for archaeological deposits dating to the pre-medieval periods to survive across the site, however, even during these earlier periods any activity across this site is unlikely to have been intensive due to this site's tendency to flood. Any such deposits are likely to be of regional or local significance.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

The historic landscape character of this area is predominantly recent (post 1955) development.

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the proposed development of this site would be likely to have a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which survive across this site.

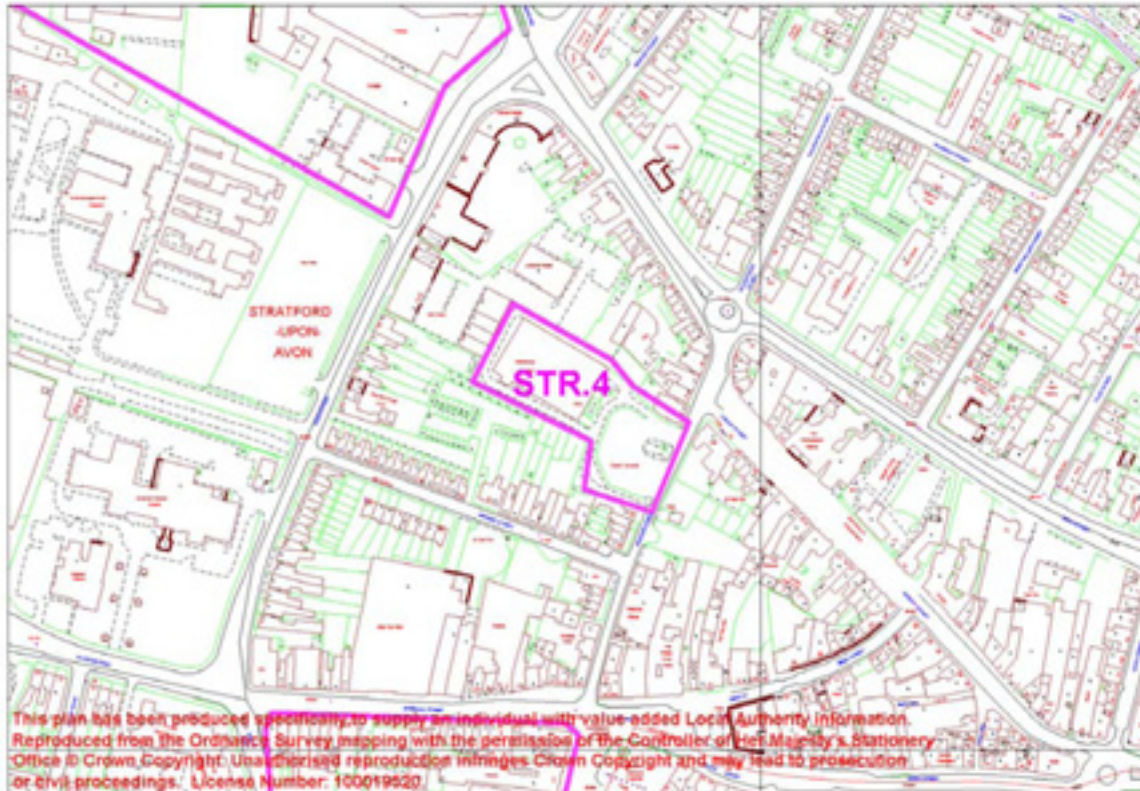
The landscape character of this area is predominantly recent (post 1955) development and as such has already been significantly altered from its previous fieldscape character. The development of this site would not, therefore, have a significant impact upon the HLC of this area.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

Further archaeological assessment, in the form of a detailed desk-based assessment and walkover survey, should be undertaken of this site. A report detailing the results of this assessment should be submitted with any application to redevelop this site. Dependent upon the conclusions of the desk-based assessment regarding the previous ground disturbance across this site, and the nature and extent of the proposed development (including landscaping), further fieldwork may be necessary across those areas of the site which have not been subject to extensive past disturbance. This further fieldwork could be secured by a condition upon planning consent.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: STR.4 - Windsor Street Car Park/Coach Terminal

Map:



Site size: 0.2ha

Geology: 2nd Terrace River Gravels

Past Disturbance:

This Proposed Strategic Site lay within the medieval town of Stratford, and is known to have been occupied during the post-medieval and modern periods. This occupation is likely to have had a negative archaeological impact upon any earlier archaeological deposits which survived across the site. The extent of this disturbance is not presently known; however, fieldwork undertaken elsewhere in Stratford has demonstrated that, despite the long-term occupation of a site, it is possible for pockets of archaeological deposits to have survived.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- Planned Medieval Borough of Stratford

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 7262 17th and 18th century finds recovered during an evaluation at Guyvers Garage
- MWA 8593 Shakespeare's Birthplace grounds
- MWA 4775 Turnpike road from Edge Hill to Birmingham via Stratford
- MWA 8717 Medieval/post-medieval activity at 8/9 Henley Street
- MWA 8718 Prehistoric flint at 8/9 Henley Street
- MWA 1042 Site of a bridge built in 1676 at Rother Street, Stratford upon Avon
- MWA 1023 Site of Market Cross in Rother Street
- MWA 7369 Medieval boundary and possible well at The Minories
- MWA 1073 The base of a medieval cross in the Garden of Shakespeare Birthplace Trust
- MWA 7261 Medieval post-hole found during evaluation Guild Street
- MWA 7872 Possible medieval iron works at Bard's Walk, Wood Street
- MWA 7871 Medieval burgage plot at Bard's Walk, Wood Street
- MWA 2459 Site of the post-medieval Rother Market Chapel, Rother Street
- MWA 7897 Shakespeare's Birthplace
- MWA 7032 Medieval plot at 'Bards Walk' Wood Street Excavation, Stratford on Avon
- MWA 4338 Canalside post-medieval industrial area at One Elm
- MWA 7031 Medieval buildings at 'Bards Walk', Wood Street
- MWA 8835 Medieval burgage plot boundary at Warburton's Scrapyard
- MWA 8927 Modern pit, Elm Court, Birmingham Road, Stratford upon Avon
- MWA 8961 Four pits, Mansell Street, Stratford on Avon
- MWA 8962 Well and culvert, Mansell Street, Stratford on Avon
- MWA 9582 Stratford-upon-Avon Medieval Settlement
- MWA 4757 The Roman road "Saltway" running from Droitwich to Finmere

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

This site lies within the medieval Borough of Stratford as laid out in 1196, and is shown as being occupied on Samuel Winter's map of 1759. Despite the disturbance associated with the use of this area during the medieval, post-medieval, and modern periods, there is a potential for archaeological features associated with the development of Stratford upon Avon during the medieval and later periods to survive across this site. Any such deposits are likely to be of regional or local interest.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

The historic landscape character of this area has been settlement from at least the early 18th century onwards.

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the proposed development of this site would be likely to have a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which survive across this site.

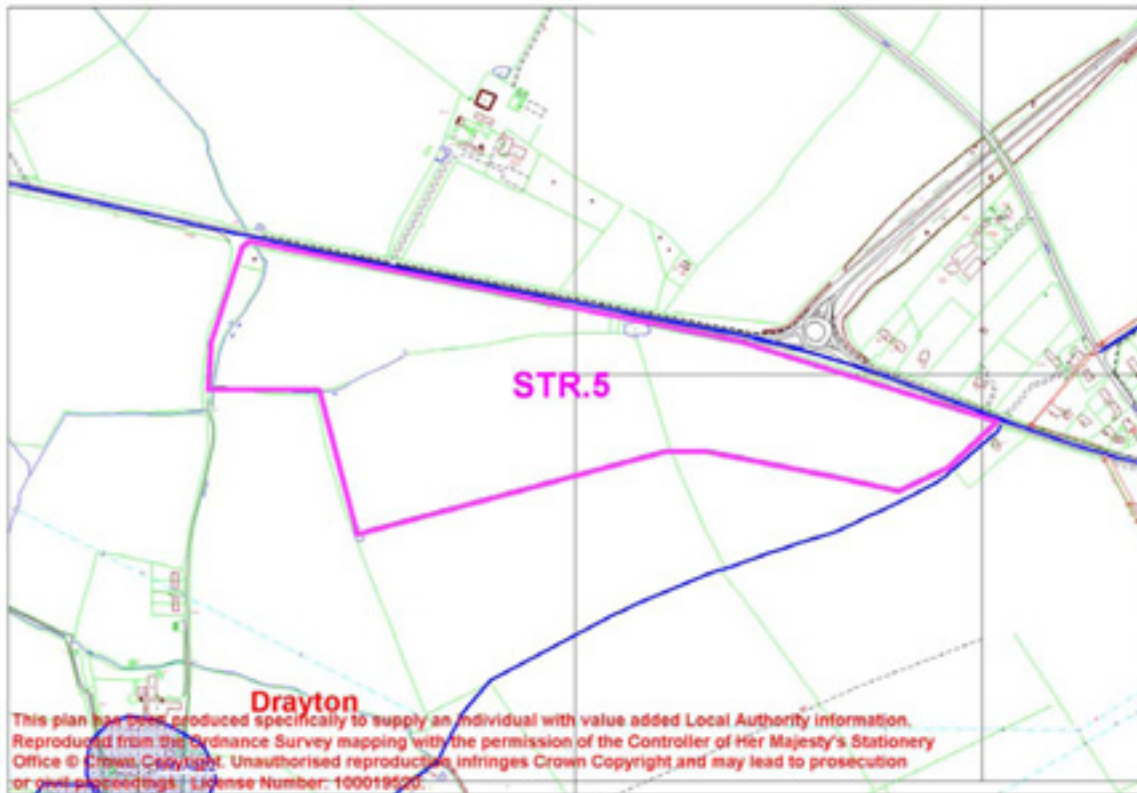
The historic landscape character of this area has been settlement from at least the early 18th century onwards. Presently this site is a small car park and coach terminal but housing would equally suit the character of this area.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

Further archaeological assessment, in the form of a detailed desk-based assessment and walkover survey, should be undertaken of this site. A report detailing the results of this assessment should be submitted with any application to redevelop this site. Dependent upon the conclusions of the desk-based assessment regarding the previous ground disturbance across this site, and the nature and extent of the proposed development (including landscaping), further fieldwork may be necessary across those areas of the site which have not been subject to extensive past disturbance. This further fieldwork could be secured by a condition upon planning consent.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: STR.5 - South of Alcester Road

Map:



Site size: 17.2ha

Geology: Lower Lias, mainly clay

Past Disturbance:

It is probable that the site has been in agricultural use since at least the medieval period. Whilst this agricultural activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this damage is unlikely to have been extensive, other than the differential attrition caused by ridge and furrow cultivation.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- Ridge and Furrow

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 4757 The Roman road known as the Saltway running from Droitwich to Finmere forms the northern boundary of this site. This road continued in use through the early medieval period when it was known as:
- MWA 8217 Sealt Stret (Early medieval saltway)

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

Although few archaeological sites have been previously recorded in the immediate vicinity of the site, evidence for prehistoric and Roman activity has been recorded from the wider area. The absence of known archaeological sites from the immediate vicinity of this site may be due to a lack of previous archaeological investigations across this area, rather than an absence of activity during the pre-medieval periods. There is therefore a potential for previously unknown archaeological deposits, pre-dating the medieval and later agricultural use of this site, to survive across this area. Any such deposits are likely to be of regional or local significance.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

Currently this area consists of large rectilinear 18th/19th century planned fields which form a group with similar character in the surrounding area. Ridge and furrow in this area shows the medieval agricultural use of this area and adds to the historic landscape character.

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the proposed development of this site would be likely to have a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which survive across this site.

Any development will alter the historic landscape character of this area and have an effect on the surrounding character.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

A programme of archaeological evaluative fieldwork should be undertaken prior to the determination of any application to develop this site. This fieldwork will help to establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains or artefacts across the site, and, if present, their character, extent and state of preservation. It will also provide information useful for identifying potential options for minimising or avoiding damage to them. This fieldwork may identify archaeological deposits of

regional or national importance, which may be worthy of preservation in situ. The availability of this information prior to the determination of any planning application submitted will enable an informed and reasonable planning decision to be reached, and the application modified if appropriate.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: STR.6 - Egg Packing Station, Bishopton Lane

Map:



Site size: 2.8ha

Geology: Lower Lias, mainly clay

Past Disturbance:

Prior to the construction of the present egg packing station during the late 20th century, it is probable that the site had been in agricultural use since at least the medieval period. Whilst this agricultural activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this damage is unlikely to have been extensive, other than the differential attrition caused by ridge and furrow cultivation.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- 3784 Post-medieval Royal Victoria Spa, Bishopton

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 5304 19th century Chapel at Bishopton
- MWA5307 Site of Medieval Chapel of St Peter, Bishopton
- MWA8521 Imperial Avenue House grounds, Bishopton
- MWA8641 Feldene Stret (Anglo-Saxon routeway)
- MWA8217 Sealt Stret (Early Medieval saltway)
- MWA1555 Undated Enclosure 400m east of Burton Farm
- MWA 1033 Site of Imperial Church of St Peter, Bishopton

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

Bishopton Lane along the west boundary of this site is identified in a charter of 1016 as Sealt Stret, one of the routes for the Droitwich salt production centre. The site appears to have been in agricultural use from at least the early medieval period, until the construction of the egg packing station during the later medieval period. Rapid fieldwalking of the area immediately west of this site, undertaken in advance of the construction of the Park and Ride site, revealed only a thin scatter of 15th-19th century material, probably derived from manuring. The site lies partially within the area of the 19th century Royal Victoria Spa; however, the focus of the Spa lies to the south-west of this site, although one of its buildings, Lower Lodge, was situated within the south west corner of the site. There is a potential for previously unknown archaeological deposits, pre-dating the medieval and later agricultural use of this site, to survive across this area. Any such archaeological deposits are likely to be of local significance.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

The current landscape character of this site is post-1955 industrial.

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the proposed development of this site would be likely to have a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which survive across this site.

The historic character of this site and surrounding area has already begun to be substantially altered with new housing and development. The development of this site would not, therefore, have a significant impact upon the HLC of this area.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

A programme of evaluative fieldwork should be undertaken across this site in order to establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains or artefacts across the site, and, if present, their character, extent and state of preservation. This evaluative fieldwork could be secured by a condition upon planning consent. This will inform the development of a strategy, if appropriate, to mitigate the archaeological impact of the proposed development. This strategy may include further archaeological fieldwork. The extent of the fieldwork required will be dependent upon the nature and extent of the development.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: STR.7 - South of Kipling Road

Map:



Site size: 3.6ha

Geology: 2nd River Terrace Gravels

Past Disturbance:

It is probable that this site has been in agricultural use since at least the medieval period. Whilst this agricultural activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this damage is unlikely to have been extensive.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 1021 Site of possible medieval moat 200m north-west of this PSS.

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

Although few archaeological sites have been previously recorded in the immediate vicinity of the site, evidence for prehistoric and Roman activity has been recorded from the wider area. The absence of known archaeological sites from the immediate vicinity of this site may be due to a lack of previous archaeological investigations across this area, rather than an absence of activity during the pre-medieval periods. There is therefore a potential for previously unknown archaeological deposits, pre-dating the medieval and later agricultural use of this site, to survive across this area. Any such deposits are likely to be of regional or local significance.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

The Historic Landscape Character of this site is large rectilinear fields with straight boundaries and laid out in a regular pattern, probably planned enclosure (18th/19th century).

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the proposed development of this site would be likely to have a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which survive across this site.

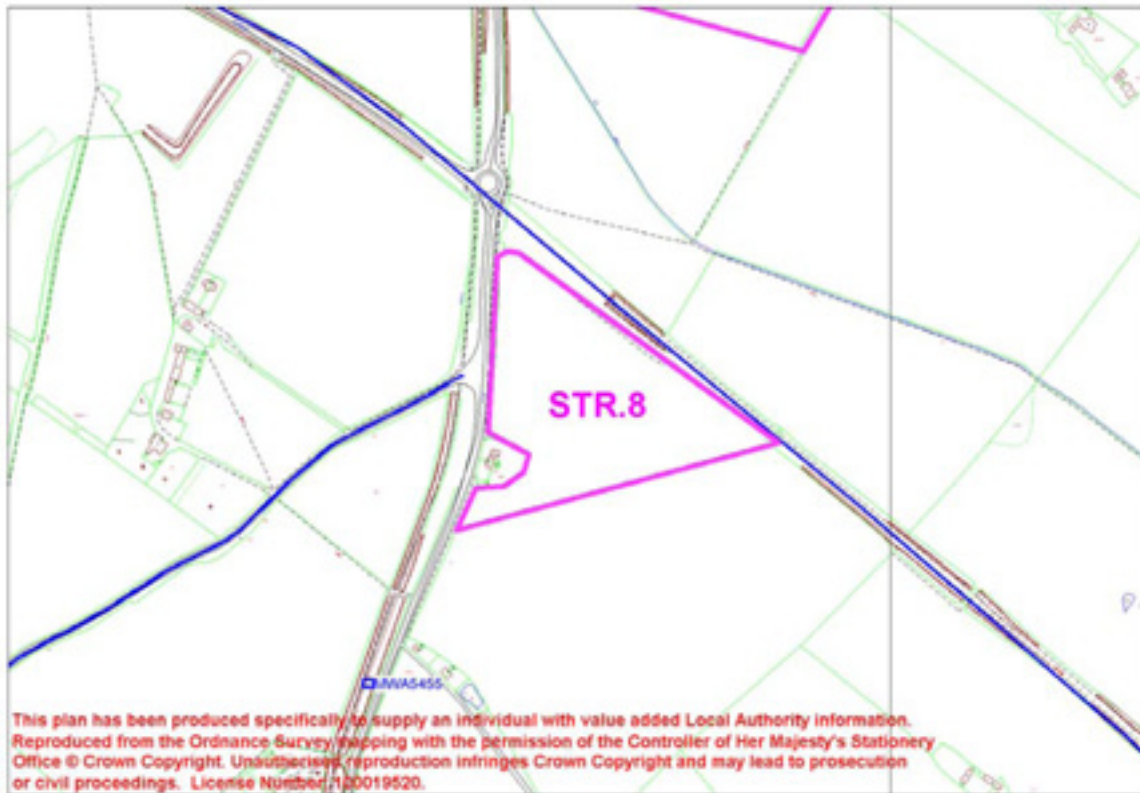
The historic character of the surrounding area has already begun to be altered with new housing. The residential development of this site would not, therefore, have a significant impact upon the HLC of this area.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

A programme of archaeological evaluative fieldwork should be undertaken prior to the determination of any application to develop this site. This fieldwork will help to establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains or artefacts across the site, and, if present, their character, extent and state of preservation. It will also provide information useful for identifying potential options for minimising or avoiding damage to them. This fieldwork may identify archaeological deposits of regional or national importance, which may be worthy of preservation in situ. The availability of this information prior to the determination of any planning application submitted will enable an informed and reasonable planning decision to be reached, and the application modified if appropriate.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: STR.8 - East of Shipston Road

Map:



Site size: 4.6ha

Geology: River Terrace Gravels

Past Disturbance:

It is probable that this site has been in agricultural use since at least the medieval period. Whilst this agricultural activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this damage is unlikely to have been extensive.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 8635 The Anglo-Saxon Herepath along Clifford Chambers/
Milcote boundary
- MWA 4829 Post-medieval Turnpike road from Stratford to Andersford
- MWA 7835 East & West Junction Railway
- The Stratford-upon-Avon and Moreton in the Marsh
Tramway runs adjacent to the western boundary of this
PPS.

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

Although few archaeological sites have been previously recorded in the immediate vicinity of the site, evidence for prehistoric and Roman activity has been recorded from the wider area. The absence of known archaeological sites from the immediate vicinity of this site may be due to a lack of previous archaeological investigations across this area, rather than an absence of activity during the pre-medieval periods. There is therefore a potential for previously unknown archaeological deposits, pre-dating the medieval and later agricultural use of this site, to survive across this area.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

The Historic Landscape Character of this site is that of a very large rectilinear field that has been created post Second World War from the amalgamation of smaller rectilinear fields with straight boundaries which were probably planned enclosure dating to the 18th or 19th century.

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the proposed development of this site would be likely to have a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which survive across this site.

The historic landscape character of this area has already changed significantly in the last century. An opportunity may arise to reflect or make use of the dismantled East and West Junction Railway at the north of the site.

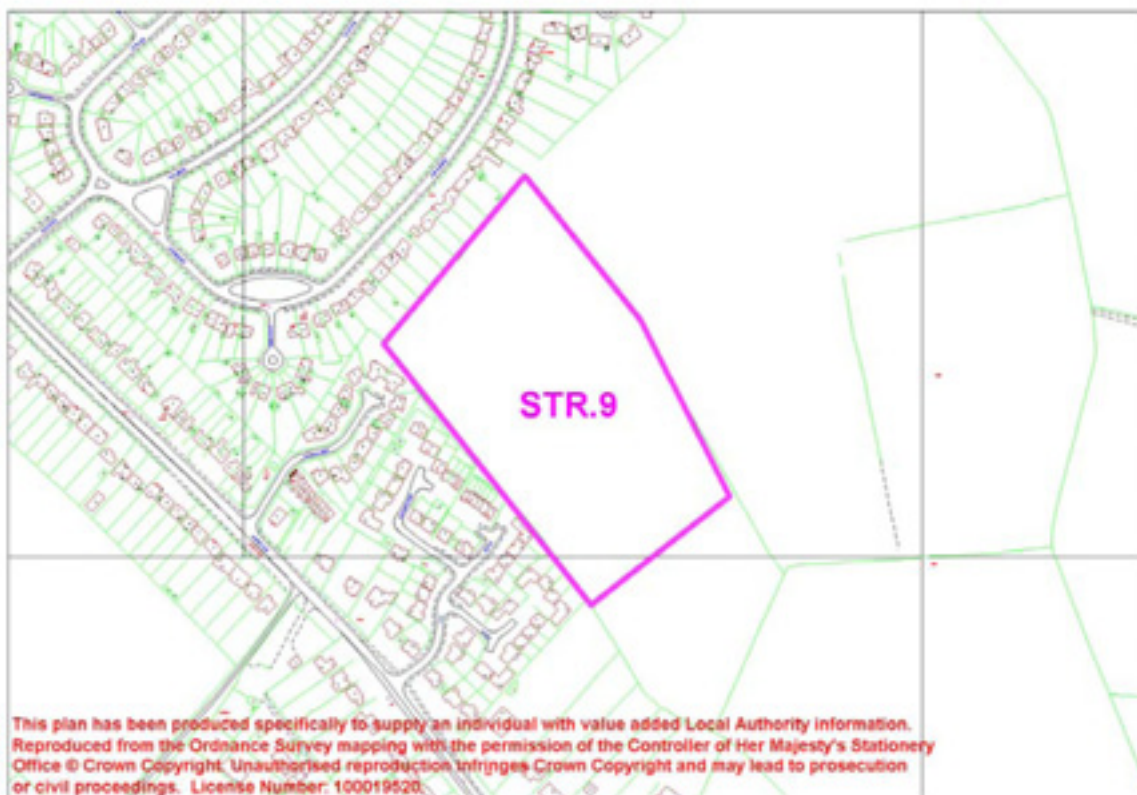
Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

A programme of archaeological evaluative fieldwork should be undertaken prior to the determination of any application to develop this site. This fieldwork will help to establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains or artefacts

across the site, and, if present, their character, extent and state of preservation. It will also provide information useful for identifying potential options for minimising or avoiding damage to them. This fieldwork may identify archaeological deposits of regional or national importance, which may be worthy of preservation in situ. The availability of this information prior to the determination of any planning application submitted will enable an informed and reasonable planning decision to be reached, and the application modified if appropriate.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: STR.9 - North of Banbury Road

Map:



Site size: 4ha

Geology: 2nd River Terrace Gravels

Past Disturbance:

It is probable that this site has been in agricultural use since at least the medieval period. Whilst this agricultural activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this damage is unlikely to have been extensive.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 1009 Undated Cropmark feature located 250m south east of Waterloo Rise, Alveston.
- MWA 8693 Rabbit Warren east of Stratford
- Ridge and Furrow

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

Cropmarks on aerial photographs show as yet undated linear features, irregular and sub rectangular enclosures to the south-east of the site. The morphology of these features suggests that they are likely to be of Iron Age and/or Romano British date. There is a potential for archaeological features related to this known site, and other previously unknown sites, to survive across this Proposed Strategic Site. As this site was likely to have been in agricultural use from at least the medieval period, any archaeological features present across the site are likely to pre-date the medieval period and to be of regional or local importance

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

The Historic Landscape Character of this site is of a large, more irregular field with curvilinear and straight boundaries. This site and the surrounding fields may be the result of piecemeal enclosure dating to the late medieval or post-medieval period (16th-18th century).

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the proposed development of this site would be likely to have a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which survive across this site.

The historic landscape character of the surrounding area has already begun to change with recent settlement expansion. For the site itself any development will alter the historic landscape character of this area and have an effect on the surrounding character to the east.

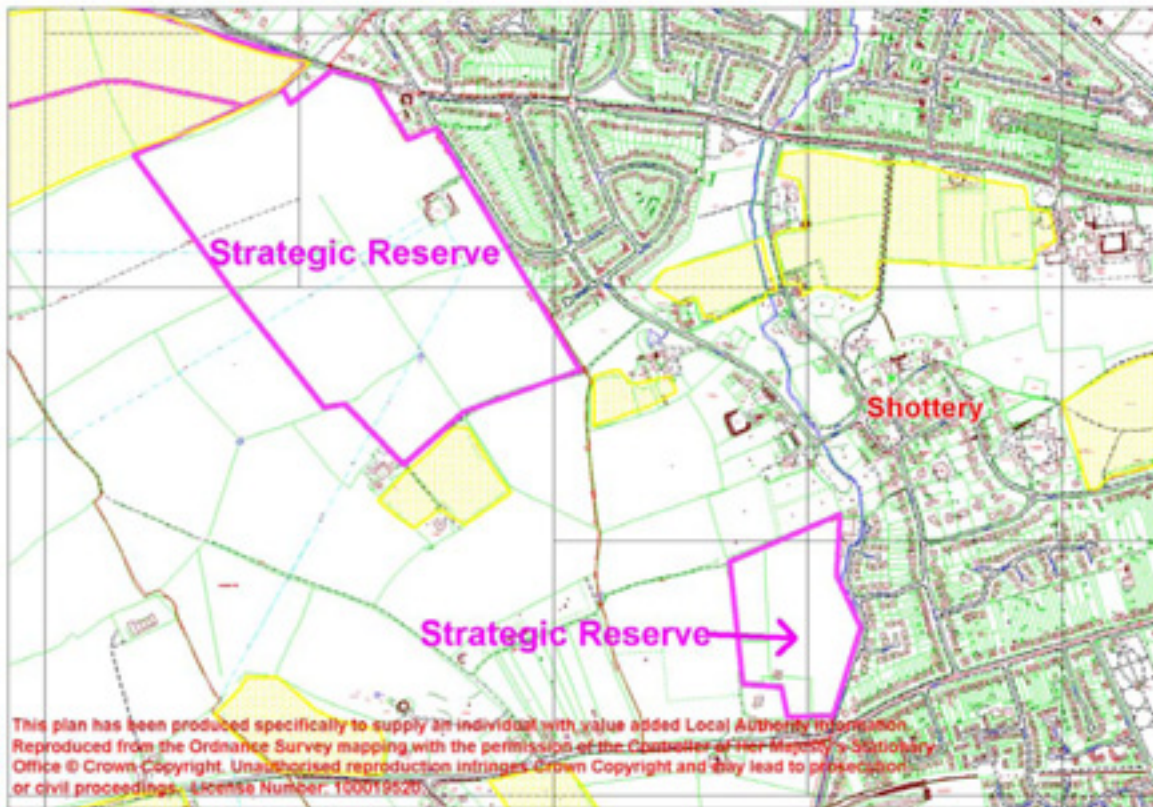
Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

A programme of archaeological evaluative fieldwork should be undertaken prior to the determination of any application to develop this site. This fieldwork will help to establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains or artefacts across the site, and, if present, their character, extent and state of preservation. It will also provide information useful for identifying potential options for minimising or

avoiding damage to them. This fieldwork may identify archaeological deposits of regional or national importance, which may be worthy of preservation in situ. The availability of this information prior to the determination of any planning application submitted will enable an informed and reasonable planning decision to be reached, and the application modified if appropriate.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: STRATEGIC RESERVE - West of Shottery
(Larger site to the north)

Map:



Site size: 35h

Geology: Lower Lias, mainly clay

Past Disturbance:

It is probable that the site has been in agricultural use since at least the medieval period. Whilst this agricultural activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this damage is unlikely to have been extensive.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 4508 Findspot - Roman pottery sherds
- MWA 8217 Sealt Stret (Early medieval saltway)
- MWA 4786 Post-medieval Turnpike Road from Stratford to Bradley Brook via Alcester
- MWA 892 Site of Possible Shrunken Settlement at Shottery
- MWA 4757 The Roman road "Saltway" running from Droitwich to Finmere
- Ridge and Furrow

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

A possible round barrow is recorded as having lain to c.370m to the south of the Proposed Strategic Site. Round barrows normally date to the Bronze Age. 19 Roman coins and a few bronze objects, including waste products, have been recovered from 420m to the south-west of the site. The presence of metal waste material suggests that metal working was being undertaken in this area during the Roman period, while an extensive spread of Roman pottery recovered during fieldwalking suggests the presence of a Roman farmstead site 900m to the south of the site. There is a potential for archaeological features related to these known sites, and other previously unknown sites, to survive across the Proposed Strategic Site. As this site was likely to have been in agricultural use from at least the medieval period, any archaeological features present across the site are likely to pre-date this agricultural activity. Any such archaeological deposits are likely to be of regional or local importance.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

The Historic Landscape Character of this site is that of a large rectilinear fields with straight boundaries, laid out in a regular pattern, probably planned enclosure (18th/19th century). A similar pattern exists in the vicinity suggesting that this forms part of a larger area that was formally enclosed in the 18th or 19th century.

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the residential development of this site would be likely to have a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which survive across this site.

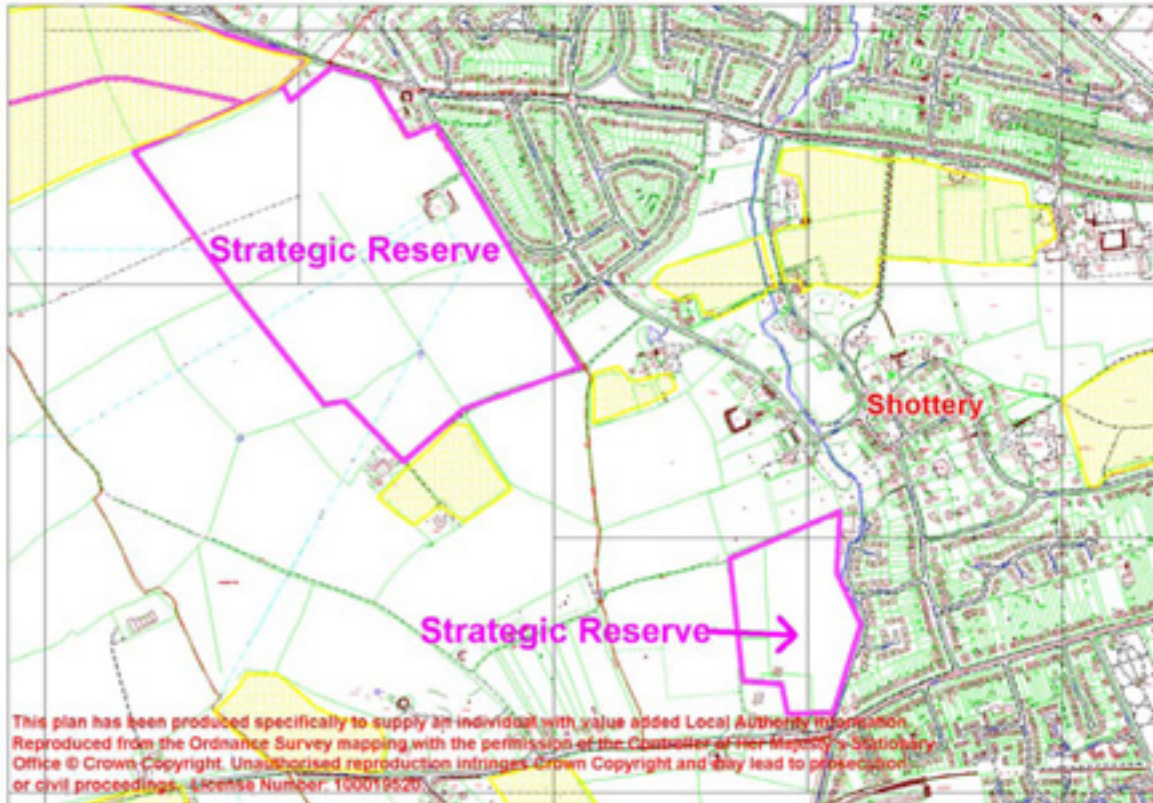
Any development will alter the historic landscape character of this area and have an effect on the surrounding character, especially the setting of Hansell Farm, an Historic Farmstead set within large rectilinear 18th/19th century planned fields.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

Further archaeological assessment, the first phase of which would comprise detailed desk-based assessment and walkover survey, should be undertaken of this site. It will be necessary for archaeological evaluative fieldwork to be undertaken prior to the determination of any application to develop this site. This fieldwork will help to establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains across the site, and, if present, their character, extent and state of preservation. This fieldwork will also provide information useful for identifying potential options for minimising or avoiding damage to them. The availability of this information prior to the determination of any planning application submitted will enable an informed and reasonable planning decision to be reached, and the application modified if appropriate. This fieldwork may identify archaeological deposits of regional or national importance, which may be worthy of preservation in situ.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: STRATEGIC RESERVE - West of Shottery
(Smaller site to south)

Map:



Site size: 7ha

Geology: Keuper Marl

Past Disturbance:

It is probable that the majority of this site has been in agricultural use since at least the medieval period. Whilst the agricultural activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this damage is unlikely to have been extensive.

Part of this site was used as a rifle range and butts during the later 19th century. This runs along the northern boundary of this site. While there may have been some groundworks associated with the construction of this range, the impact of these groundworks on any archaeological deposits present is likely to be very localised.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- MWA 7257 Imperial Rifle Range

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 1008 Findspot - Mesolithic flint
- MWA 5897 Anne Hathaway's Cottage grounds at Shottery the plan of which dates to the Imperial period.
- MWA 9081 Shottery Medieval Settlement
- MWA 10218 Possible medieval settlement at Shottery.
- MWA 7835 East & West Junction Railway
- Ridge and Furrow

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

A possible round barrow is recorded as having lain to c.620m to the west of the Proposed Strategic Site. Round barrows normally date to the Bronze Age. 19 Roman coins and a few bronze objects, including waste products, have been recovered from 850m to the west of the site. The presence of a metal waste material suggests that metal working was being undertaken in this area during the Roman period, while an extensive spread of Roman pottery recovered during fieldwalking suggests the presence of a Roman farmstead site 700m to the south-west of the site. There is therefore a potential for archaeological features related to these known sites, and other previously unknown sites, to survive across the Proposed Strategic Site. As this site was likely to have been in agricultural use from at least the medieval period, any archaeological features present across the site are likely to pre-date the medieval period. Any such archaeological deposits are likely to be of regional or local importance.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

The current landscape character of this site is small rectilinear fields with straight boundaries, which first appeared on modern OS maps.

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the residential development of this site would be likely to have a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which survive across this site.

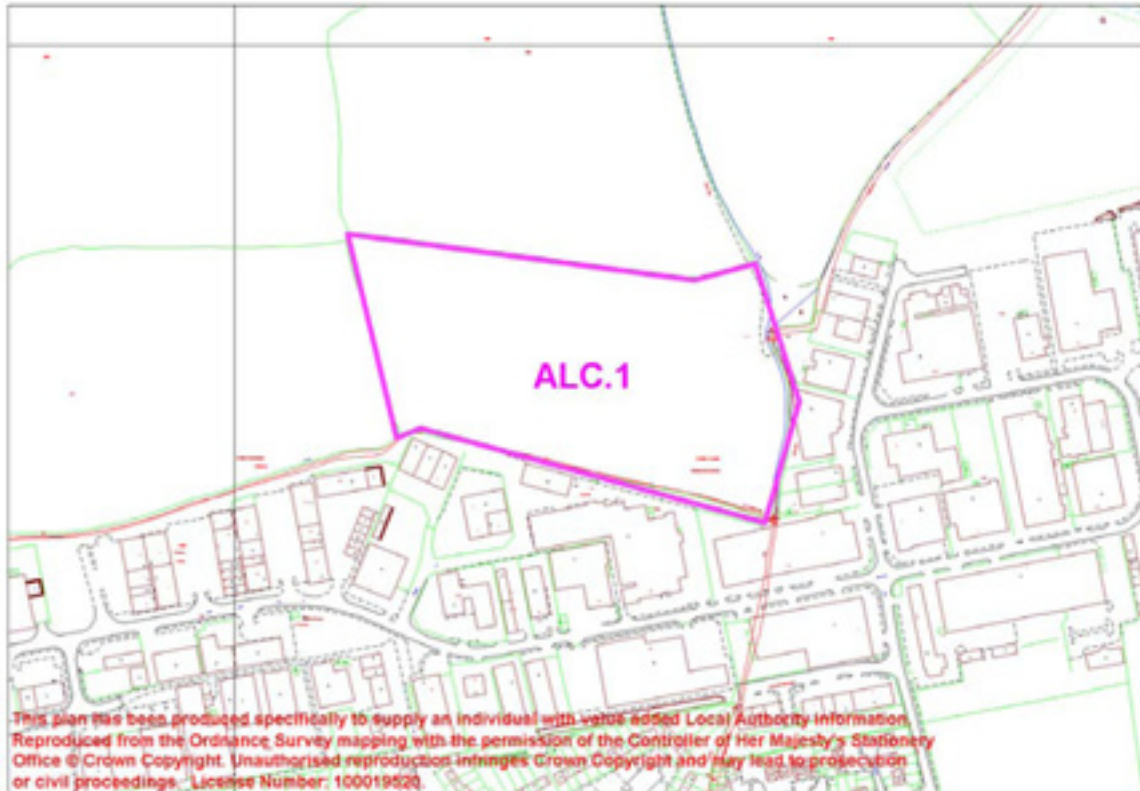
The historic landscape character of this area has already changed a number of times in the last century. The development of this site would not, therefore, have a significant impact upon the HLC of this area.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

Further archaeological assessment, the first phase of which would comprise detailed desk-based assessment and walkover survey, should be undertaken of this site. It will be necessary for archaeological evaluative fieldwork to be undertaken prior to the determination of any application to develop this site. This fieldwork will help to establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains across the site, and, if present, their character, extent and state of preservation. This fieldwork will also provide information useful for identifying potential options for minimising or avoiding damage to them. The availability of this information prior to the determination of any planning application submitted will enable an informed and reasonable planning decision to be reached, and the application modified if appropriate. This fieldwork may identify archaeological deposits of regional or national importance, which may be worthy of preservation in situ.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: ALC.1 - North of Arden Forest Industrial Estate

Map:



Site size: 4.7ha

Geology: Avon River Terrace Deposits

Past Disturbance:

It is probable that the majority of this site has been in agricultural use since at least the medieval period. Whilst the agricultural activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this damage is unlikely to have been extensive.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 2046 Several linear features and enclosures of unknown date visible as crop marks on aerial photographs 600m east of King's Coughton.

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

Cropmarks on aerial photographs of this area show as yet undated enclosures and linear features in the immediate vicinity of this Proposed Strategic Site. There is a potential for archaeological features related to these known sites, and other previously unknown sites, to survive across this site. As this site was likely to have been in agricultural use from at least the medieval period, any archaeological features present across the site are likely to pre-date the medieval period. Any such archaeological deposits are likely to be of regional or local importance.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

The Historic Landscape Character of this site is large rectilinear fields with curvilinear and straight boundaries, possibly planned enclosure (18th.19th century).

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the development of this site would be likely to have a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which survive across this site.

Any development will alter the historic landscape character of this area and have an effect on the surrounding character of large rectilinear fields.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

Further archaeological assessment, the first phase of which would comprise detailed desk-based assessment, should be undertaken of this site. It will be necessary for archaeological evaluative fieldwork to be undertaken prior to the determination of any application to develop this site. This fieldwork will help to establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains across the site, and, if present, their character, extent and state of preservation. This fieldwork will also provide information useful for identifying potential options for minimising or avoiding damage to them. The availability of this information prior to the determination of any planning application submitted will enable an informed and reasonable planning decision to be reached, and the application modified if appropriate. This fieldwork

may identify archaeological deposits of regional or national importance, which may be worthy of preservation in situ.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: ALC.2 - East of Kinwarton Farm Road

Map:



Site size: 6ha

Geology: Keuper Marl

Past Disturbance:

It is probable that the majority of this site has been in agricultural use since at least the medieval period. Whilst the agricultural activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this damage is unlikely to have been extensive.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 1545 An Imperial Toll House at Captain's Hill, Alcester
- MWA 4540 Findspot - Medieval coin
- MWA 4551 Findspot - Roman coin
- MWA 4748 Findspot - Medieval coins, Captain's Hill, Alcester
- MWA 4872 Findspot - Post Medieval metal finds in Kinwarton parish.
- MWA 5571 Findspot - Post Medieval lead object
- MWA 5590 Findspot - Post Medieval coin
- MWA 3982 Findspot - Medieval coin found in Kinwarton parish
- MWA 3983 Findspot - Post Medieval finds
- MWA 8686 Post-medieval Turnpike road from Alcester to Wootton Wawen
- MWA 8699 Kinwarton House grounds - A park which dates to the Imperial period
- Ridge and Furrow

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

Several presently undated linear features and enclosures are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs 600m to the north west of this Proposed Strategic Site. A Neolithic flint and an Iron Age coin have been found in the vicinity of this site. These features and finds indicate that this area was being utilised during the prehistoric periods; there is therefore a potential for archaeological deposits associated with prehistoric activity to be present across the site. Although the Proposed Strategic Site lies outside of the Roman settlement at Alcester, assorted Roman coins and brooches have been recorded in this area, including two found less than c230m from the site. Two brooches and other finds dating to the Anglo-Saxon period have also been recorded in the vicinity of the site. As these brooches tend to accompany burials, there is a potential for Anglo-Saxon burials to be present across the site. As this site was likely to have been in agricultural use from at least the medieval period, any archaeological features present across the site are likely to pre-date the medieval period and to be of regional or local importance, however, should evidence for an Anglo-Saxon cemetery be identified across this site these remains may of national significance.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

The Historic Landscape Character of this area is small rectilinear fields.

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the development of this site would be likely to have a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which survive across this site.

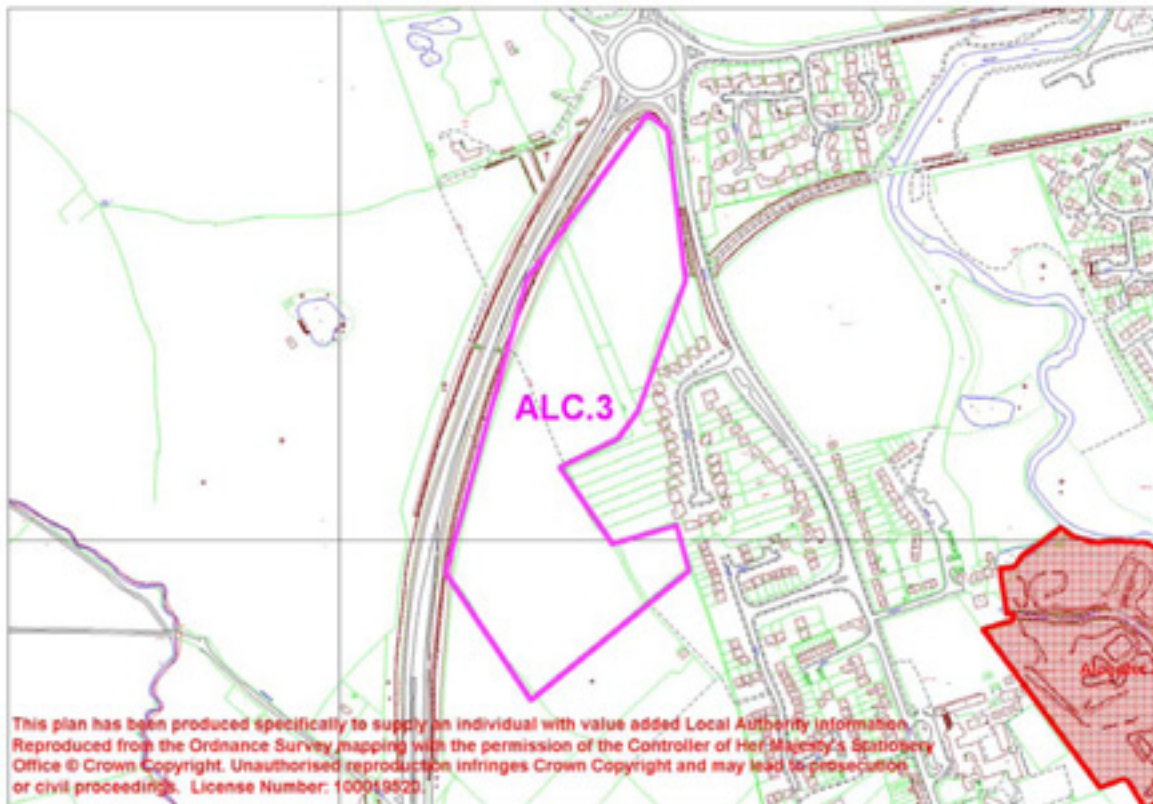
Any development will alter the historic landscape character of this area and have an effect on the surrounding character of small rectilinear fields.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

A programme of archaeological evaluative fieldwork should be undertaken prior to the determination of any application to develop this site. This fieldwork will help to establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains across the site, and, if present, their character, extent and state of preservation. This fieldwork will also provide information useful for identifying potential options for minimising or avoiding damage to them. This fieldwork may identify archaeological deposits of regional or national importance, which may be worthy of preservation in situ. The availability of this information prior to the determination of any planning application submitted will enable an informed and reasonable planning decision to be reached, and the application modified if appropriate.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: ALC.3 - West of Birmingham Road

Map:



Site size: 7.1ha

Geology: Keuper Marl

Past Disturbance:

It is probable that the majority of this site has been in agricultural use since at least the medieval period. Whilst the agricultural activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this damage is unlikely to have been extensive.

The site is cut by the line of the dismantled Midlands Railway. This is may have had a significant archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which previously survived across this site, however, this impact is likely to have been fairly localised.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- MWA 3976 Assorted 19th Century Finds from Alcester Bypass
- MWA 3995 Findspot - Roman coins found on Alcester Heath.
- MWA 3996 Findspot - Medieval finds from Alcester Heath.
- MWA 3997 Findspot - Post Medieval Assorted Finds From Alcester Heath
- MWA 3998 Findspot - Anglo Saxon Brooch on Alcester Heath.
- MWA 7834 Site of Midland Railway - Alcester & Bearley Branch
- MWA 3977 Findspot - Roman trumpet brooch
- MWA 3992 Findspot - Post Medieval coin
- MWA 7113 Iron Age Settlement, Cold Comfort Lane, Alcester
- MWA 9042 Iron Age/Romano-British Settlement, Cold Comfort Lane, Alcester

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 6102 Site of Roman Ryknield Street, Roebuck Inn
- MWA 4712 Roman ditches
- MWA 445 Ryknield Street (Roman road)
- MWA 7294 Imperial Brickworks
- MWA 7406 Imperial Signal box north of Alcester Station
- MWA 7408 Post-medieval brickworks north of Cold Comfort Lane
- MWA 3977 Findspot - Roman trumpet brooch found at Alcester Heath Park
- MWA 2795 Findspot - Medieval bronze buckle
- MWA 5589 Findspot - Medieval pottery

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

Aerial photographs of this area show several cropmark complexes of undated linear features and enclosures within 800m to the north-east of this Proposed Strategic Site. Evidence for the Roman road of lies c.100m to the east of this development site. Archaeological fieldwork previously undertaken in the immediate vicinity of this site recorded archaeological deposits dating to the Late Iron Age and Romano-British periods, and a number of Roman finds have been recovered from this site by metal detectorists. Archaeological fieldwork previously undertaken across the southern part of this site did not identify any significant archaeological deposits, however, there is a potential for further archaeological deposits associated with the use of this area during the prehistoric and Roman periods to have survived across the remainder of this site. An Anglo-Saxon saucer brooch has been recovered from this site. As these brooches tend to be found accompanying burials, there is a

potential for Anglo-Saxon burials to be present across this site. As this site was likely to have been in agricultural use from at least the medieval period, any archaeological features present across the site are likely to pre-date the medieval period. Any such archaeological features are likely to be of regional or local importance; however, should evidence for an Anglo-Saxon cemetery be identified across this site these remains may be of national significance.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

This site forms part of a group of small rectilinear fields/paddocks with straight boundaries that has been enclosed by settlement and the A435. The site is cut by the dismantled Midlands Railway.

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the proposed residential development of this site would be likely to have a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which survive across this site.

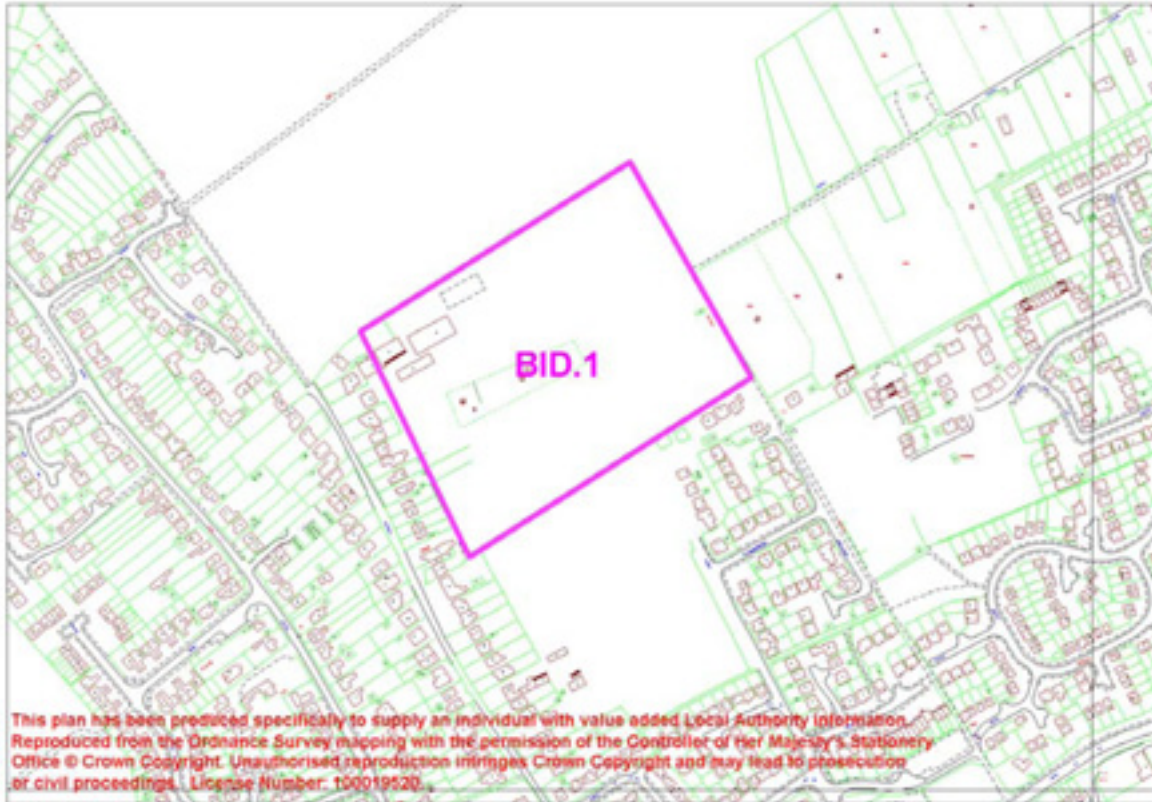
Any development will alter the historic landscape character of this area and have an effect on the surrounding character of small rectilinear fields. There may be an opportunity to make use of the dismantled Midlands Railway Line that runs through part of this site and contributes to its Historic Landscape Character.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

A programme of archaeological evaluative fieldwork should be undertaken prior to the determination of any application to develop this site. This fieldwork will help to establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains or artefacts across the site, and, if present, their character, extent and state of preservation. This fieldwork will also provide information useful for identifying potential options for minimising or avoiding damage to them. This fieldwork may identify archaeological deposits of regional or national importance, which may be worthy of preservation in situ. The availability of this information prior to the determination of any planning application submitted will enable an informed and reasonable planning decision to be reached, and the application modified if appropriate. Pre-determination fieldwork would not be necessary across those parts of the site which have been previously evaluated.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: BID.1 - North of Bramley Way

Map:



Site size: 4.4ha

Geology: 2nd Terrace River Gravels

Past Disturbance:

There is no evidence available at this time to this office that suggests that this site has been used for anything other than agriculture from at least the medieval period, and as orchards and allotments during the 20th century. Whilst the agricultural activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this damage is unlikely to have been extensive. The intensity of the tree planting which has previously taken place across this site across this site is not known, this may have had a significant localised impact across parts of the development site.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 8187 Roman pottery sherd found in Bidford-on-Avon

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

A prehistoric ditch has been recorded c.360m to the south of this site, and a probable ring ditch and a cropmark complex, which includes enclosures and linear features, lies within 450m of the site. Further cropmarks suggestive of prehistoric activity are known from within 800m of the site. There is therefore a potential for previously unknown features dating to the prehistoric periods to survive across this Proposed Strategic site. A number of Roman finds have been recovered from the vicinity of the site, a Roman quarry has been recorded c. 360m to the south of this Proposed Strategic Site, and Roman burials c.420m to the south. These are likely to be associated with the extensive Roman settlement which is located c500m south-east of this site, along the line of the Roman road, Ryknield Street which runs north - south through Bidford, c.370m to the east of this Proposed Strategic Site. Although the main focus of the Roman settlement lies to the south of this site, there is a potential for previously unknown archaeological features associated with the use of this area during the Roman period to survive within the development site. A large Anglo-Saxon cemetery lies c.360m to the south of this site. Over 200 burials have been associated with this cemetery; however, the nearest direct evidence for Anglo-Saxon settlement in this area was recorded to the north-west, at Broom. The extent of chance finds of Anglo-Saxon material from the vicinity of Bidford has led to the suggestion that a 'productive site' (a term denoting a site associated with industry, trade and exchange) may lie somewhere in the vicinity; on the basis of current evidence such a site would be unique within Warwickshire. There is therefore a potential for archaeological deposits associated with the use of this area during the Anglo-Saxon period to survive across the Proposed Strategic Site. As this site was likely to have been in agricultural use from at least the medieval period, any archaeological features present across the site are likely to pre-date the medieval period. Any such archaeological deposits are likely to be of regional or local importance, however, should evidence for Anglo-Saxon occupation be identified across this site these remains may of national significance if associated with the known cemetery site.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

There are two distinct parts to this site. The first to the east forms part of a very large post Second World War field. This field has been amalgamated from small irregular and rectilinear fields with straight and curvilinear boundaries, with some dog-leg and reverse 'S' boundaries, probably formed as a result of piecemeal enclosure (16th-18th century). The second part of this site to the west appears to form part of the gardens associated with the predominantly post 1900/pre 1955 detached housing along Westholme Road. This whole site is marked as orchards and allotments on the OS 1955 edition maps. The historic landscape character has changed a number of times in the last century.

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the proposed residential development of this site would be likely to have a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which survive across this site.

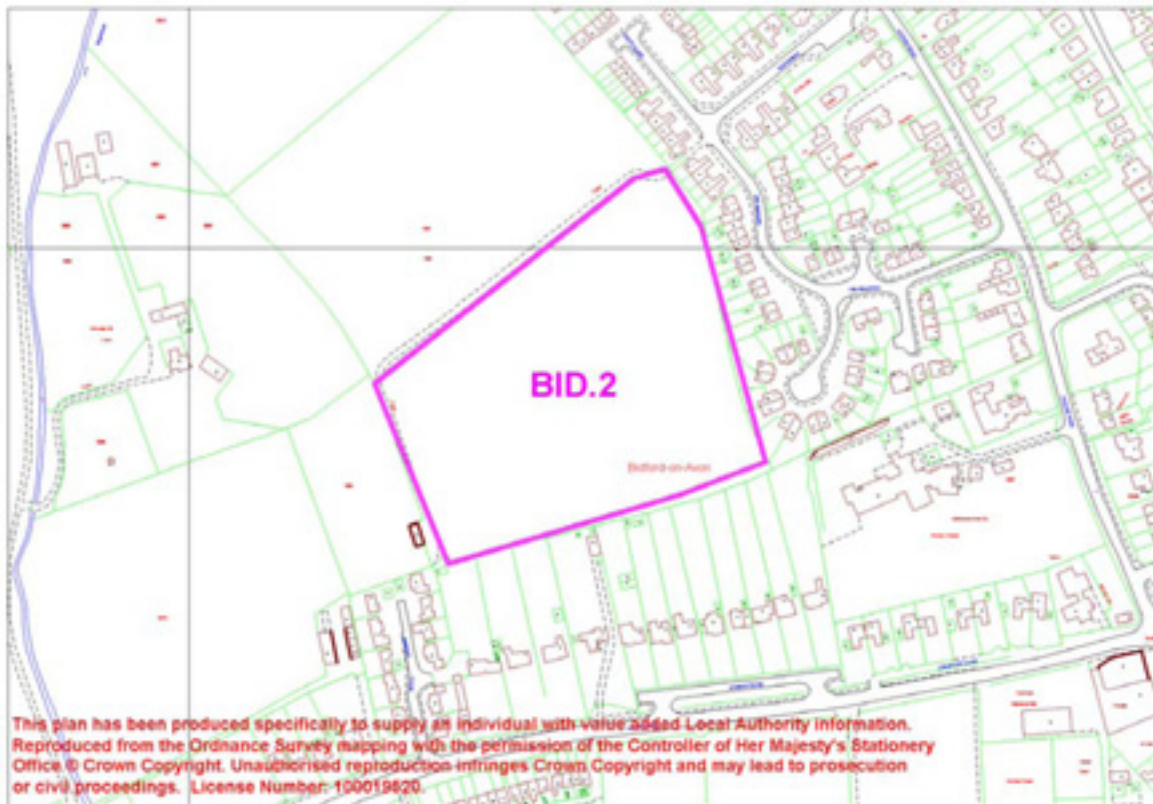
The historic landscape character for this area has changed a number of times already in the last century. The development of this site would not, therefore, have a significant impact upon the HLC of this area.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

Further archaeological assessment, the first phase of which would comprise detailed desk-based assessment, should be undertaken of this site. It will be necessary for archaeological evaluative fieldwork to be undertaken prior to the determination of any application to develop this site. This fieldwork will help to establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains or artefacts across the site, and, if present, their character, extent and state of preservation. This fieldwork will also provide information useful for identifying potential options for minimising or avoiding damage to them. This fieldwork may identify archaeological deposits of regional or national importance, which may be worthy of preservation in situ. The availability of this information prior to the determination of any planning application submitted will enable an informed and reasonable planning decision to be reached, and the application modified if appropriate.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: BID.2 - North of Salford Road

Map:



Site size: 2.9ha

Geology: 2nd Terrace River Gravels

Past Disturbance:

There is no evidence available at this time that suggests that this site has been used for anything other than agriculture from at least the medieval period. Whilst this agricultural activity, and the site's 20th century use as an allotment, may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this damage is unlikely to have been extensive.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- None - however a number of cropmark complexes are known from just over 200m away from this site (see appendix)

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

The site lies to the west of the present settlement and away from the core area of Roman and medieval activity. An early Saxon cemetery, together with other finds from the Anglo-Saxon period, point to Anglo-Saxon settlement in and around Bidford, although the focus has not yet been identified. Cropmarks on aerial photographs of this area show as yet undated enclosures, linear features and a probable trackway in the vicinity of this site although none of these are within 200m. Although it is probable that this Proposed Strategic Site was in agricultural use throughout the medieval and later periods, the presence of a number of cropmark sites in the vicinity of the site and its location on the gravel terrace suggests that there is a potential for archaeological deposits predating this agricultural use to survive across this site. Any such deposits are likely to be of regional or local significance.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

The Historic Landscape Character of this site is small rectilinear fields with straight boundaries. Marked on the OS 1955 edition map as allotments.

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the proposed residential development of this site would be likely to have a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which previously survived across this site.

Any development will alter the historic landscape character of this area and have an effect on the surrounding character of small rectilinear fields.

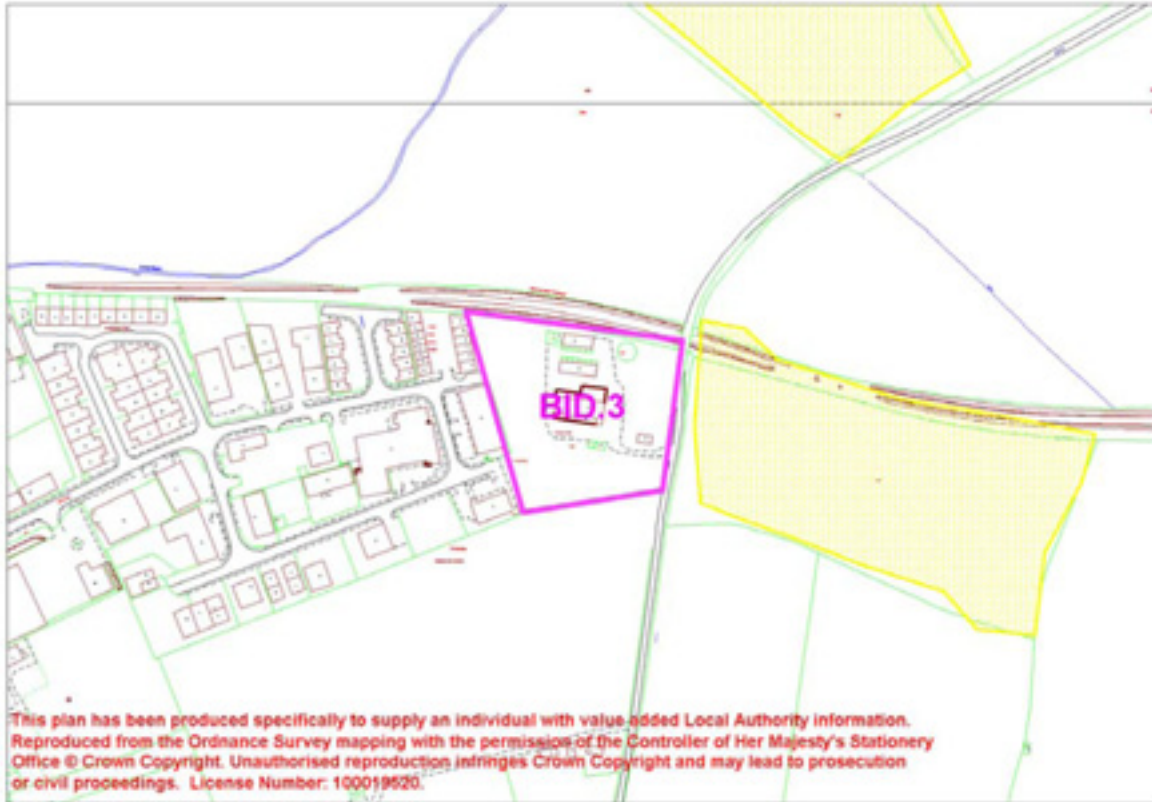
Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

A programme of archaeological evaluative fieldwork should be undertaken prior to the determination of any application to develop this site. This fieldwork will help to establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains or artefacts across the site, and, if present, their character, extent and state of preservation. It will also provide information useful for identifying potential options for minimising or avoiding damage to them. This fieldwork may identify archaeological deposits of regional or national importance, which may be worthy of preservation in situ. The

availability of this information prior to the determination of any planning application submitted will enable an informed and reasonable planning decision to be reached, and the application modified if appropriate.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: BID.3 - West of Grafton Lane

Map:



Site size: 1.7ha

Geology: 4th Terrace River Gravels

Past Disturbance:

Prior to the construction of the existing farm in the later 20th century, it is probable that the majority of this site was in agricultural use from at least the medieval period. Whilst this agricultural activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this activity is unlikely to have caused extensive damage.

The construction of the farm buildings and associated hardstanding etc across this site is likely to have had an impact upon any archaeological deposits which previously survived across this site, although this may have been relatively localised.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- None - however, MWA 7835 - East & West Junction Railway, which was opened in 1879 and dismantled in 1964, forms the northern boundary of this site.

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 2337 Findspot - Roman coins in Bidford on Avon
- MWA 4867 Findspot - Early Medieval coin
- MWA 5265 Findspot - Neolithic or Bronze Age flint artefacts
- MWA 5266 Findspot - Medieval coins and bronze object
- MWA 5267 Findspot - Post Medieval coins and bronze objects
- MWA 4555 Findspot - Migration period finds including a brooch.-
please note, these finds may have been imported to this site during the spreading of topsoil from Saxon Bidford across this site
- MWA 4031 Assorted 19th Century Finds from W of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon
- MWA 10199 Medieval strap buckle found in Bidford on Avon
- MWA 10200 Roman coin found in Bidford on Avon
- MWA 4027 Assorted Saxon finds from E Grafton Lane
- Ridge and Furrow

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

Archaeological finds dating to the prehistoric, Roman, Anglo-Saxon, medieval and post-medieval periods have been recovered from the immediate vicinity of this site. In particular, a significant number of Anglo-Saxon finds, including coins, have been recovered less than 200m to the south-east of this site. The concentration of finds recovered from that area suggests the presence of an Anglo-Saxon site, perhaps a market or 'productive' site, in the area. This is the only potential 'productive' site identified in Warwickshire. The precise focus of this activity, and the earlier settlement associated with the known early Saxon cemetery which lies to the south-west of this site, has yet to be identified. Although it is probable that this Proposed Strategic Site was in agricultural use throughout the medieval and later periods, the recovery of a number of pre-medieval finds from the area suggests that there is a potential for archaeological deposits predating this agricultural use to survive across this site. Any such deposits are likely to be of regional or local significance.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

A modern farm complex occupies this site. Prior to this post-1955 development, the Historic Landscape Character of this area was small rectilinear fields with straight and curvilinear boundaries.

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the proposed business development of this site would be likely to have a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which previously survived across this site.

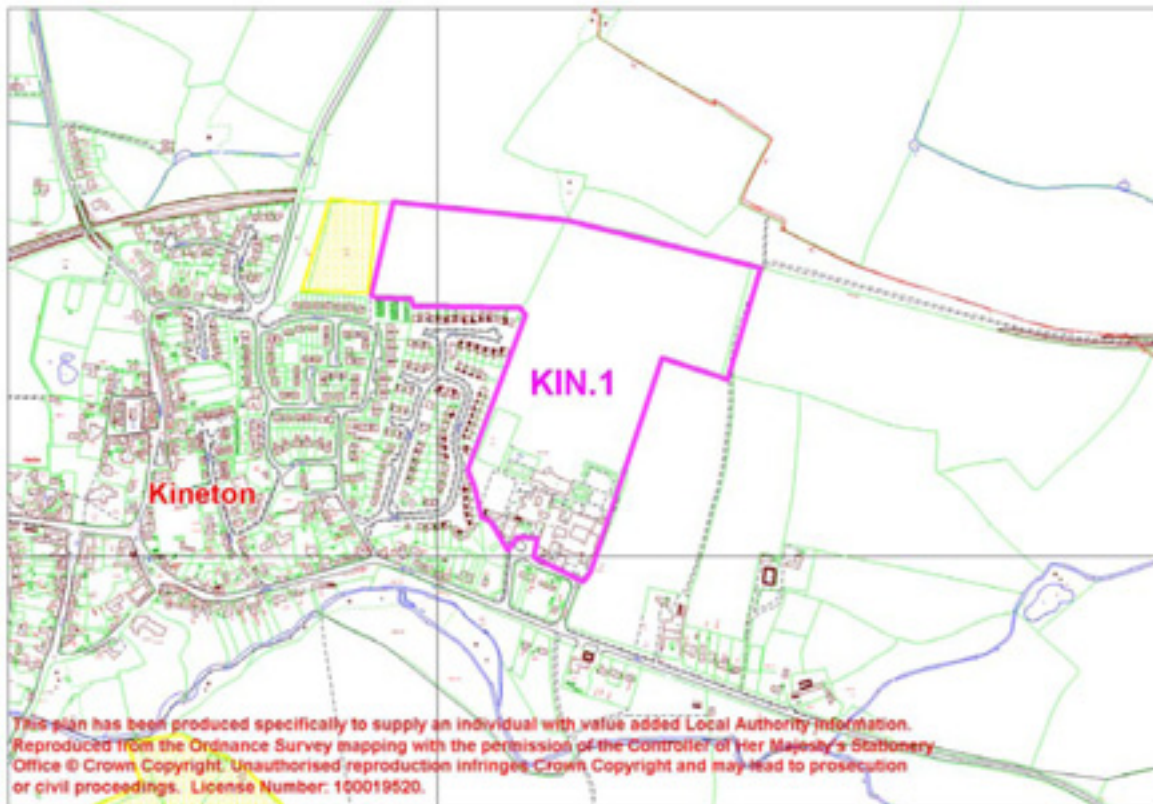
The historic landscape character for this area has already changed significantly in the last century. The development of this site would not, therefore, have a significant impact upon the HLC of this area.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

Archaeological fieldwork will be necessary to mitigate any archaeological impact of any development across this site. The first phase of fieldwork required would be a programme of evaluative fieldwork in order to establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains across the site, and, if present, their character, extent and state of preservation. This will inform the development of a strategy, if appropriate, to mitigate the archaeological impact of the proposed development. This strategy may include further archaeological fieldwork. This evaluative fieldwork could be secured by a condition upon planning consent. The extent of the fieldwork required will be dependant upon the nature and extent of the development.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: KIN.1 - Kineton High School, Banbury Road

Map:



Site size: 11.5ha

Geology: Clay

Past Disturbance:

Prior to the construction of the school across the southern part of this site during the mid 20th century it is probable that this site was in agricultural use from at least the medieval period. Whilst this agricultural activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this activity is unlikely to have caused extensive damage. However, the 19th century fieldscape indicates that this was an area of open fields during the medieval period. No trace of the ridge and furrow associated with this survives and although it may have had some adverse impact upon pre-medieval deposits, the survival of a prehistoric cropmark indicates that any surviving deposits may still be in a reasonable state of preservation.

The construction of the school buildings and any associated hard landscaping is likely to have had a negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which previously survived across the southern part of this site. The extent of this impact will have been dependent upon the groundworks associated with the construction works, e.g. building foundation design, extent of

landscaping, services etc, information on which is not presently available; however, this impact is likely to have been extensive across parts of this area.

Outside of the main school building complex, the central part of this site has been used as a sports ground. Provided the construction of the pitches has not involved significant terracing to provide a level playing field, it is unlikely that the use of this area as a sports field would have had an extensive impact upon any archaeological deposits which previously survived across this area.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- MWA 12244 Undated ring ditch visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs.

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 8690 Post-medieval Turnpike road from Southam to Kineton
- MWA 1198 Site of 1642 Battle of Edge Hill
- MWA 9016 Kineton Medieval Settlement
- MWA 9078 Airfield, near New Farm, Kineton
- MWA 7835 East & West Junction Railway
- MWA 7615 Imperial Corn mill at Kineton

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

A ring ditch, which is likely to date to the prehistoric period, is visible within the development site on aerial cropmarks of this area. Although the agricultural use of this site is likely to have partly disturbed this site, it is unlikely that this would have resulted in extensive damage to this feature or to other, as yet undetected, features. A Roman settlement also lies to the south-east of the development site. It is probable that the PSS was in agricultural use throughout the medieval and later periods. In addition to the known ring ditch which is known to survive across this site, there is a potential for further, previously unknown, archaeological deposits, either associated with, or unrelated to, the ring ditch, to survive across this site. Any such features are likely to date to pre-date the medieval and later agricultural use of this site, and to be of regional or local significance.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

The current character of the larger area to the east is associated with the post-1955 construction of a school across this site. The Historic Landscape Character of this area prior to the construction of the school was large irregular fields with curvilinear and straight boundaries with some dog-leg and reverse 'S' boundaries, probably formed from 16th – 18th century piecemeal enclosure. The reverse 'S' and dog-leg boundaries suggest that at one time this area probably formed medieval open fields. The character of the smaller area to the north west consists of a small rectilinear field with straight and curvilinear boundaries, which may be a remnant of 16th-18th century piecemeal enclosure.

Sensitivity to change:

While the previous construction of a school across this site will have resulted in some localised extensive disturbance to any archaeological deposits which previously survived across the southern part of the site, there is a significant potential for well preserved deposits to have survived across the remainder of the site. The proposed construction of housing and a replacement school across this area would be likely to have a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological features which survive across this site.

The historic landscape character for this area has already changed significantly in the last century. The development of this site would not, therefore, have a significant impact upon the HLC of this area.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

Further archaeological assessment, the first phase of which would comprise detailed desk-based assessment, should be undertaken of this entire site. Archaeological evaluative fieldwork should be undertaken prior to the determination of any application to redevelop any parts of this site outside of the main area of school buildings. This fieldwork will help to establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains or artefacts across the site, and, if present, their character, extent and state of preservation. This fieldwork will also provide information useful for identifying potential options for minimising or avoiding damage to them. This fieldwork may identify archaeological deposits of regional or national importance, which may be worthy of preservation in situ. The availability of this information prior to the determination of any planning application submitted will enable an informed and reasonable planning decision to be reached, and the application modified if appropriate. Given the potential for significant archaeological disturbance to have already occurred across the area presently occupied by school buildings, it would not be appropriate to require pre-determination evaluation across this part of the site. As there is a potential for some archaeological deposits to have survived across this area despite this past disturbance, it would be appropriate to a programme of archaeological fieldwork to be undertaken to mitigate the impact of the redevelopment of this area across this area; however, this could be secured by a

condition upon any planning consent granted for this part of the site. The extent of the fieldwork required across this area would be dependent upon the nature and extent of the groundworks associated with the redevelopment of this area, and the results of further assessment of the past disturbance of this area.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: SHIP.1 - Nortgren, Campden Road

Map:



Site size: 5.4ha

Geology: Clay

Past Disturbance:

Prior to the factory development of this site in the mid 20th century it is probable that the majority of this site was in agricultural use from at least the medieval period. The mid 20th century and later development of this site is likely to have had a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which previously survived across this site. The extent of this impact will have been dependent upon the groundworks associated with the construction works, e.g. building foundation design, extent of landscaping, services etc, and the nature of any such archaeological deposits, information on either of which is not presently available. Modern aerial photographs of this site show extensive planting around the main factory buildings, and the excavation of what appears to have been a large pond. The construction of a pond is likely to have removed any archaeological deposits across its footprint, and the planting could have resulted in significant damage to any archaeological deposits previously surviving across this area. Elsewhere across the site it is probable that any archaeological disturbance would have been greatest in the areas of the foundations of any existing, or previously

existing, buildings. There may, however, have been less groundworks undertaken across the areas between the buildings, under the floors of the larger factory buildings, and across those areas used for parking etc. While it is likely that the previous factory development will have had a significant negative archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits previously present across the site, the full extent of this impact is presently not known, and there is a potential for 'pockets' of well preserved archaeological deposits to survive outside the main areas of ground disturbance.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- Ridge and Furrow

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 2119 Early medieval Shipston Greenway/Ridgeway
- MWA 8650 Anglo-Saxon ridgeway
- MWA 9819 Findspot of Post Medieval material to the west of Shipston on Stour
- MWA 9820 Find of Anglo Saxon material west of Shipston on Stour.
- MWA 9821 Find of items from the medieval period west of Shipston on Stour

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

Although few archaeological sites have been previously recorded in the immediate vicinity of the site, evidence for prehistoric and Roman activity has been recorded from the wider area. The absence of known archaeological sites from the immediate vicinity of this site may be due to a lack of previous archaeological investigations across this area, rather than an absence of activity during the pre-medieval periods. There is therefore a potential for previously unknown archaeological deposits, pre-dating the medieval and later agricultural use of this site, to survive across this area. Any such archaeological deposits are likely to be of regional or local significance.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

The current landscape character of the majority of this site is industrial. Prior to the post-1955 construction of the present industrial complex this area was large

rectilinear fields with straight and curvilinear boundaries, probably planned enclosure dating to the 18th or 19th century. The western part of the site, outside of the industrial complex, still retains some ridge and furrow.

Sensitivity to change:

While it is likely that some aspects of the previous development of this site would have had a significant impact upon, or completely removed, any archaeological deposits previously present across the site, there is a potential for archaeological deposits to have survived at varying levels of preservation across the remainder of the site. It is probable that the proposed redevelopment of this site would have a significant impact upon any archaeological deposits which still survive across it. The extent of this impact would be dependent upon the groundworks associated with the proposed development.

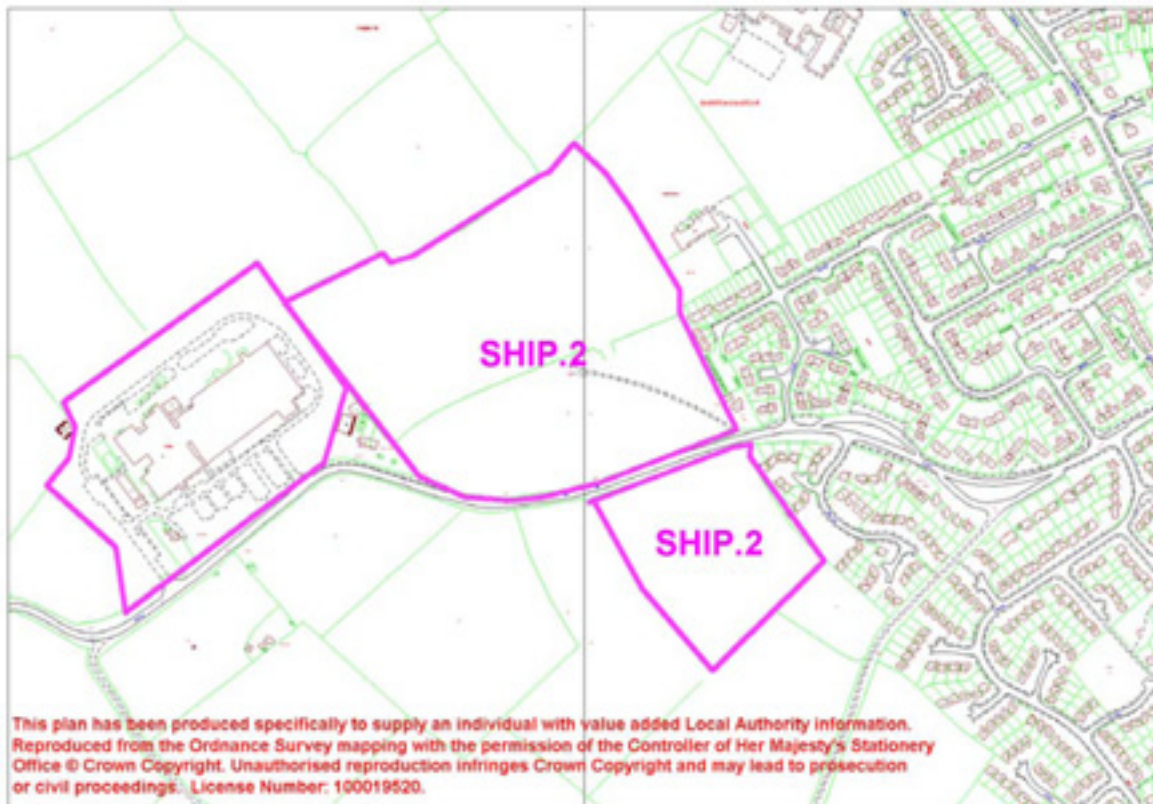
The historic landscape character for this area has already changed significantly in the last century. With the exception of the small area of ridge and furrow which would be lost, the development of this site would not have a significant impact upon the HLC of this area.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

Further archaeological assessment, in the form of a detailed desk-based assessment and walkover survey, should be undertaken of this site. A report detailing the results of this assessment should be submitted with any application to redevelop this site. Dependent upon the conclusions of the desk-based assessment regarding the previous ground disturbance across this site, and the nature and extent of the proposed development (including landscaping), further fieldwork may be necessary across those areas of the site which have not been subject to extensive past disturbance. This further fieldwork could be secured by a condition upon planning consent.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: SHIP.2 - North and South of Walton Road

Map:



Site size: 2.7ha & 9 ha

Geology: Clay

Past Disturbance:

Although part of this site has been used as an allotment during the 20th century, there is no evidence available at this time to this office that suggests that the majority of this site has been used for anything other than agriculture from at least the medieval period. Whilst this agricultural activity, and the sites use as an allotment, may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this activity is unlikely to have caused extensive damage, other than the differential attrition caused by ridge and furrow cultivation.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- Ridge and Furrow

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 8672 Medieval Saltway through Shipston and Brailes
- MWA 6453 Ridge & Furrow Cultivation Shipston on Stour Parish
- (Former) Ridge and Furrow

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

Although few archaeological sites have been previously recorded in the immediate vicinity of the site, evidence for prehistoric and Roman activity has been recorded from the wider area. The absence of known archaeological sites from the immediate vicinity of this site may be due to a lack of previous archaeological investigations across this area, rather than an absence of activity during the pre-medieval periods. There is therefore a potential for previously unknown archaeological deposits, pre-dating the medieval and later agricultural use of this site, to survive across this area. Any such archaeological deposits are likely to be of regional or local significance.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

At the moment this area forms a contiguous field pattern crossing Campden Road forming a large area of rectilinear fields probably representative of formal 18th/19th century enclosure.

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the proposed redevelopment of this site, and any associated landscaping, is likely to have a significant negative impact upon any archaeological deposits present across this site.

At the moment this area forms a contiguous field pattern crossing Campden Road forming a large area of rectilinear fields probably representative of formal 18th/19th century enclosure. Development of this site would impact upon the integrity of a large area of formal enclosure.

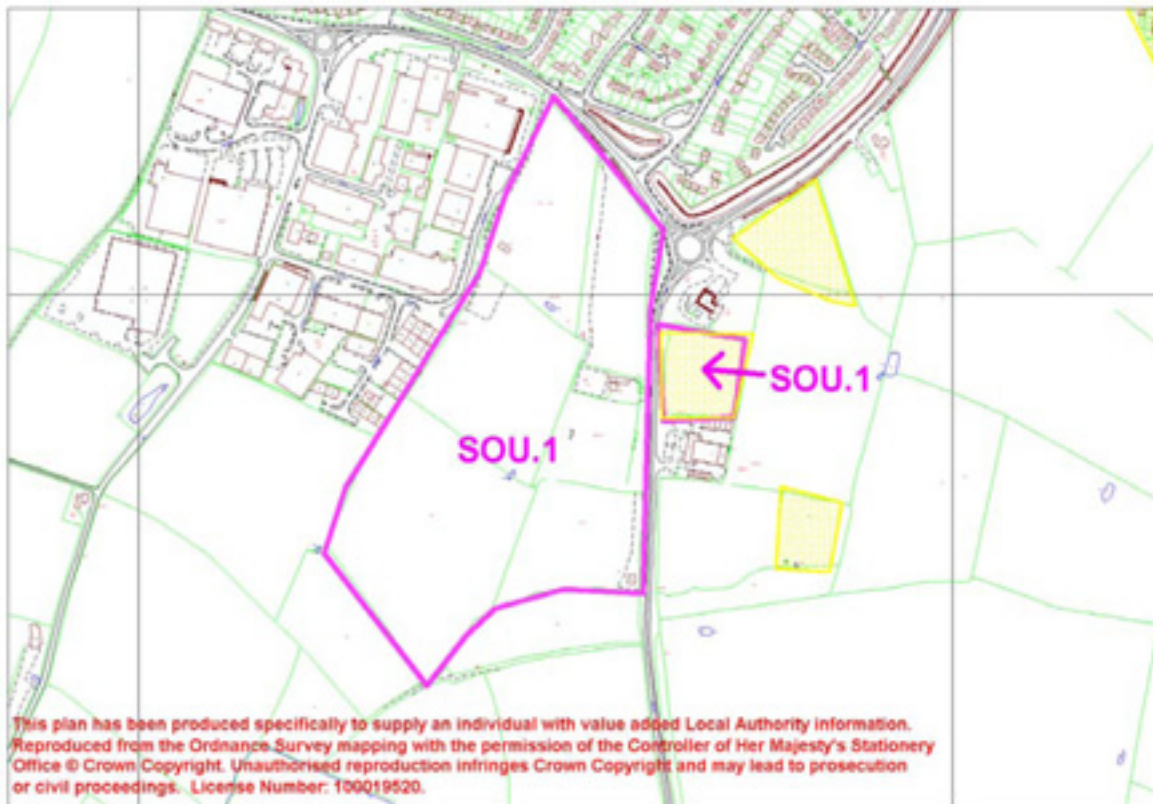
Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

A programme of archaeological evaluative fieldwork should be undertaken prior to the determination of any application to develop this site. This fieldwork will help to establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains or artefacts across the site, and, if present, their character, extent, state of preservation. It will also provide information useful for identifying potential options for minimising or

avoiding damage to them. The availability of this information prior to the determination of any planning application submitted will enable an informed and reasonable planning decision to be reached, and the application modified if appropriate. This fieldwork may identify archaeological deposits of regional or national importance, which may be worthy of preservation in situ.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: SOU.1 - West and east of Banbury Road

Map:



Site size: 16.5ha & 1ha

Geology: Blue Lias

Past Disturbance:

Although part of this site has been used as a sports ground since the mid 20th century, there is no evidence available at this time to this office that suggests that the majority of this site has been used for anything other than agriculture from at least the medieval period. Whilst this agricultural activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this activity is unlikely to have caused extensive damage, although ridge and furrow cultivation during the medieval period may have caused some differential attrition of any earlier deposits.

Although there may be some localised archaeological disturbance associated with the construction of the sports facilities which are located within this site, for example, across the footprint of the associated buildings, the use of this area as a sports ground is unlikely to have had a significant impact upon any archaeological deposits which previously survived across this site.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- Ridge and Furrow

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 4789 Post-medieval Turnpike Road from Ryton Bridge to Banbury via Southam

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

Although few archaeological sites have been previously recorded in the immediate vicinity of the site, evidence for prehistoric and Roman activity has been recorded from the wider area. The absence of known archaeological sites from the immediate vicinity of this site may be due to a lack of previous archaeological investigations across this area, rather than an absence of activity during the pre-medieval periods. There is therefore a potential for previously unknown archaeological deposits, pre-dating the medieval and later agricultural use of this site, to survive across this area. Any such archaeological deposits are likely to be of regional or local significance.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

Despite the use of the area as sports grounds the 18th/19th century formally enclosed field pattern remains largely intact. The small field to the east of Banbury Road also has some very good survival of ridge and furrow showing evidence of medieval open fields; this area, along with SOU.2, is the best surviving example of ridge and furrow in the immediate vicinity of Southam.

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the proposed redevelopment of this site, and any associated landscaping, is likely to have a significant negative impact upon any archaeological deposits present across this site.

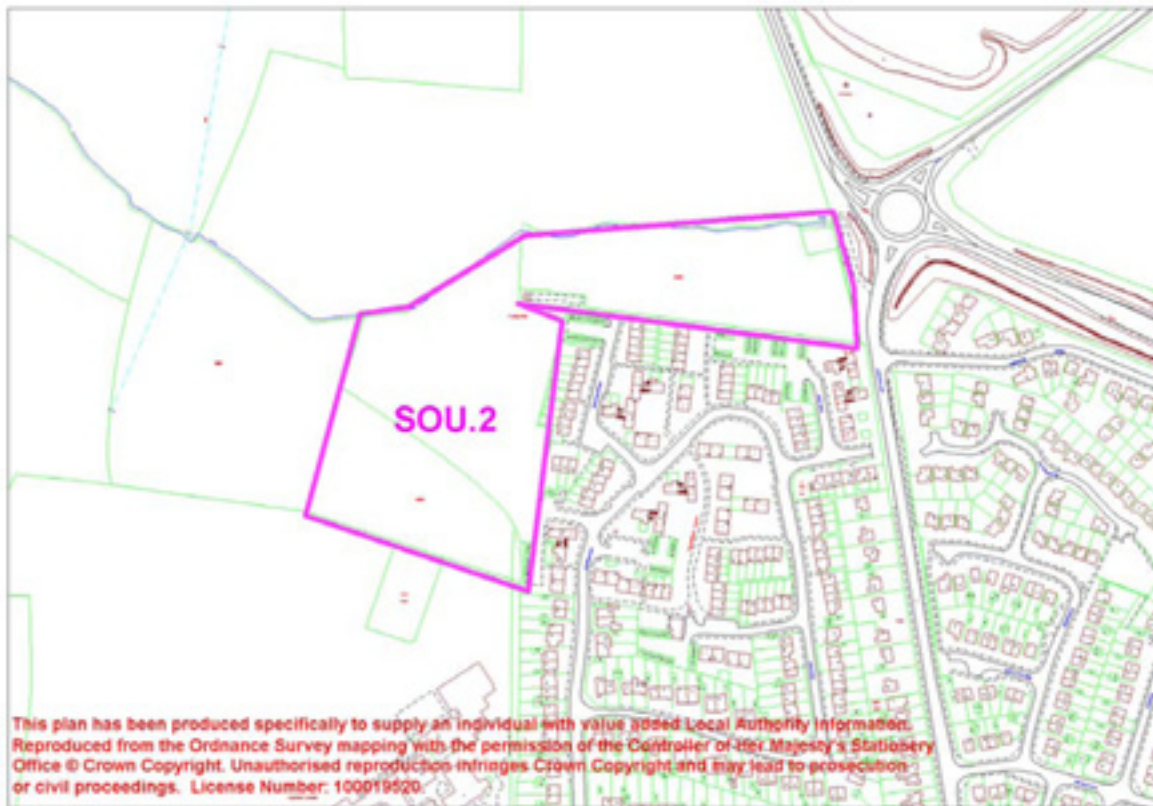
Any development will alter the historic landscape character of this area and have an effect on the surrounding character.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

A programme of archaeological evaluative fieldwork should be undertaken prior to the determination of any application to develop this site. This fieldwork will help to establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains or artefacts across the site, and, if present, their character, extent and state of preservation. It will also provide information useful for identifying potential options for minimising or avoiding damage to them. The availability of this information prior to the determination of any planning application submitted will enable an informed and reasonable planning decision to be reached, and the application modified if appropriate. This fieldwork may identify archaeological deposits of regional or national importance, which may be worthy of preservation in situ.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: SOU.2 - West of Coventry Road

Map:



Site size: 4.2ha

Geology: Blue Lias

Past Disturbance:

There is no evidence available at this time that suggests that this site has been used for anything other than agriculture from at least the medieval period. The presence of ridge and furrow across the majority of this site demonstrates that this area was part of the medieval open fields, and the excellent preservation of these features suggests that the site has not been significantly disturbed by more recent agricultural activity. Whilst the earlier agricultural activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating this use, this activity is unlikely to have caused extensive damage.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- MWA 3879 Findspot - Neolithic to Bronze Age flint
- Ridge and Furrow

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 8609 The Springs, Coventry Street – Imperial grounds
- MWA 4789 Post-medieval Turnpike Road from Ryton Bridge to Banbury via Southam
- MWA 8685 Post-medieval Turnpike road from Dunchurch to Southam

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

It is probable that this proposed site was in agricultural use throughout the medieval and later periods. A Civil War skirmish, which took place on August 23rd, 1642, is known to have been fought within the area between Southam and Bascote. The exact location of the skirmish site is presently unknown, however, there is a potential that the engagement extended over this site. Evidence for this skirmish would take the form of artefact scatters within the topsoil, the study of which can provide further information about the battle. The information obtained from any such artefact scatters about the battle, and the artefacts themselves, could be of potential regional significance. Although a single prehistoric flint has been previously recovered from this site, few archaeological sites have been previously recorded in the immediate vicinity. Evidence for prehistoric and Roman activity has, however, been recorded from the wider area. The absence of known archaeological sites from the immediate vicinity of this site may be due to a lack of previous archaeological investigations across this area, rather than an absence of activity during the pre-medieval periods. There is therefore a potential for previously unknown archaeological deposits, pre-dating the medieval agricultural use of this site, to survive across this area. Any such archaeological deposits are likely to be of regional or local significance.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

This site consists of small rectilinear and irregular fields with straight boundaries. These fields may have been formed as a result of piecemeal enclosure (16th-18th century). Excellent ridge and furrow survival in these fields shows how this area once formed medieval open fields; this area, along with part of SOU.1, is the best surviving example of ridge and furrow in the immediate vicinity of Southam.

Sensitivity to change:

The groundworks associated with the proposed construction of dwellings across this site, and any associated landscaping etc, is likely to have a significant negative impact upon any archaeological deposits present across this site. Any groundworks across this site would cause significant disturbance to any artefact scatters associated with the Civil War skirmish at Southam.

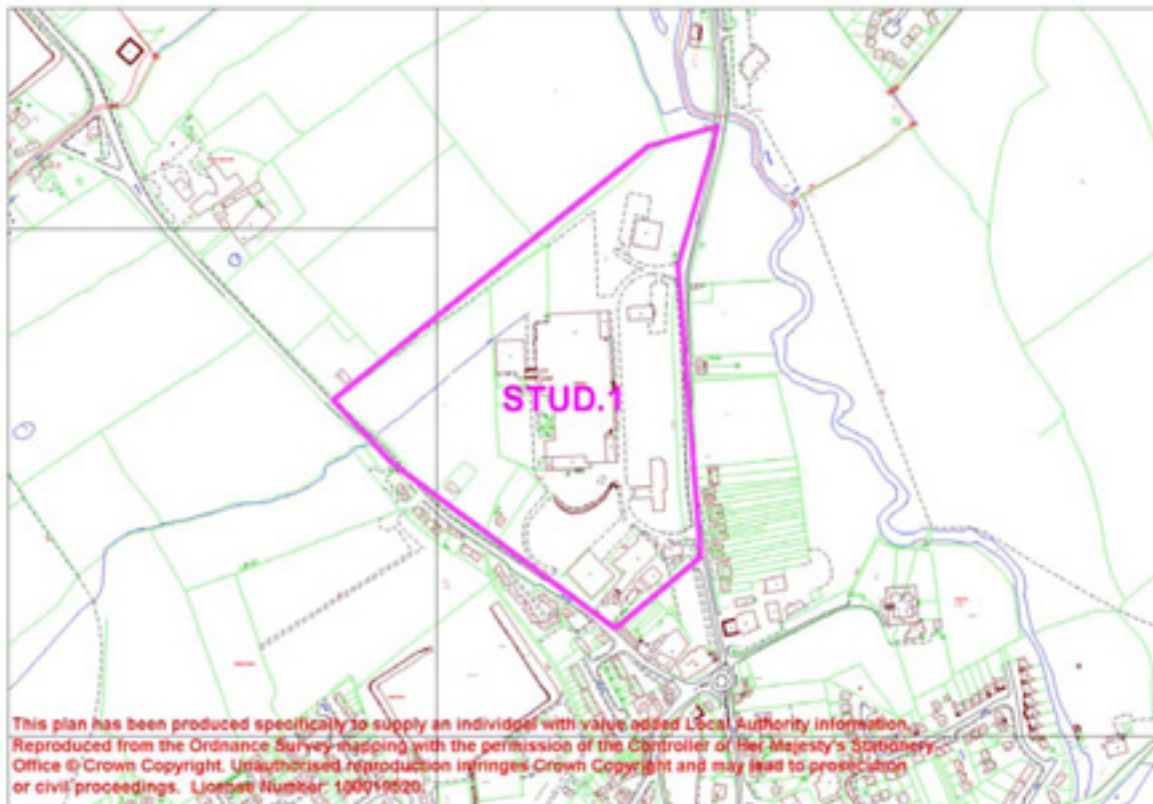
Any development will significantly alter the historic landscape character of this area and have an effect on the surrounding character. The development of this area would also result in the destruction of some of the best surviving ridge and furrow in this area.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

A programme of archaeological evaluative fieldwork should be undertaken prior to the determination of any application to develop this site. This fieldwork will help to establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains or artefacts across the site, and, if present, their character, extent and state of preservation. It will also provide information useful for identifying potential options for minimising or avoiding damage to them. This fieldwork may identify archaeological deposits of regional or national importance, which may be worthy of preservation in situ. The availability of this information prior to the determination of any planning application submitted will enable an informed and reasonable planning decision to be reached, and the application modified if appropriate.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: STUD.1 - East of Redditch Road

Map:



Site size: 9.7ha

Geology: Alluvial Fan and Periglacial Flood Gravel
Mercia Mudstone.

Past Disturbance:

The Greenwood Map of 1822 indicates that the southern part of the proposed development site was built upon by the earlier 19th century, and the 1st Ed. OS map of 1886 shows further development, including a needle factory, across this area. These buildings may have disturbed any earlier archaeological deposits present across this part of site.

Prior to the development of this site in the mid 20th century it is probable that the majority of the rest of this site was in agricultural use from at least the medieval period. The mid 20th century and later development of this site is likely to have had a significant archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which previously survived across this site. The extent of this impact will have been dependent upon the groundworks associated with the construction works and the nature of the archaeological deposits. Information on the groundworks associated with this development (e.g. building foundation design, extent of landscaping, services etc) is

not presently available, however, it is probable that the groundworks would have been greatest across the footprints of any existing, or previously existing, buildings. There may, however, have been less disturbance in the areas between the buildings, and across those areas used for parking etc. While it is likely that the previous factory development will have had a significant archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits previously present across the site, the full extent of this impact is presently not known, and there is a potential for 'pockets' of well preserved archaeological deposits to survive outside the main areas of ground disturbance.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- MWA 445 Ryknild Street Roman Road
- MWA 9536 Probable extent of Studley Medieval Settlement
- Needle factory shown on 1st Ed. OS and later mapping.

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 6166 Possible Site of the medieval Priory Church, Studley
- MWA 6481 Earthworks of deserted medieval and post-medieval settlement at Green Lane, Studley
- MWA 6164 Site of Studley medieval Priory Moat
- MWA 572 Studley medieval Priory
- MWA 6165 Site of Hospital at Studley medieval Priory
- MWA 6169 Possible Site of medieval/post-medieval watermill 400m S of Washford Mill
- MWA 7304 Site of Post Medieval Washford Bridge
- MWA 7825 Site of Imperial Brewery
- MWA 7824 Site of Imperial Pound

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

The majority of the road which forms the eastern boundary of this site follows the line of the Roman road Ryknild Street. It is possible that the modern road diverts east from the original Roman route, with the original Roman road continuing across the site. There is a potential for archaeological deposits associated with this routeway, including roadside settlement, to survive across this site. Any such deposits across the site are likely to date from the Roman period onwards, and to be of regional or local significance. Greenwood's map of 1822 indicates that the

southern part of the proposed development site was built upon by the earlier 19th century, and the 1st Ed. OS map of 1886 shows further development across this area. It is possible that this is a continuation of an earlier occupation of this site, and that archaeological deposits associated with the medieval and later development of Studley survive across this area, though, if so, it is likely they would have been disturbed by the later development of this site. Any such deposits are likely to be of local importance. A needle factory is shown fronting Redditch Road in the south of the site on the 1:2500 County Series OS map of 1905. It is possible that this is the same building, but extended, shown on the 1st Ed. OS map of 1886. Parts of this factory may still be extant. There is the potential for archaeological deposits associated with this post-medieval industrial activity to survive across this site. Any such deposits are likely to be of local interest.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

The current landscape character of this site is industrial. Prior to the modern, post-1955, development of this site the landscape character of the majority of the site was small rectilinear fields with straight and curvilinear boundaries, however, parts of this site have been in industrial use since at least the later 19th century.

Sensitivity to change:

While it is likely that some aspects of the previous development of this site would have had a significant impact upon, or completely removed, any archaeological deposits previously present across the site, there is a potential for archaeological deposits to have survived at varying levels of preservation across the remainder of the site. It is probable that the proposed redevelopment of this site would have a significant impact upon any archaeological deposits which still survive across it. The extent of this impact would be dependent upon the groundworks associated with the proposed development.

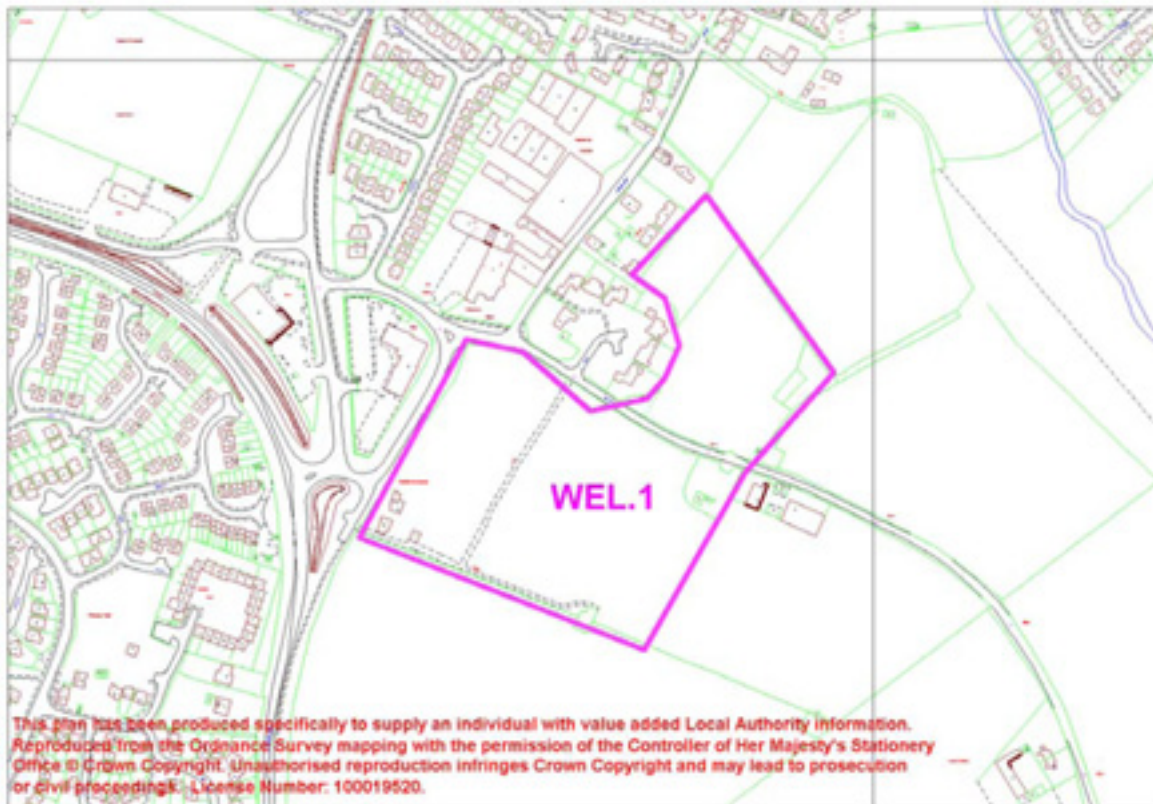
The historic landscape character of this area has already changed significantly in the last century. Some of the historic industrial character of this site could be maintained by the retention, if appropriate, of any extant buildings associated with the earlier industrial use of this site.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

Given the past disturbance of the site, preservation in situ of below ground archaeological deposits is not an issue and pre-determinative evaluation would not be sought. However, further assessment of the site, including the needle factories, and any consequent investigation, would be sought via an appropriate planning condition. The extent of the fieldwork required will be dependent upon the nature and extent of the development, for example, it may be appropriate to undertake evaluative fieldwork across those areas which have been subject to less previous disturbance and the archaeological potential higher.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: WELL.1 - North and South of Walton Road

Map:



Site size: 5.2ha

Geology: 2nd Terrace River Deposits

Past Disturbance:

It is probable that the field to the North of Walton Road has been in agricultural use since at least the medieval period. Whilst this activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating or associated with this use, this activity is unlikely to have caused extensive damage.

It is probable that the field to the South of Walton Road has been in agricultural or horticultural use, including as a plant nursery, since at least the medieval period. Whilst the earlier agricultural activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating or associated with this use, this earlier activity is unlikely to have caused extensive damage. The subsequent use of this area as a plant nursery may have had a more extensive impact upon any archaeological deposits which previously survived across this site, for example through deep digging, however, the extent of the impact associated within this use is not presently known.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 7488 Findspot - Prehistoric flint & Iron Age pottery
- MWA 4820 Post-medieval Turnpike road from Warwick to Paddle Brook
- MWA 7982 RAF Wellesbourne Mountford - Living Site No 5
- MWA 5467 Site of Milepost 200m NE of Dovehouse Farm, Wellesbourne.
- MWA 7181 Cropmark Enclosure West of Laughs Buildings, Walton Road, Wellesbourne.
- MWA 9006 Wellesbourne Mountford Medieval Settlement
- Ridge and Furrow

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

A cropmark complex, which includes an enclosure and linear features, and a possible trackway are visible on aerial photographs c.170m to the south-east of this site. These features are presently undated but on morphological grounds are likely to date to the prehistoric or Roman periods. There is a potential for archaeological features related to these known sites, and other previously unknown sites, to survive across this proposed development site. Any such features are likely to be of regional or local importance, however, there is a potential for nationally important deposits to survive across this site.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

The Historic Landscape Character of this area is small rectilinear fields with straight boundaries, probably formed as a result of planned enclosure (18th 19th century). The field to the south of Walton Road once formed part of Redhill Nurseries but now appears to be scrub.

Sensitivity to change:

There is a significant potential for well-preserved archaeological deposits to be present across this site. The proposed construction of dwellings across this site,

and any associated landscaping etc, is likely to have a significant negative impact upon any archaeological deposits present across this site.

Any development will alter the historic landscape character of this area and have an effect on the surrounding character.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

A programme of archaeological evaluative fieldwork should be undertaken prior to the determination of any application to develop this site. This fieldwork will help to establish the presence or absence of archaeological remains or artefacts across the site, and, if present, their character, extent and state of preservation. It will also provide information useful for identifying potential options for minimising or avoiding damage to them. The availability of this information prior to the determination of any planning application submitted will enable an informed and reasonable planning decision to be reached, and the application modified if appropriate. This fieldwork may identify archaeological deposits of regional or national importance, which may be worthy of preservation in situ.

Proposed Strategic Site (PSS) Name: WELL.2 - HRI, Warwick Road

Map:



Site size: 25.3ha

Geology: 2nd Terrace River Deposits

Past Disturbance:

Part of the site WELL.2 (to the north-east) is occupied by a quarry on the 1st Ed. OS mapping of 1886. While it is probable that this map shows the full extent of this quarry, there is a potential for quarrying to have extended elsewhere across the site. Any quarrying is likely to have removed any archaeological deposits which previously survived across the footprint of the quarry.

It is probable that this site was in agricultural use between at least the medieval period and the construction of the Horticulture Research International (HRI) complex in the mid-20th century. Whilst this activity may have caused some damage to any archaeological deposits predating, or associated with this use, this activity is unlikely to have caused extensive damage. There is therefore a potential for well-preserved archaeological deposits to survive across those areas which have not been subject to disturbance associated with the development of the HRI (including landscaping) and the area of quarrying referred to above.

The construction of the HRI, and any associated landscaping, is likely to have had a significant archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits which previously survived across this site. The extent of this impact will have been dependent upon the groundworks associated with the construction works and the nature of the archaeological deposits. Information on the groundworks associated with the HRI development (e.g. building foundation design, extent of landscaping, services etc) is not presently available, however, it is probable that the groundworks would have been greatest across the footprints of the HRI buildings. There may, however, have been less groundworks undertaken across the areas between the buildings, and across those areas used for parking etc. While it is likely that the HRI development will have had a significant archaeological impact upon any archaeological deposits previously present across the site, the full extent of this impact is presently not known, and there is a potential for 'pockets' of well preserved archaeological deposits to survive outside the main areas of ground disturbance.

Scheduled Monuments within the PSS:

- None

Scheduled Monuments within 200m of the PSS:

- None

Known archaeological sites within the PSS:

- MWA 1115 Palaeolithic hand axe found near Charlecote.
- MWA 7483 Findspot - Prehistoric flint scatter

Known archaeological sites within 200m of the PSS:

- MWA 4820 Post-medieval Turnpike road from Warwick to Paddle Brook
- MWA 8840 Findspot - Neolithic arrowhead & Bronze Age scraper
- MWA 8841 Findspot - Neolithic or Bronze Age flint tool, Warwick Rd, Charlecote
- MWA 5908 Find of a prehistoric flint scatter in Charlecote parish.

Archaeological potential of the PSS:

Archaeological finds dating to the prehistoric periods have been recovered from this site and the surrounding area, and cropmarks on aerial photographs show further archaeological features, including enclosures, linear features, a bowl barrow and a cursus in the vicinity of this proposed development site. The national importance of the cursus and bowl barrow cropmark complex, which lies 330m to the south-west of this site, is recognised by its statutory protection as a Scheduled Monument. A Roman rural settlement has also been excavated to the north-west of the site. There is therefore a potential for archaeological features related to these

known sites, and other previously unknown sites, to survive across the Proposed Strategic Site. As this site was likely to have been in agricultural use from at least the medieval period, any archaeological features present across the site are likely to pre-date the medieval period. Any such archaeological deposits are likely to be of regional or local importance.

Historic Landscape Character of the PSS:

Despite the development of the Horticulture Research International complex in the later 20th century, the field pattern of small and medium sized rectilinear fields with straight boundaries which was probably formed as a result of planned 18th/19th century enclosure, has remained relatively unchanged and is still recognisable in this area.

Sensitivity to change:

While it is likely that some aspects of the previous development of this site would have had a significant impact upon, or completely removed, any archaeological deposits previously present across the site, there is a potential for archaeological deposits to have survived at varying levels of preservation across the remainder of the site. It is probable that the proposed redevelopment of this site would have a significant impact upon any archaeological deposits which still survive across it. The extent of this impact would be dependent upon the groundworks associated with the proposed development.

Despite the development of the HRI the 18th/19th century field pattern has been relatively unchanged and is still recognisable in this area; it may be possible for the design of the development to reflect this.

Archaeological Planning Recommendation for the PSS:

Further archaeological assessment, in the form of a detailed desk-based assessment and walkover survey, should be undertaken of this site. This will help to establish the extent of the past ground disturbance across this site, which will enable a better understanding of the likelihood of archaeological deposits having survived the previous site disturbance. A report detailing the results of this assessment should be submitted with any application to redevelop this site. Further evaluative fieldwork is likely to be required across those areas of the site which have not been subject to extensive past disturbance. Dependent upon the conclusions of the desk-based assessment regarding the previous ground disturbance across this site, and the nature and extent of the proposed development (including landscaping), it may be appropriate to secure this further fieldwork by a condition upon planning consent.

Appendix One.

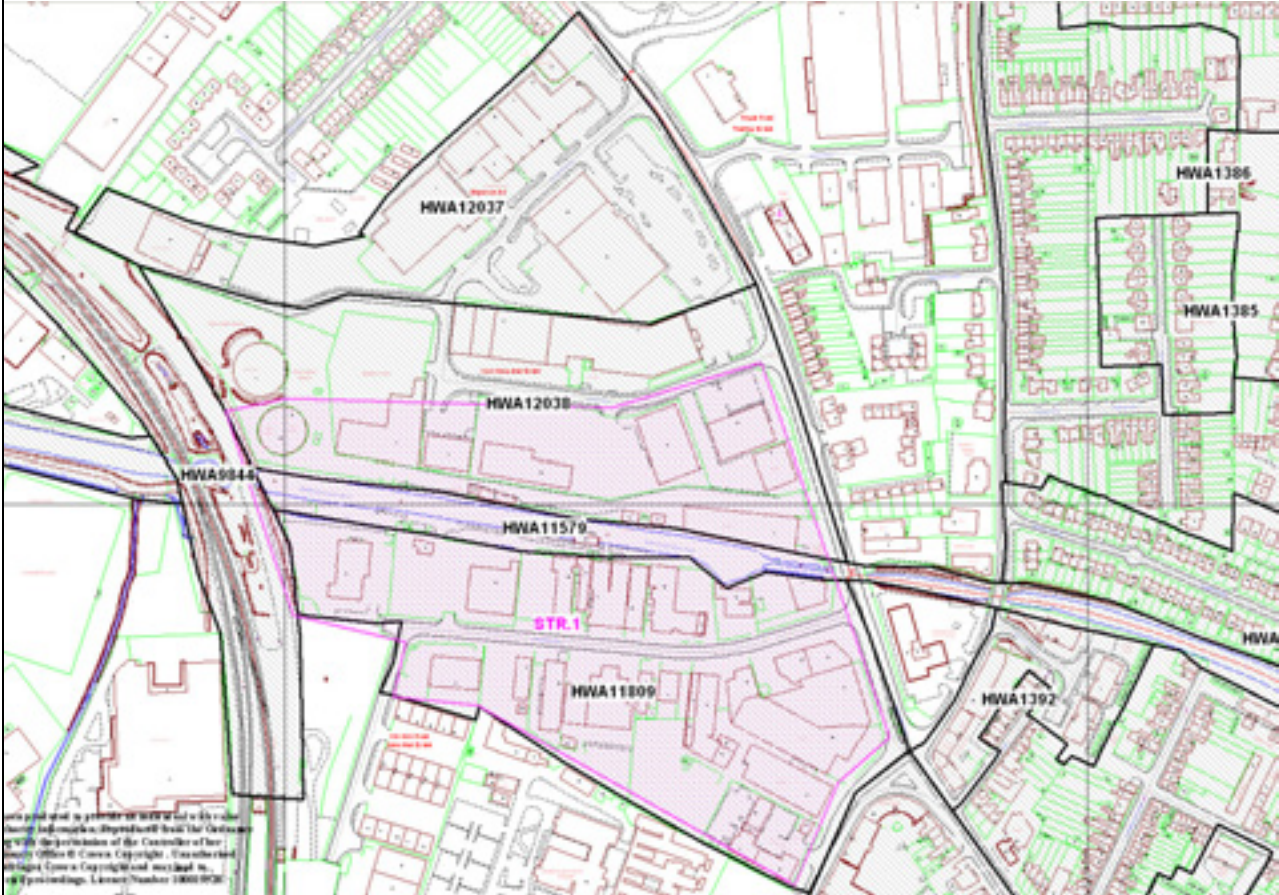
Site Specific Historic Landscape Characterisation Data.

Caveat:

Please note that the Warwickshire Historic Landscape Characterisation Project is an ongoing project due to finish at the end of 2008. As such, although all the sites below are covered by characterisation, some of the information is limited and in progress. The summaries are general summaries of the historic landscape character of the area without any district wide or county wide analysis for comparison.

Site No: STR.1

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Industrial (Post 1955 Industrial Complex)
- Transportation (Canal)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Industrial (Post 1955 Industrial Complex)
- Transportation (Railway)
- Settlement

Summary:

This site covers two distinct areas of industrial estate (Western Road and Avon industrial estates) which straddle the Stratford upon Avon Canal. These appear in their present form on modern OS maps, post 1955.

Prior to this, by the 1880s, the Avon Industrial Estate formed sidings and goods sheds relating to the Hatton-Stratford Railway. The Corporation Gas Works appeared later between 1900 and

1955.

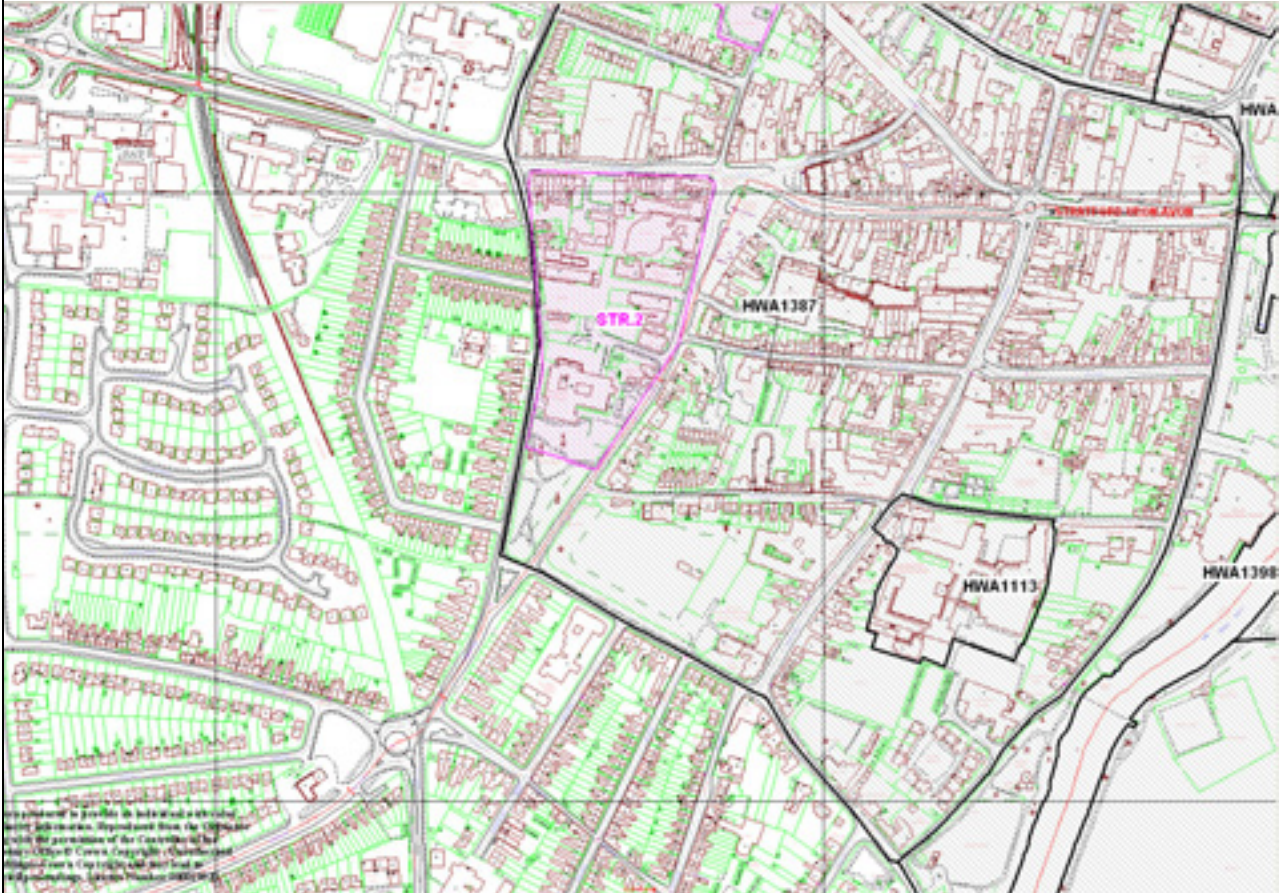
The Western Road Industrial Estate formed Brick Works marked on the OS 1st edition and named as One Elm Brick and Lime Works on the OS 2nd edition.

Points to note:

This area has had an industrial character for over 100 years relating to the development of both the canal and the railway (both still in use).

Site No: STR.2

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Settlement (Historic Settlement Core)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Other settlement

Summary:

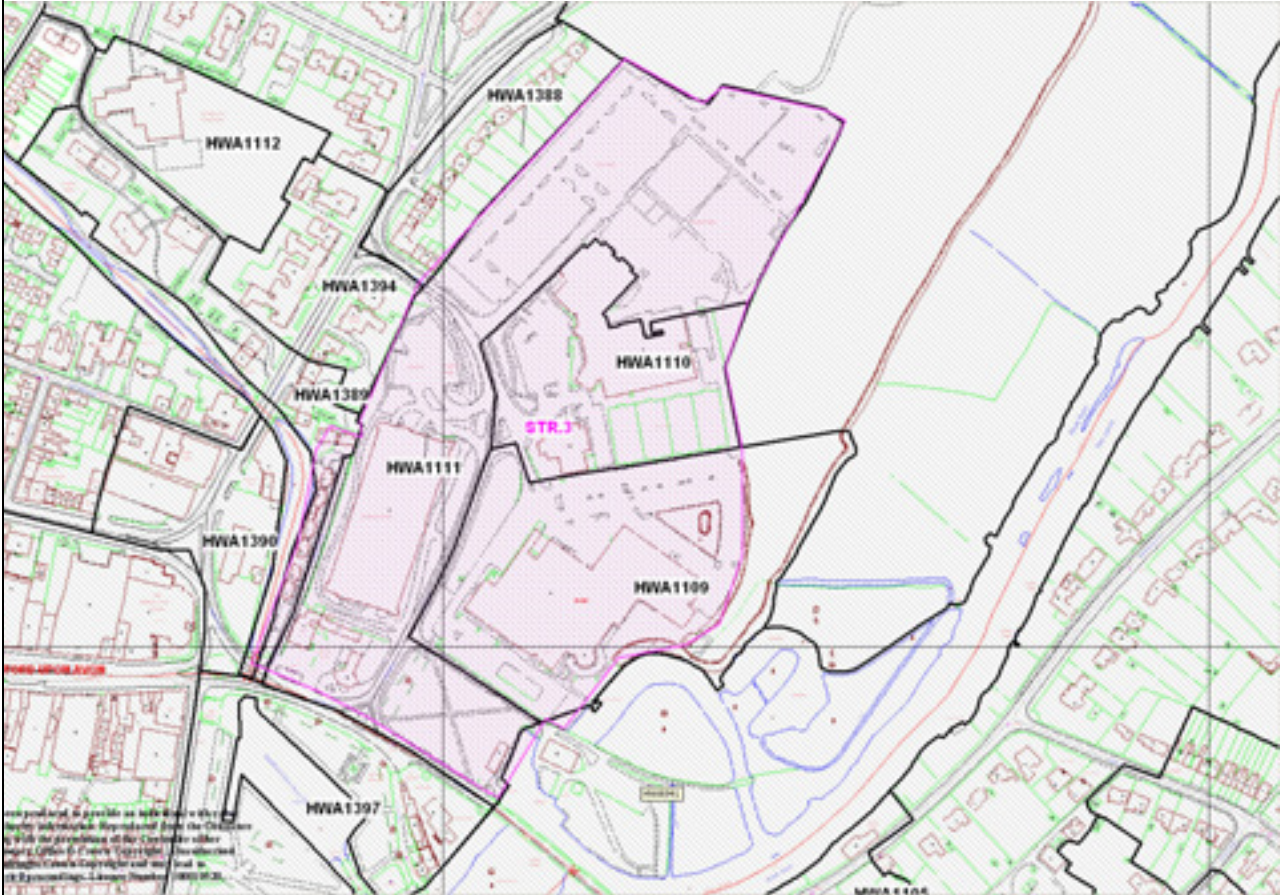
This area forms part of the Historic core of Stratford-upon-Avon which forms a similar shape, size and form on maps dating back to 1725. This area may have formed part of the medieval settlement of Stratford although it could have been on the very outskirts of the medieval town.

Points to note:

Historic core

Site No: STR.3

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Civic and Commercial (Municipal and Civic)
- Civic and Commercial (Leisure Centre)
- Civic and Commercial (Hotel)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Fieldscapes (Floodplain)
- Settlement
- Water and Valley Floor (Natural Open Water)

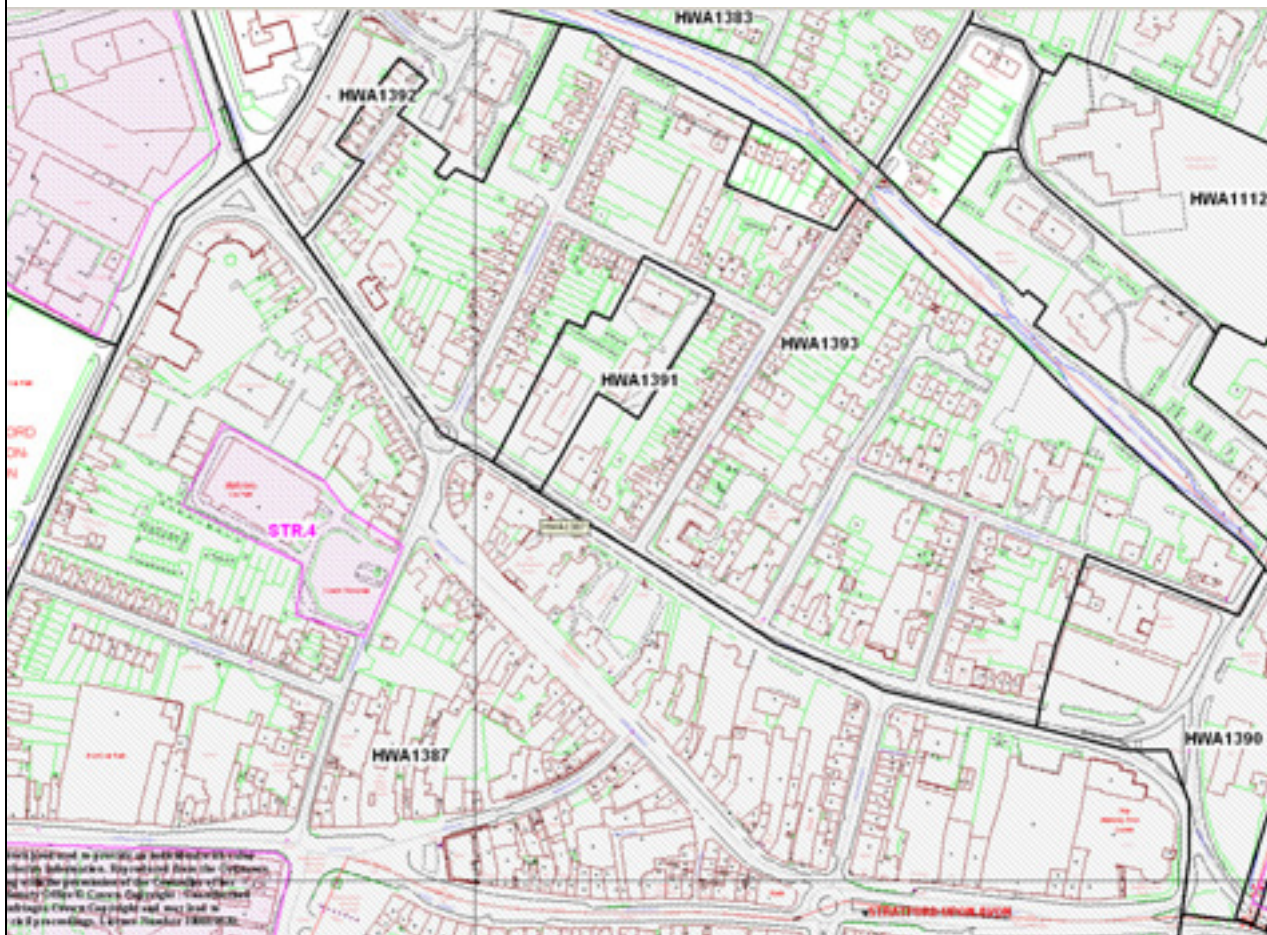
Summary:

This area forms three distinct parts; The Coach/Car Park, The Leisure Centre and the Hotel. All of these are modern post 1955 development. This area previously formed large rectilinear fields on the floodplain of the River Avon.

Points to note:

Site No: STR.4

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Settlement (Historic Settlement Core)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

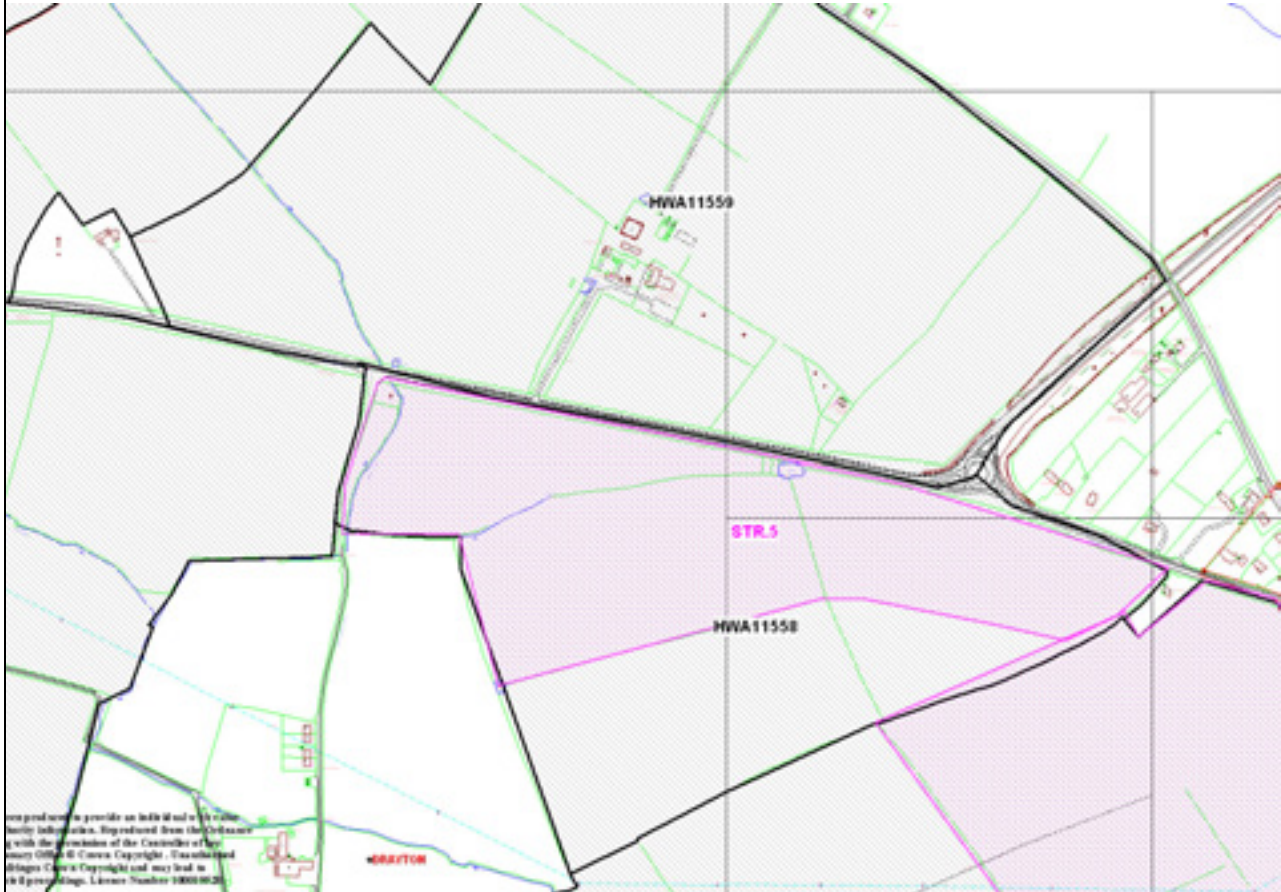
Summary:

This forms part of the wider historic core of Stratford upon Avon which forms a similar shape, size and form on maps dating back to 1725. Presently this site is a small car park and coach terminal.

Points to note:

Site No: STR.5

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Fieldsapes (Planned Enclosure)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Fieldsapes (Planned Enclosure)
- Fieldsapes (Other Large Rectilinear Fields)

Summary:

Large rectilinear fields with straight boundaries, laid out in a regular pattern, probably planned enclosure (18th/19th century). Evidence of ridge and furrow in this area suggests that this once formed medieval open fields.

A similar pattern exists in the vicinity suggesting that this forms part of a larger area that was formally enclosed in the 18th or 19th century.

Points to note:

Any development will alter the historic landscape character of this area and have an effect on the surrounding character.

Site No: STR.6

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Industrial (Post 1955 Industrial Complex)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Fieldsapes

Summary:

An egg packing station first marked on modern OS maps.

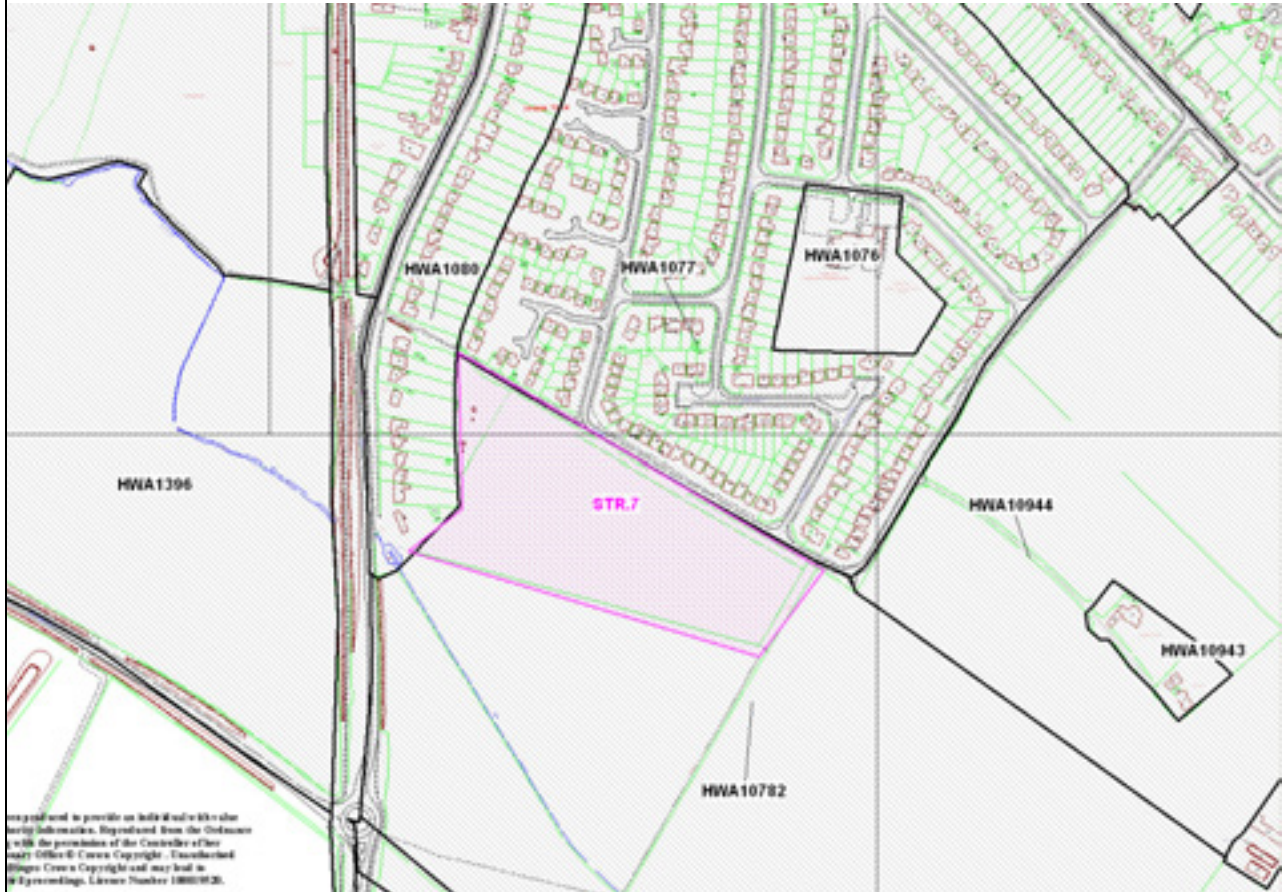
Marked on the OS 1st edition as small rectilinear fields with straight boundaries. These fields appear to be related to St Peter's Church but could also be part of the grounds associated with Royal Victoria Spa which existed earlier in the 19th century.

Points to note:

The historic character of this site and surrounding area has already begun to be substantially altered with new housing and development.

Site No: STR.7

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Fieldscapes (Planned Enclosure)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Settlement (Post 1880s/Pre 1900s Detached Housing)
- Settlement (Post 1955 Detached Housing)
- Transportation (Disused Railway)

Summary:

Large rectilinear fields with straight boundaries and laid out in a regular pattern, probably planned enclosure (18th/19th century).

Points to note:

The historic character of the surrounding area has already begun to be altered with new

housing.

Site No: STR.8

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Fieldscapes (Very Large Post War Fields)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Fieldscapes (Other Large Rectilinear Fields)
- Transportation (Disused Railway)

Summary:

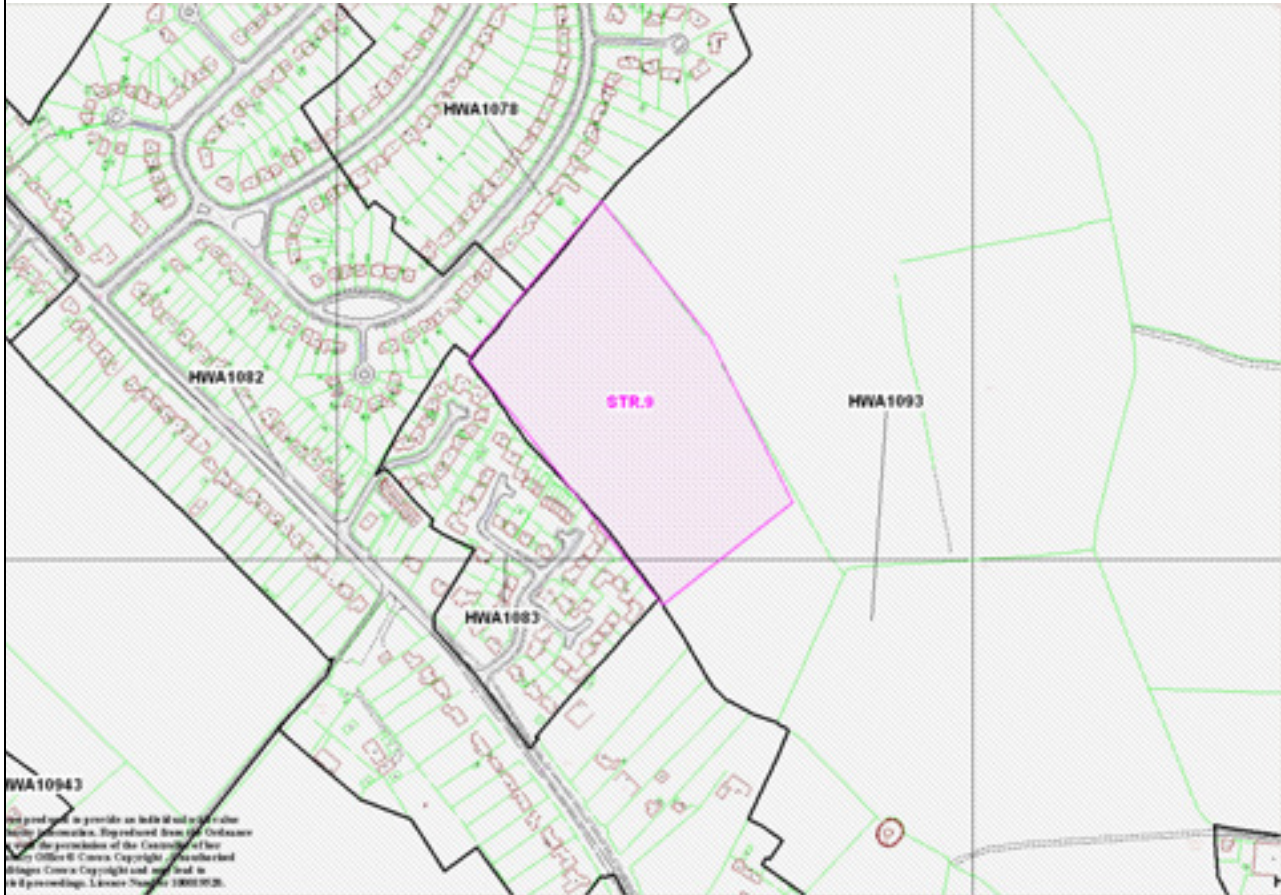
A very large rectilinear field that has been created post Second World War from the amalgamation of smaller rectilinear fields with straight boundaries which were probably planned enclosure dating to the 18th or 19th century.

Points to note:

Site lies next to the dismantled East and West Junction Railway.

Site No: STR.9

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Fieldscapes (Large Irregular Fields)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Settlement (Post 1955 Detached Housing)
- Settlement (Post 1900s/Pre 1955 Detached Housing)

Summary:

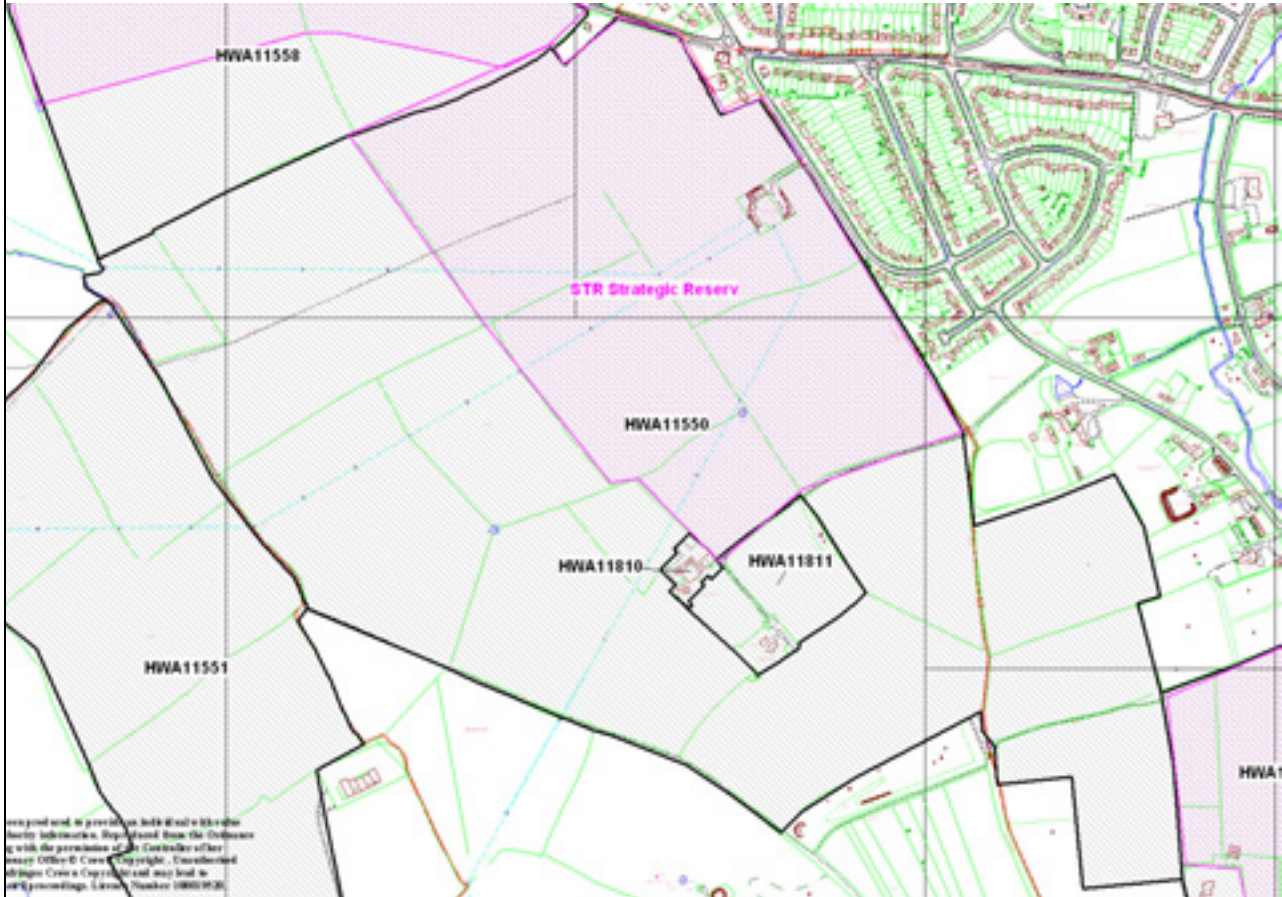
A large more irregular field with curvilinear and straight boundaries. This site and the surrounding fields may be the result of piecemeal enclosure dating to the late medieval or post-medieval period (16th-18th century).

Some ridge and furrow has been recorded although not in this particular field.

Points to note:

Site No: Strategic Reserve 1 (larger site to the north)

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Fieldscapes (Planned Enclosure)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Fieldscapes (Planned Enclosure)
- Settlement (Farm Complex pre 1880s)
- Fieldscapes (Paddocks and Closes)
- Settlement (Post 1955 Housing)

Summary:

Large rectilinear fields with straight boundaries, laid out in a regular pattern, probably planned enclosure (18th/19th century).

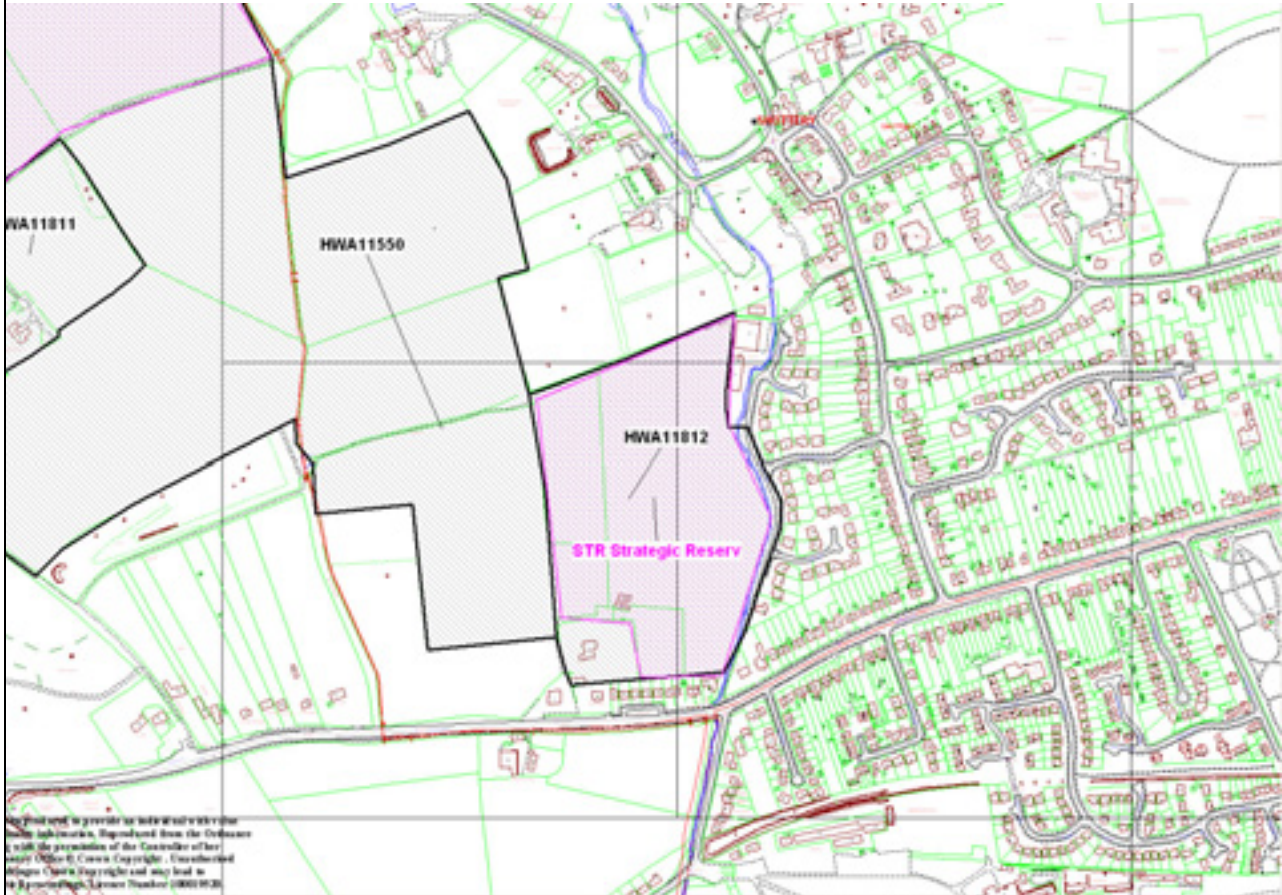
A similar pattern exists in the vicinity suggesting that this forms part of a larger area that was formally enclosed in the 18th or 19th century.

Points to note:

Any development will alter the historic landscape character of this area and have an effect on the surrounding character including the setting of Hansell Farm an Historic Farmstead.

Site No: Strategic Reserve 2 (smaller site to the south)

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Fieldscapes (Paddocks and Closes)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Fieldscapes (Planned Enclosure)
- Settlement (Post 1955 Detached Housing)

Summary:

Small rectilinear fields with straight boundaries first appearing on modern OS maps.

Marked on the OS 1955 edition map as an orchard.

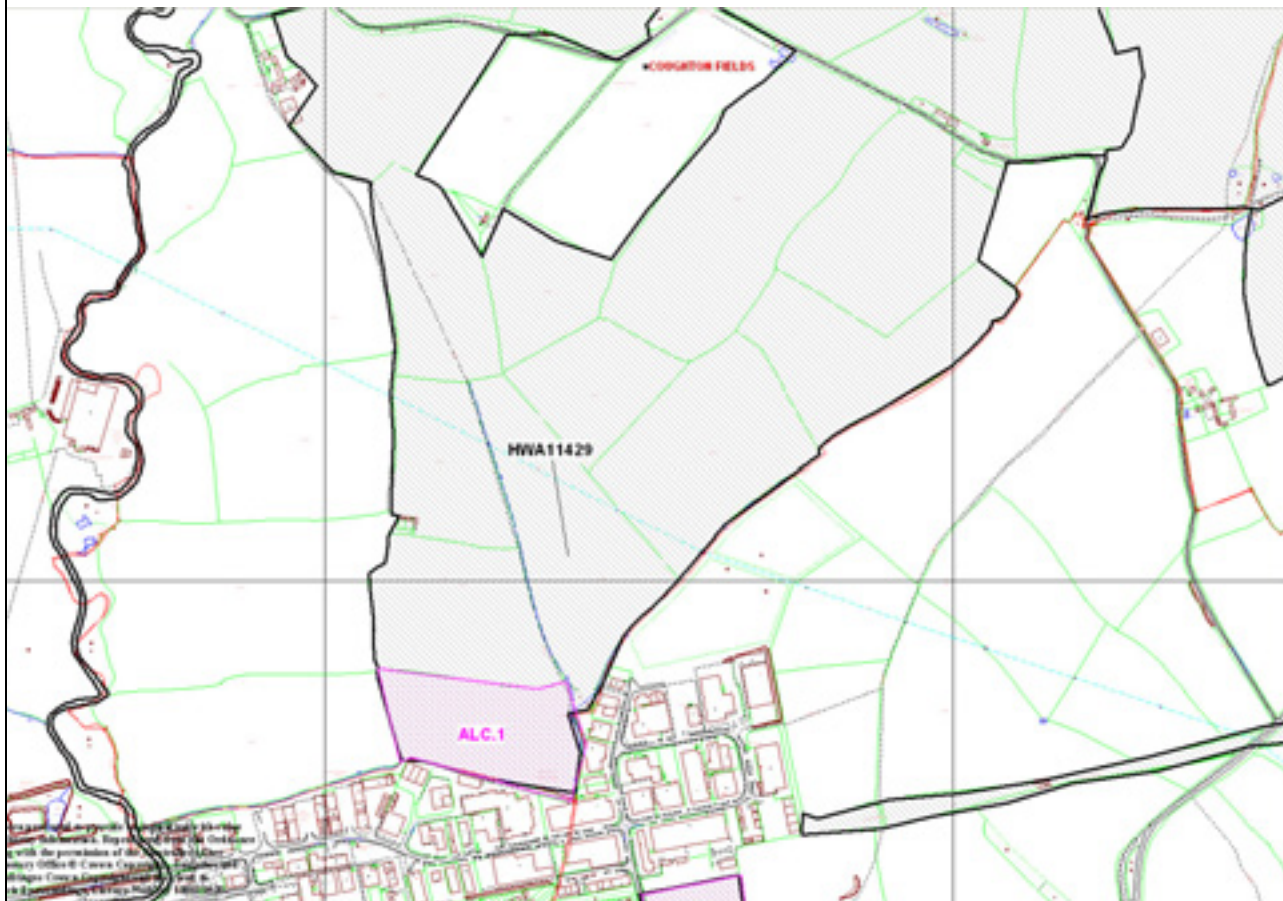
Marked on the OS 1st edition as larger rectilinear fields with straight and curvilinear boundaries, possibly planned enclosure dating to the 18th or 19th century.

Part of a rifle range ran along the northern edge of this site marked on the OS 1st and 2nd editions.

Points to note:

Site No: ALC.1

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Fieldscapes (Other Large Rectilinear Fields)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Industrial

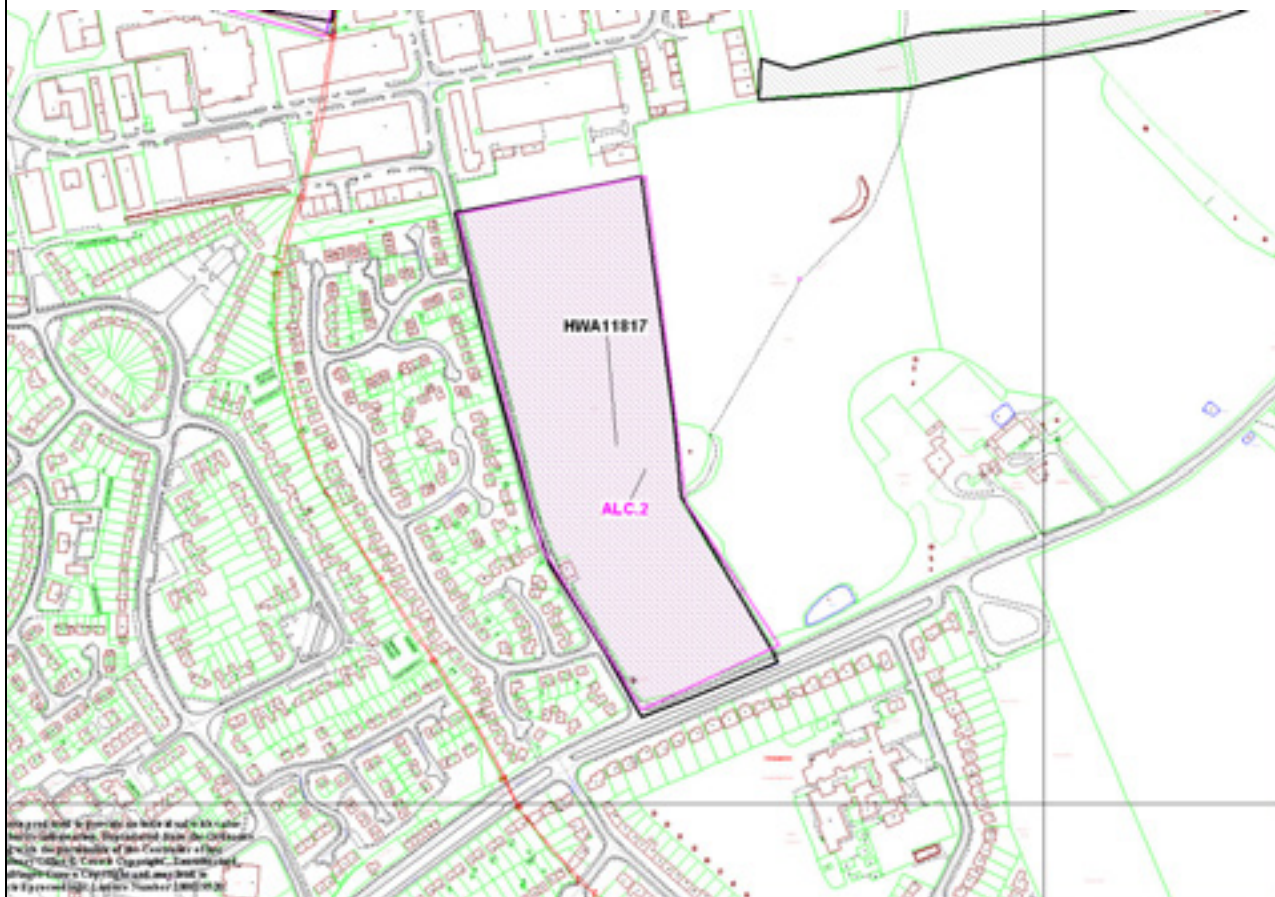
Summary:

Large rectilinear fields with curvilinear and straight boundaries, possibly planned enclosure (18th.19th century).

Points to note:

Site No: ALC.2

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Fieldscapes (Other Small Rectilinear Fields)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- ~Settlement

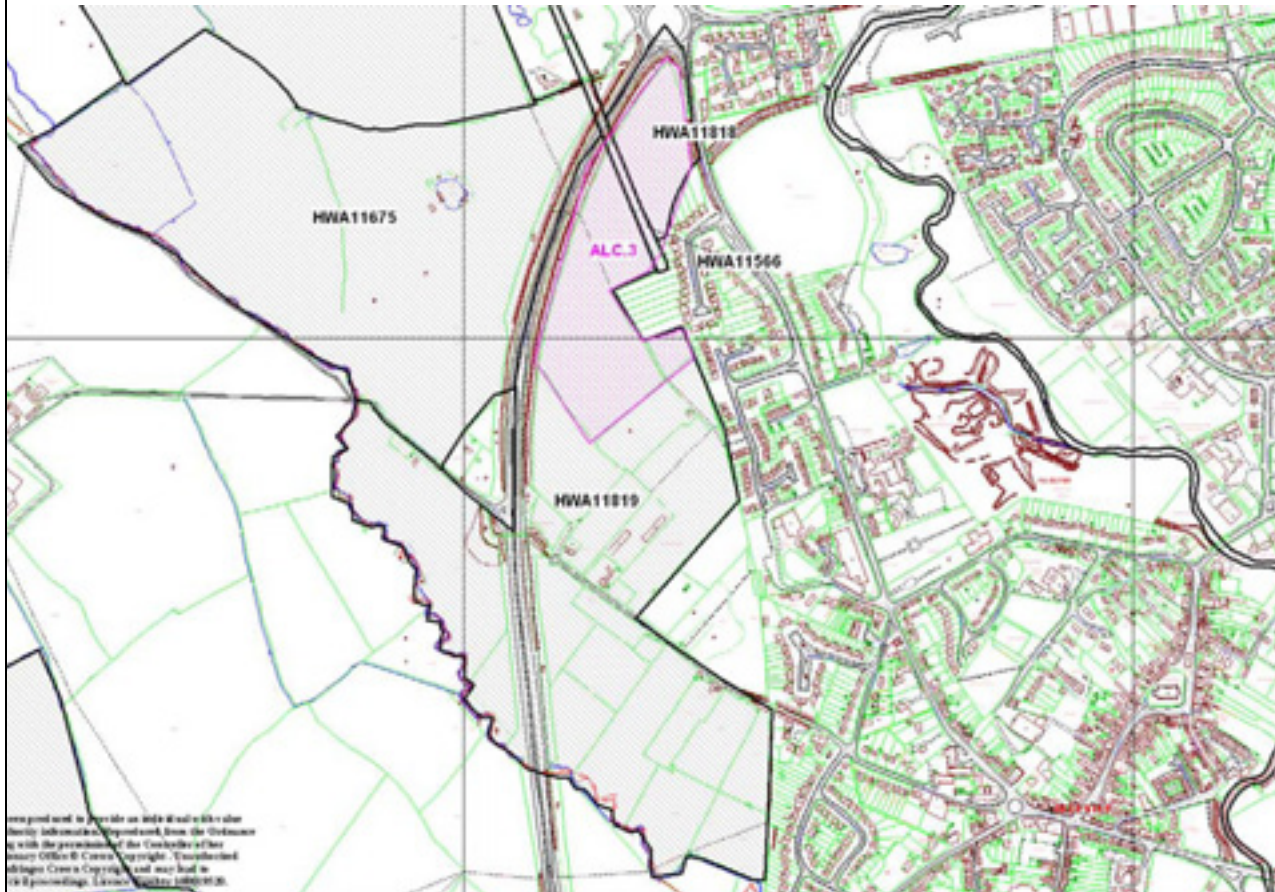
Summary:

Small rectilinear field with straight boundaries.

Points to note:

Site No: ALC.3

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Fieldscapes (Paddocks and Closes)
- Transportation (Disused Railway)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Fieldscapes (Very Large Post War Fields)

Summary:

This site forms part of a group of small rectilinear fields/paddocks with straight boundaries that has been enclosed by settlement and the A435.

The site is cut by the dismantled Midlands Railway.

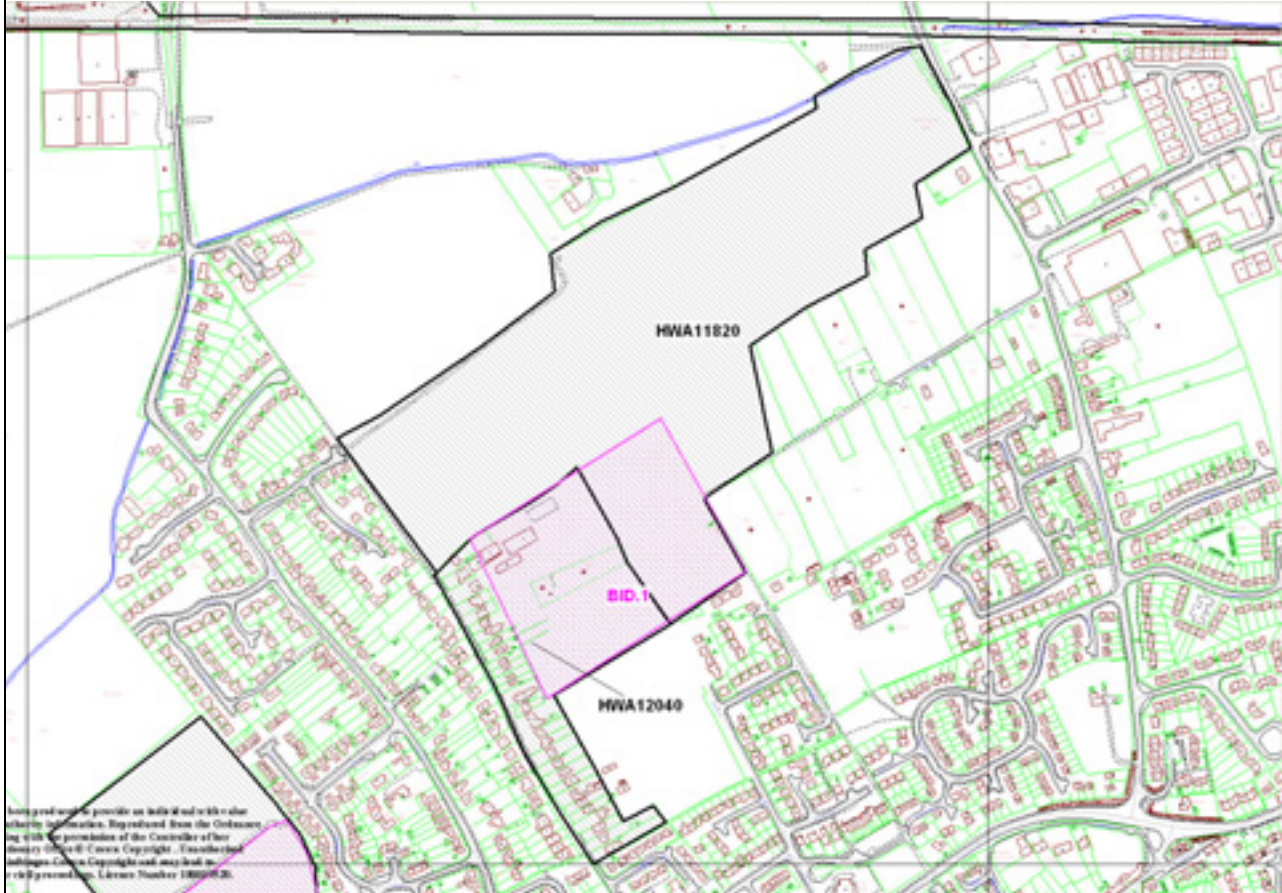
Points to note:

The small section of dismantled railway as an extant linear feature forming part of the

historic landscape character of this area could be lost.

Site No: BID.1

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Fieldscapes (Very Large Post War Fields)
- Settlement (Post 1900s/Pre 1955 Detached Housing)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Civic and Commercial (Education)
- Settlement (Post 1955 detached)

Summary:

There are two distinct parts to this site. The first to the east forms part of a very large post Second World War field. This field has been amalgamated from small irregular and rectilinear fields with straight and curvilinear boundaries, with some dog-leg and reverse 'S' boundaries, probably formed as a result of piecemeal enclosure (16th-18th century).

The second part of this site to the west appears to form part of the gardens associated with the predominantly post 1900/pre 1955 detached housing along Westholme Road.

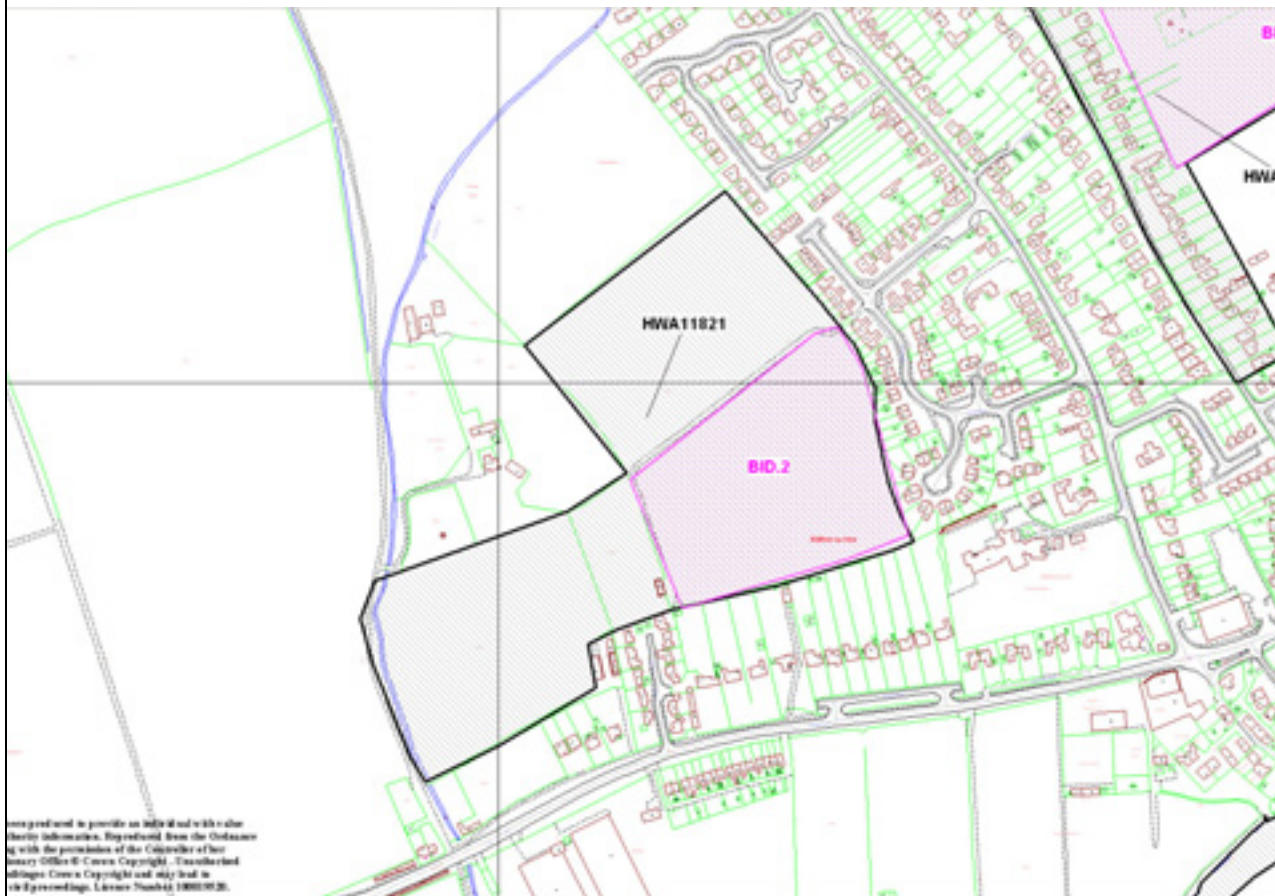
This whole site is marked as orchards and allotments on the OS 1955 edition maps.

Points to note:

The historic landscape character has changed a number of times in the last century.

Site No: BID.2

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Fieldscapes (Paddocks and Closes)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Settlement

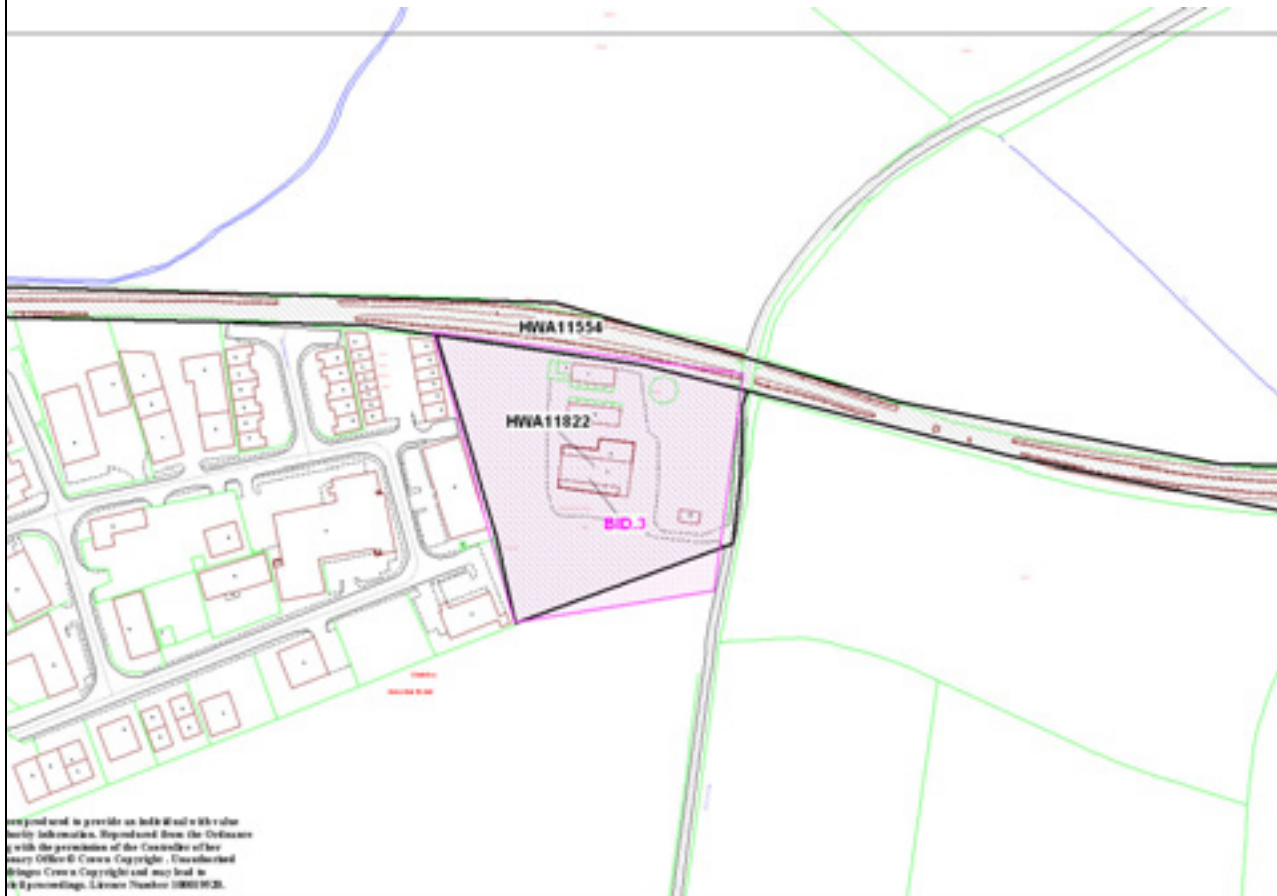
Summary:

Small rectilinear fields with straight boundaries. Marked on the OS 1955 edition map as allotments.

Points to note:

Site No: BID.3

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Settlement (Farm Complex Post 1955)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Transportation (Disused Railway)

Summary:

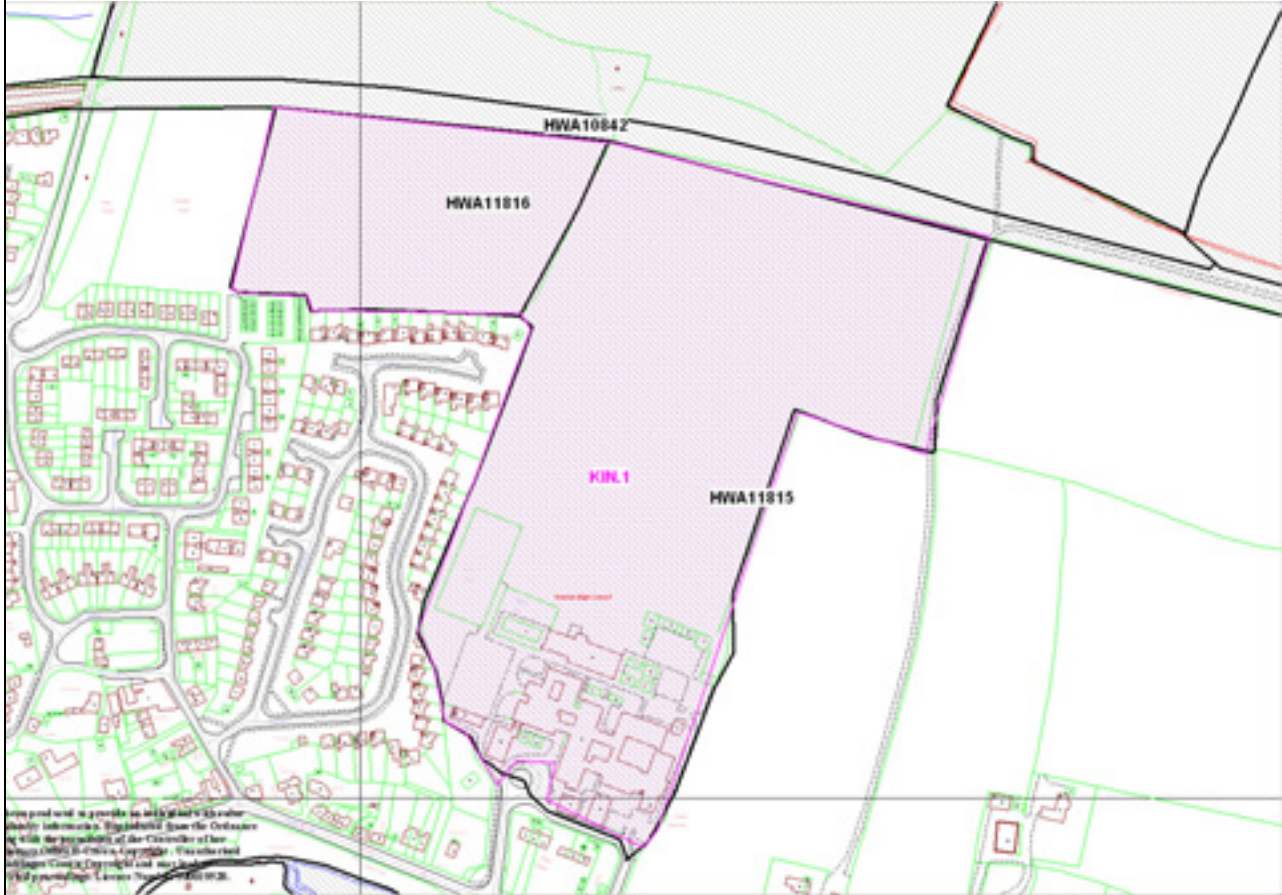
Wessons Farm first appears post 1955. This area is marked on the OS 1st edition as part of small rectilinear fields with straight and curvilinear boundaries.

The dismantled East-West Junction Railway runs along the northern edge of this site.

Points to note:

Site No: KIN.1

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Civic and Commercial (Educational)
- Fieldsapes (Paddocks and Closes)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Transportation (Disused Railway)
- Settlement

Summary:

There are two distinct areas for this site. The larger to the east forms Kineton School, first marked on modern OS maps (post 1955). This area is marked on the OS 1st edition as large irregular fields with curvilinear and straight boundaries with some dog-leg and reverse 'S' boundaries, probably formed from piecemeal enclosure (16th – 18th century). The reverse 'S' and dog-leg boundaries suggest that at one time this area probably formed medieval open fields.

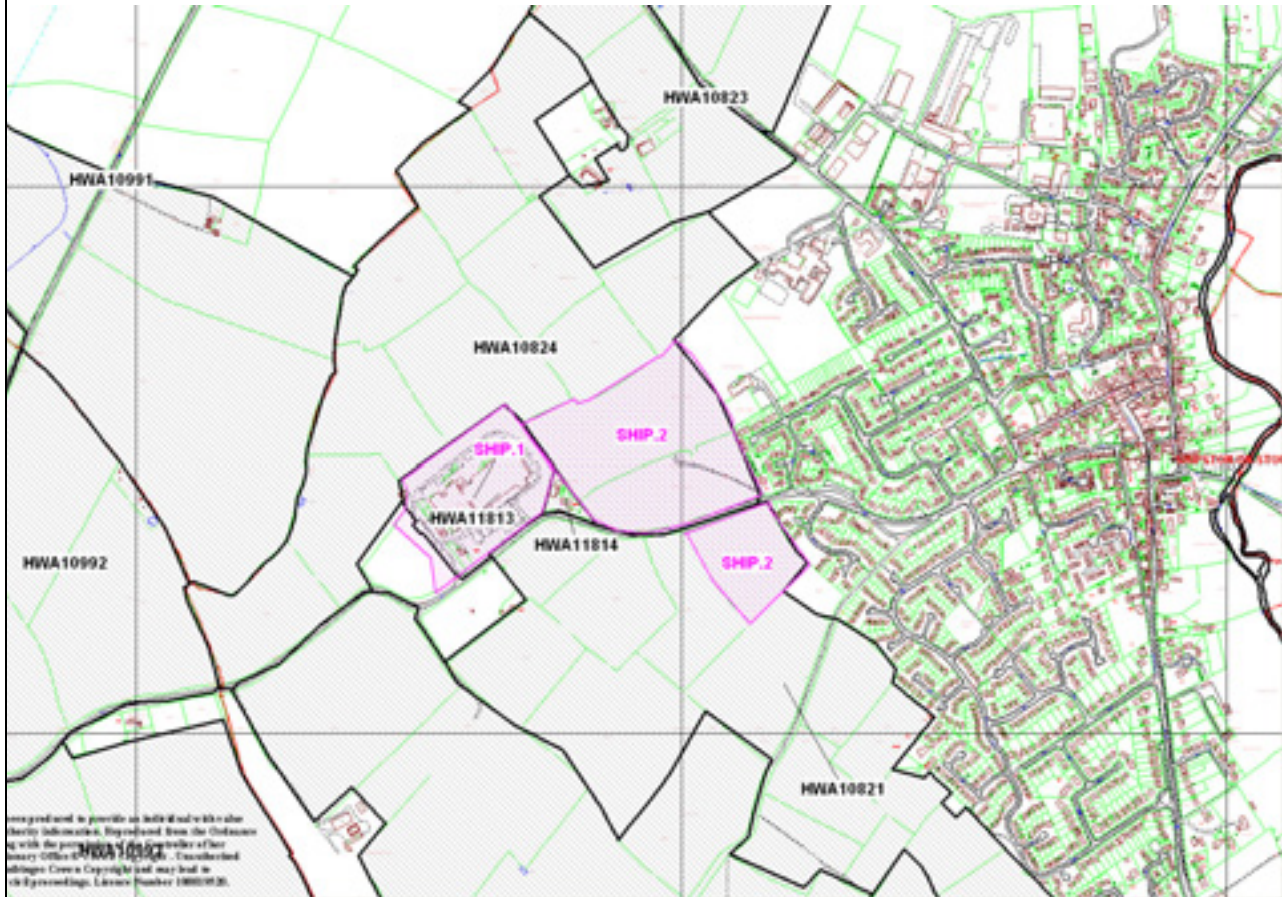
The smaller area to the north west consists of a small rectilinear field with straight and curvilinear boundaries. This field may be a remnant of earlier piecemeal enclosure (16th-18th century).

The dismantled East-West Junction Railway runs along the northern boundary of the site.

Points to note:

Site No: SHIP.1

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Industrial (Other Industrial)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Fieldscapes (Other Large Rectilinear Fields)

Summary:

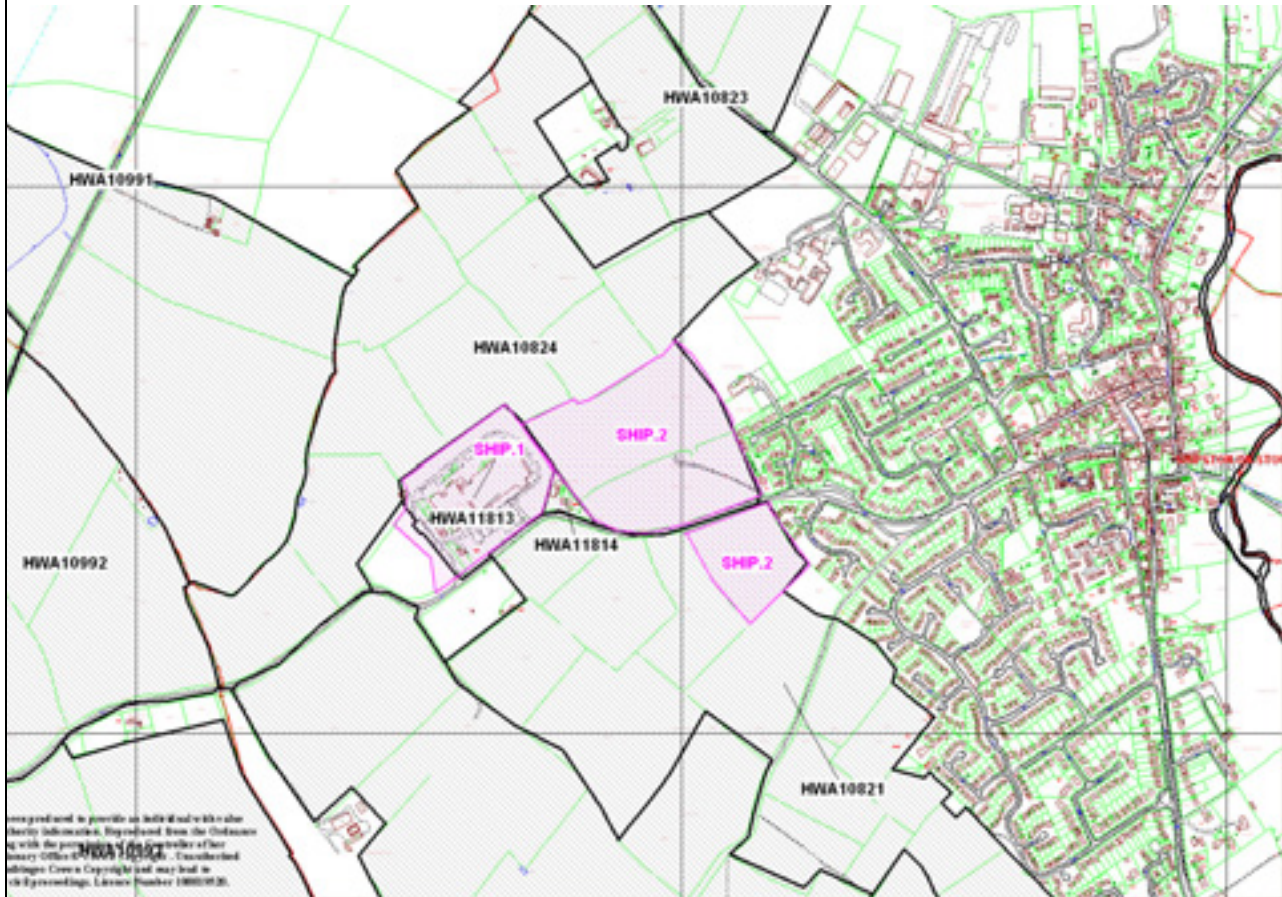
This factory first appears on modern OS maps (post 1955). This area is marked on the OS 1st edition as large rectilinear fields with straight and curvilinear boundaries, probably planned enclosure dating to the 18th or 19th century.

Points to note:

Nice ridge and furrow survival in small field to the west.

Site No: SHIP.2

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Fieldscapes (Other Large Rectilinear Fields)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Industrial (Other Industrial)
- Settlement

Summary:

This site forms two distinct areas both of which consist of large rectilinear fields with straight boundaries, laid out in a fairly regular pattern, probably a result of planned enclosure dating to the 18th/19th century.

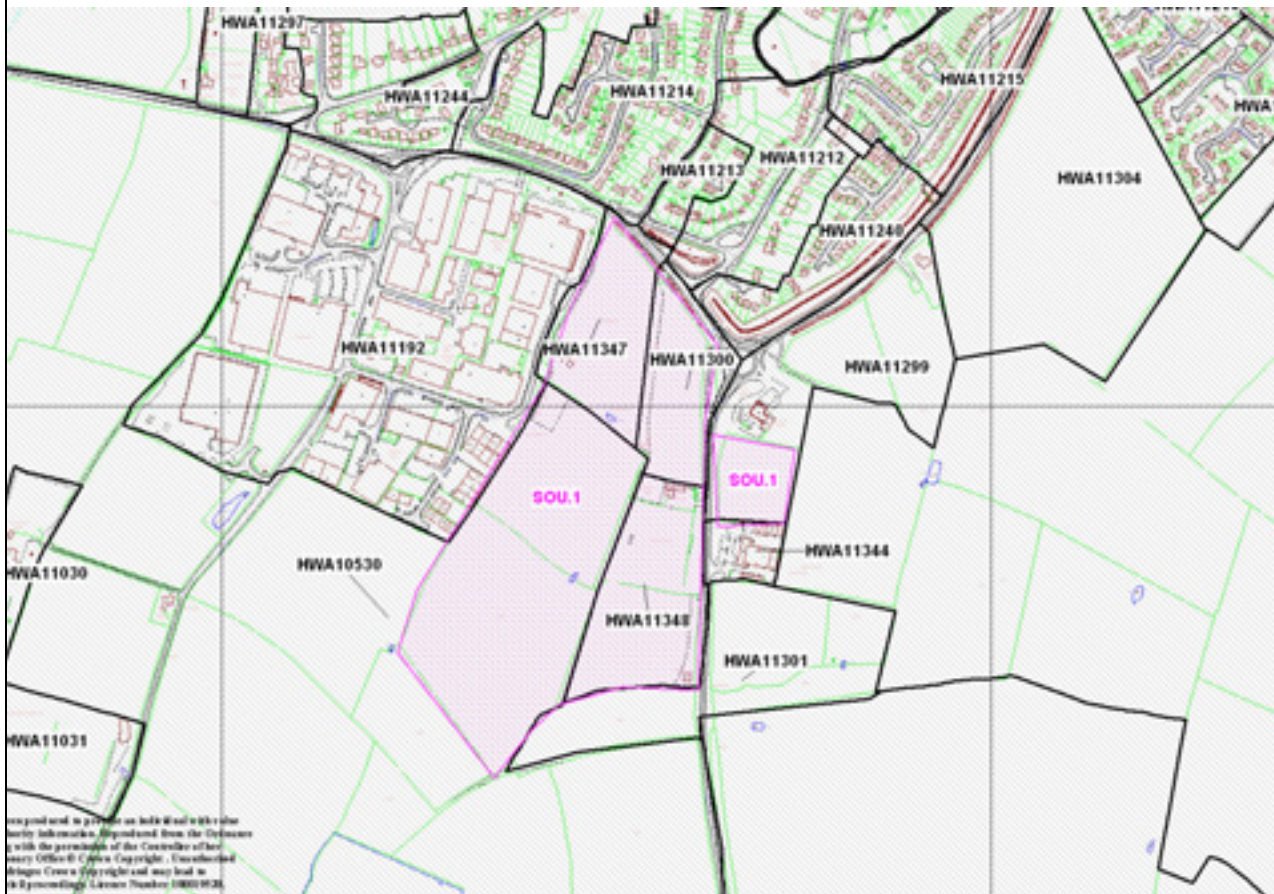
The field to the south of Campden Road also has evidence of ridge and furrow suggesting that this once formed medieval open fields.

Points to note:

At the moment this area forms a contiguous pattern crossing Campden Road forming a large area of rectilinear fields probably representative of formal 18th/19th century enclosure. If this area was developed then this pattern would begin to be divorced.

Site No: SOU.1

Map:

**HLC Type(s):**

- Fieldscapes (Other Large Rectilinear Fields)
- Fieldscapes (Paddocks and Closes)
- Designed Landscape (Sports Field)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Industrial (Post 1955 Industrial Complex)
- Settlement
- Landscapes (Planned Enclosure)

Summary:

This site is divided into a number of distinct areas. Part of this site forms cricket and football sports grounds which are first marked on modern (post 1955) OS maps. These areas of marked as large rectilinear fields with straight boundaries on the OS 1st edition and remain

largely intact despite use as sports grounds.

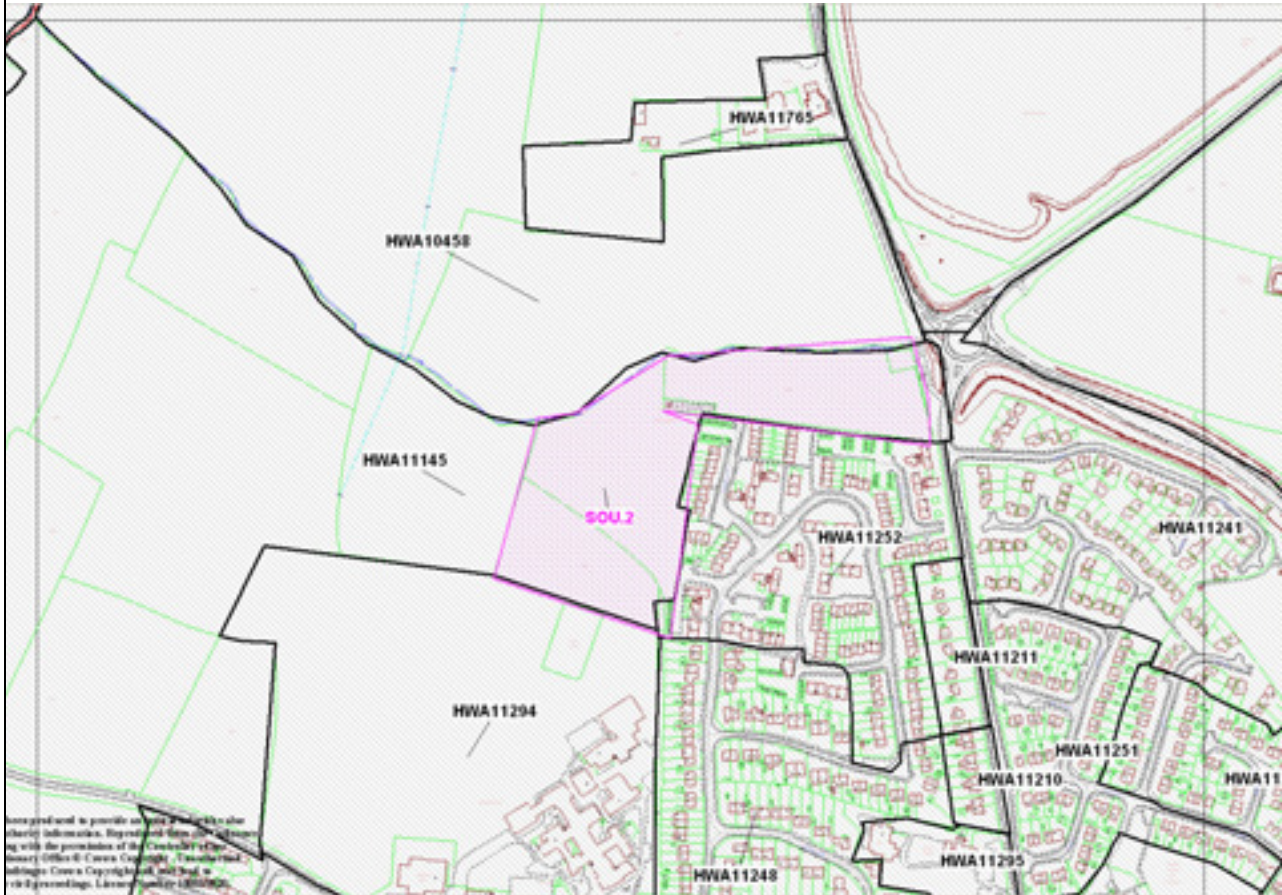
The other parts form large and medium sized rectilinear fields which together with the sports grounds show a 18th/19th century planned enclosed landscape.

The small field to the east of Banbury Road also has some very good survival of ridge and furrow showing evidence of medieval open fields.

Points to note:

Site No: SOU.2

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Fieldscapes (Other Small Rectilinear Fields)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Settlement (Post 1955 Terraced)
- Fieldscapes (Very Large Post War Fields)
- Fieldscapes (Other Small Rectilinear Fields)
- Civic and Commercial (Educational)

Summary:

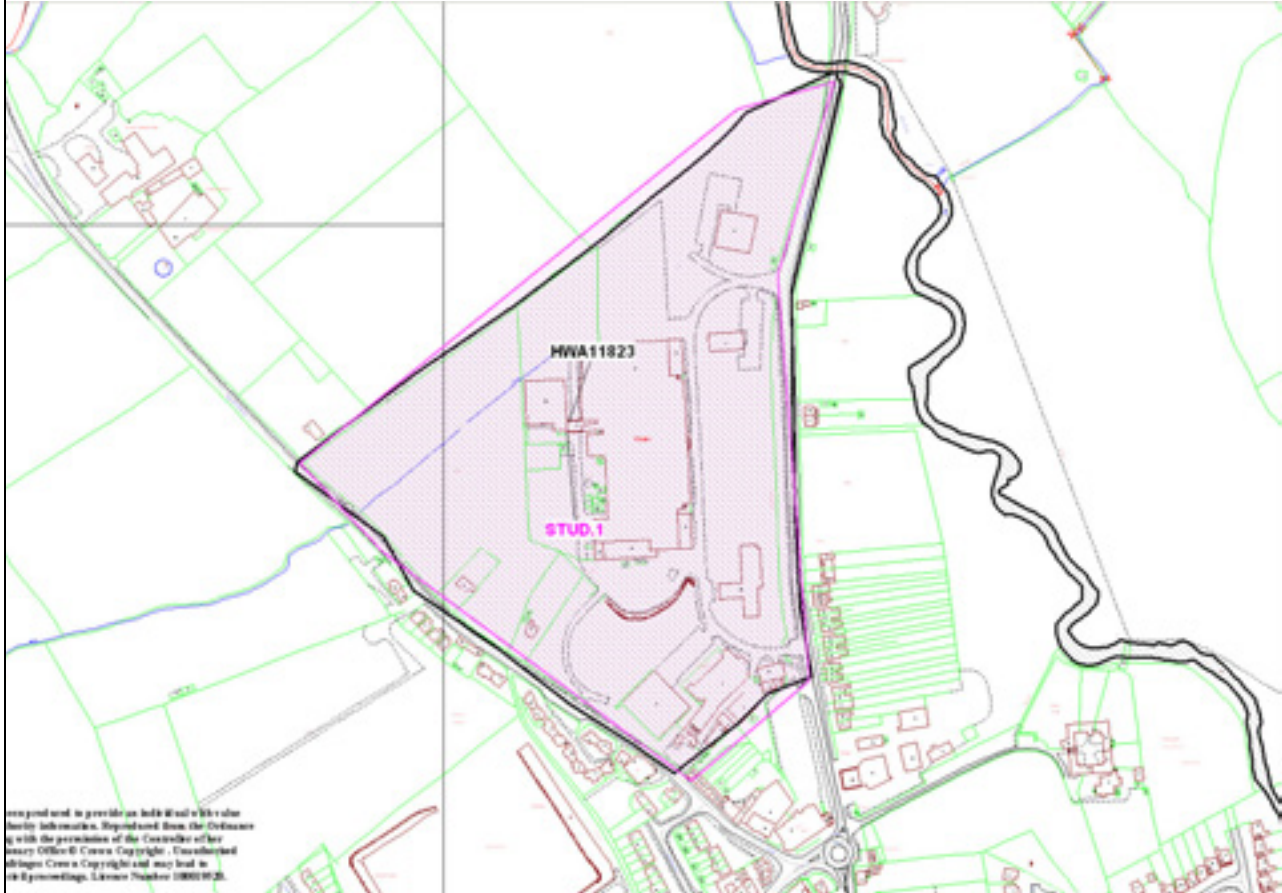
This site consists of small rectilinear and irregular fields with straight boundaries. These fields may have been formed as a result of piecemeal enclosure (16th-18th century). Excellent ridge and furrow survival in these fields shows how this area once formed medieval open fields.

Points to note:

Some of the better survival of ridge and furrow in this area.

Site No: STUD.1

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Industrial (Other Industrial)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

-

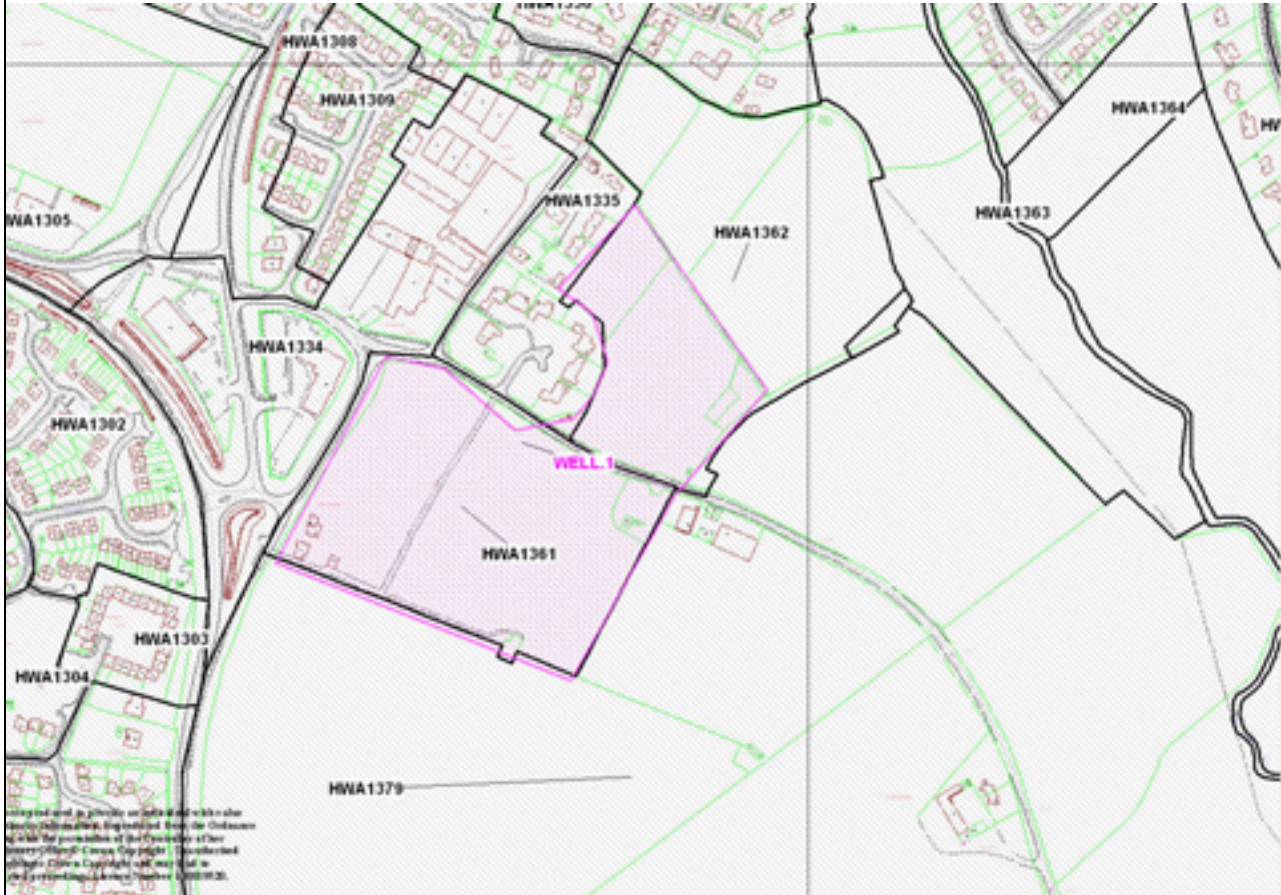
Summary:

This factory is first marked on modern (post 1955) OS maps. Marked on the OS 1st edition as small rectilinear fields with straight and curvilinear boundaries.

Points to note:

Site No: WELL.1

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Fieldscapes (Other Small Rectilinear Fields)
- Fieldscapes (Paddocks and Closes)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Fieldscapes (Planned Enclosure)
- Settlement (Post 1955 Detached)

Summary:

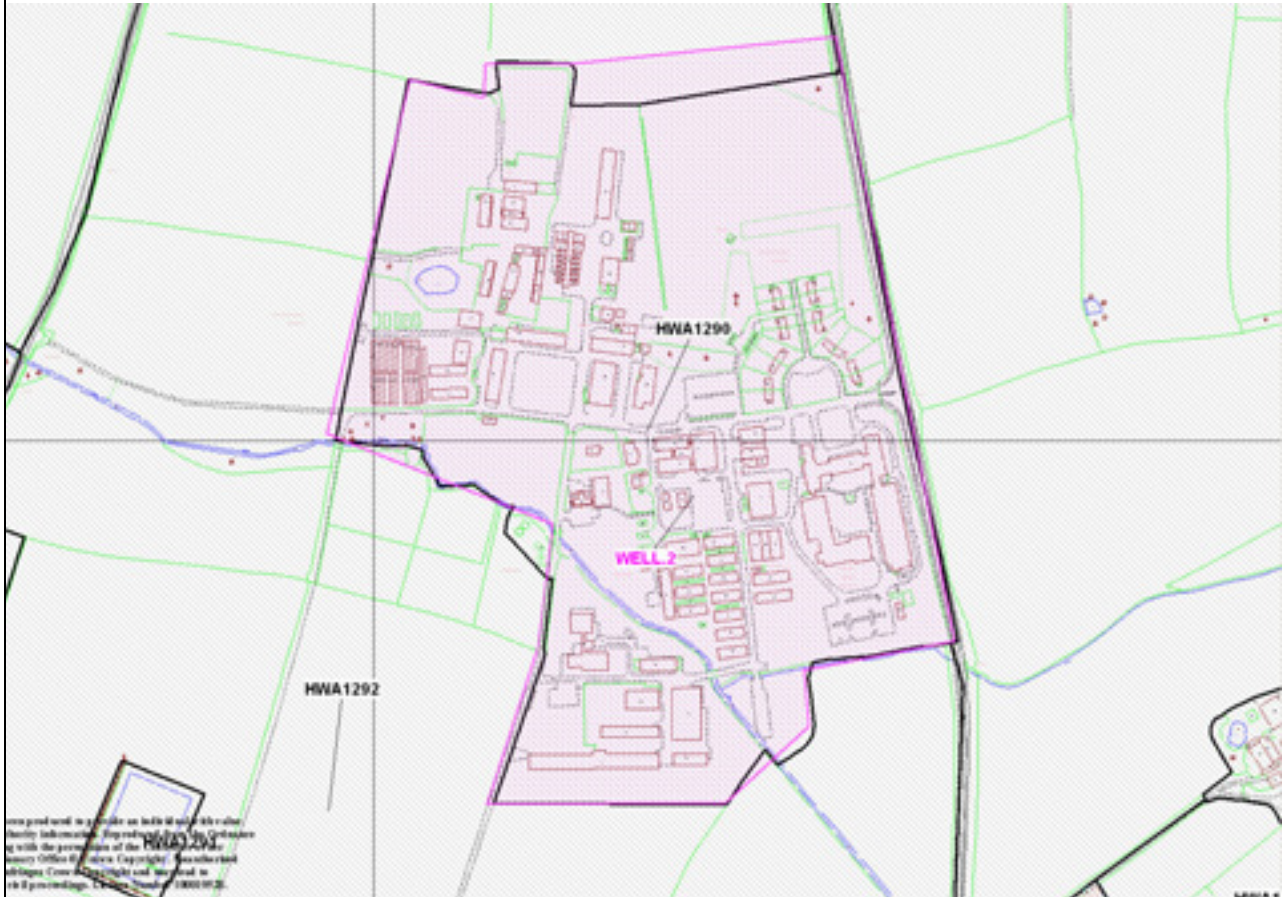
Small rectilinear fields with straight boundaries, probably formed as a result of planned enclosure (18th 19th century).

The field to the south of Walton Road once formed part of Redhill Nurseries but now appears to be scrub.

Points to note:

Site No: WELL.2

Map:



HLC Type(s):

- Civic and Commercial (Educational)

Other HLC Types in vicinity:

- Fieldscapes (Planned Enclosure)
- Settlement (Piecemeal Enclosure)

Summary:

The Horticulture Research International (HRI) first appears here on modern (post 1955) OS maps. Marked on the OS 1st edition as Cottage Farm with small and medium sized rectilinear fields with straight boundaries, probably planned enclosure (18th/19th century)

Points to note:

Despite the development of the HRI the field pattern has been relatively unchanged and is still recognisable in this area.

Appendix Two.

Site Specific Historic Environment Record Data.

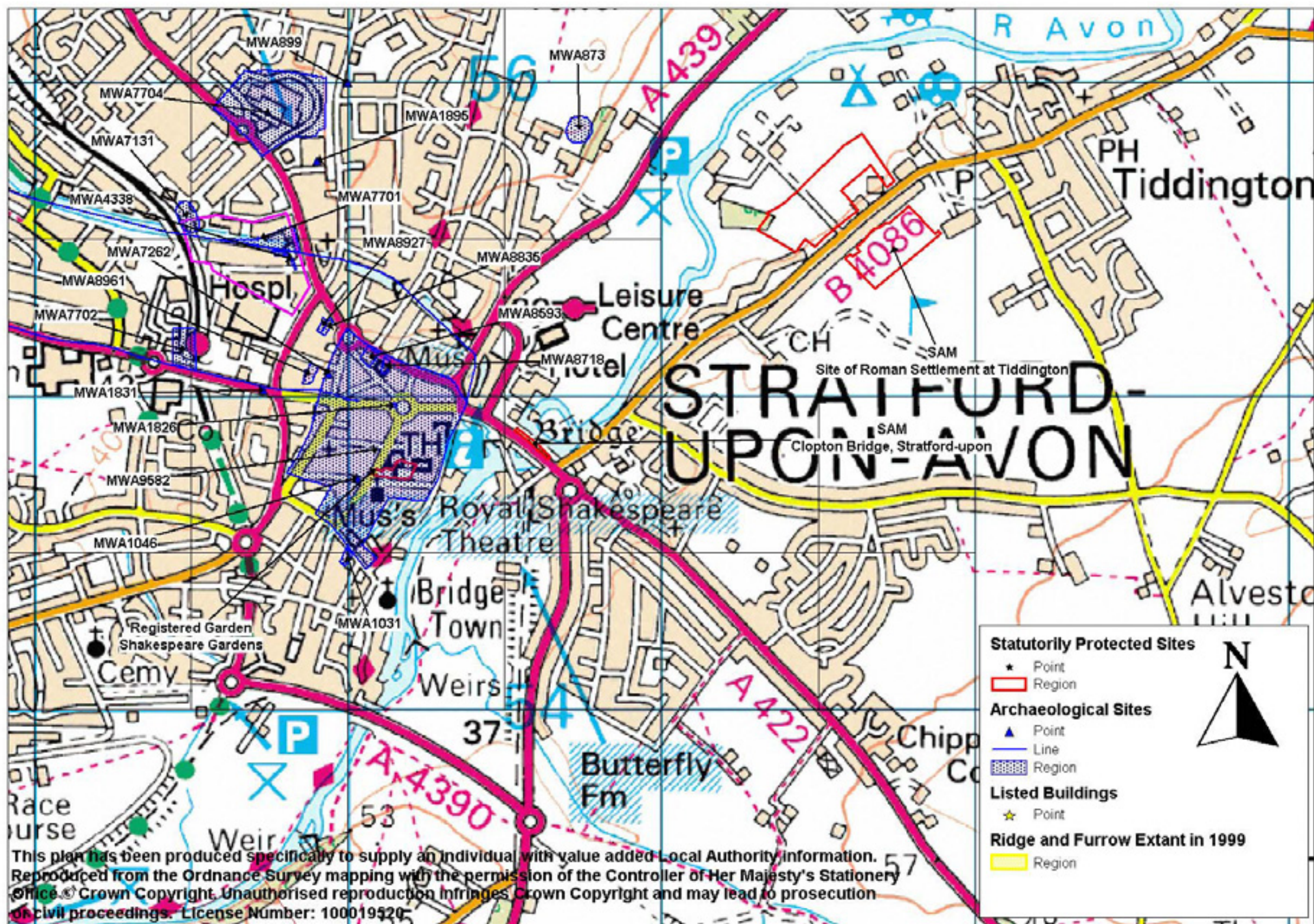
Caveat:

The following Historic Environment Record (HER) maps and reports do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the 1km radius of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this particular archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

These HER maps and reports do, however, include all HER monuments within a 200m radius of each Proposed Strategic Site and any further HER monuments relevant to this archaeological assessment which lie within a 1km radius of these sites. A judgement on the relevance of each monument within a 1km radius of the site was made by the Warwickshire Museum Planning Archaeologist.

Information considered not relevant to the archaeological assessment includes monuments which were located away from the immediate vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites and that are known not to extend across the development site (e.g. a post-medieval park with a known boundary 400m away from the site), and lone findspots located a significant distance from the Proposed Strategic Sites. In addition, duplicated information, for example a record of a medieval building which lies within an area defined as being a known area of medieval settlement have been removed from these datasets.

STR.1 – Western Road/Wharf Road (Canal Quarter)



Please note: This map and the following report do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

30/07/2008

Number of records: 21

Str.1

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA873	Migration period burial	Monument

The remains of an Anglo Saxon burial, dating to the Migration period, was found 600m south east of Clopton. The burial included a small number of bones and a brooch. It is not known whether it was a cremation or an inhumation.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA899	Findspot - Neolithic stone axe	Find Spot

Find - a Neolithic stone axe was found in the area of Clopton, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1031	Early Medieval pit & post holes	Monument

Pits and post holes of Early Medieval date were uncovered during part excavation of the site of the vicarage in Old Town, Stratford on Avon. Pottery of the same period was found in the pits and post holes.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1046	Findspot - Roman coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a Roman coin of Constantine was found opposite New Place in Church Street, Stratford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1826	Roman road	Monument

The remains of a Roman road. Part of a road surface and a ditch were discovered during archaeological work in Wood Street, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1831	Roman bronze object from Stratford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot of a bronze object dating to the Roman period and found 150m north west of the Civic Hall, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1895	19th century Brewery, Clopton Road	Building

The site of a brewery dating to the Imperial period. The building is situated in Clopton Road, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4330	The Stratford-upon-Avon Canal	Monument

The Stratford on Avon Canal dates from the Imperial period. It runs between the Bancroft Basin in Stratford and the Worcester and Birmingham Canal at Kings Norton, Birmingham.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4338	Canalside industrial area at One Elm	Monument

The site of a canal wharf, where vessels would have loaded and unloaded during the Imperial period. It was located between the canal and the eastern end of Western Road, and is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4786	Turnpike Road from Stratford to Bradley Brook via Alcester	Monument

The site of a toll road dating to the Imperial period and which ran from Stratford to Bradley Brook, via Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7131	Corporation Gas Works	Monument

The site of Corporation Gas Works which was in use from the Imperial period into the 20th century. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1905. The gas works was situated 150m north east of the football ground, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7262	Findspot -glass at Guyvers Garage	Monument

Findspot - pottery sherds and fragments of glass dating to the Post Medieval period were found during archaeological work. The finds were discovered 100m north east of the civic hall, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7701	Railway Sidings in Stratford	Monument

The site of railway sidings which date to the Imperial period. They are marked on Ordnance Survey maps in the 1880s. The sidings were located 100m north of the football ground, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7702	Stratford GWR Station	Monument

The site of a railway station dating to the Imperial period and which is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1823. It is situated 400m north west of the civic hall, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7704	Brickworks in Stratford	Monument

The site of brickworks, where bricks were made during the Imperial period. They were marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886, and were located in an area south of Maple Grove, Stratford-on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8593	Shakespeare's Birthplace grounds	Monument

A 19th century formal garden, of interest as an early attempt to recreate a "Shakespearian" garden. It is associated with the Shakespeare's birthplace in Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8718	Prehistoric flint at 8/9 Henley Street	Find Spot

Findspot - a single flint artefact of Prehistoric date was found during archaeological work in Henley Street, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8835	Medieval burgage plot boundary at Warburton's Scrapyard	Monument

A boundary wall was found during archaeological work, which may have run along the same line as a Medieval property boundary. The majority of finds and other features found dated to the Imperial period. The site is situated at Warburton's Scrapyard, Stratford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8927	Modern pit, Elm Court, Birmingham Road, Stratford upon Avon	Monument

A large pit was discovered during an archaeological work. It was associated with the 20th century iron works which previously occupied the site. The pit was found north of the Windsor Street Carpark, Stratford-upon-Avon.

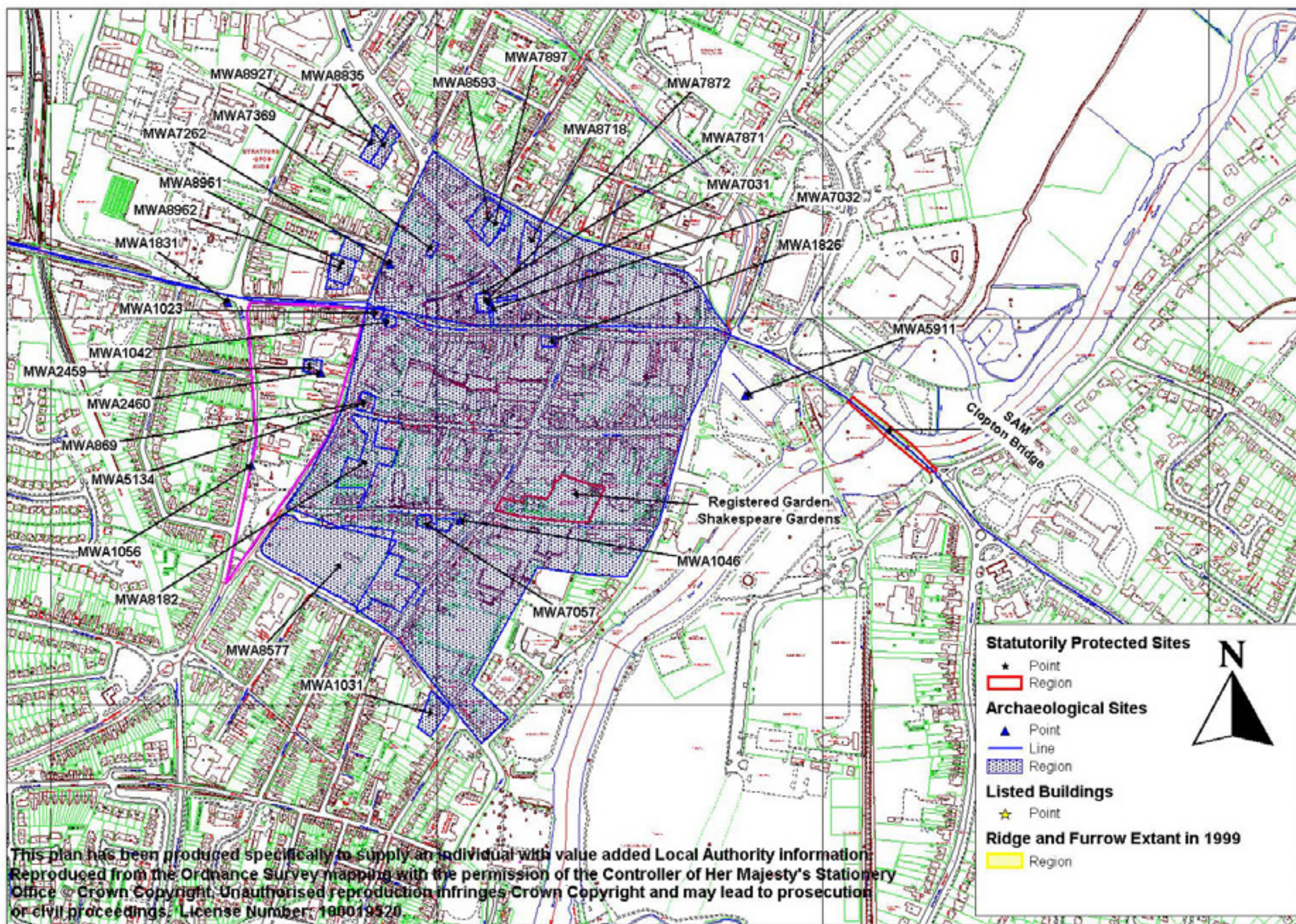
HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8961	Four pits, Mansell Street, Stratford on Avon	Monument

Four post medieval pits were recorded during archaeological work. The site was in Mansell Street, Stratford-upon-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9582	Stratford-upon-Avon Medieval Settlement	Monument

The probable extent of the medieval settlement of Stratford-upon-Avon based on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

STR.2 – Rother Street/Grove Road (Rother Quarter)



Please note: This map and the following report do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

30/07/2008

Number of records: 33

Str.2

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA869	Site of Medieval House at Rother Street	Monument

The remains of a Medieval building were found during an archaeological excavation. The building was situated in Rother Street, Stratford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA899	Findspot - Neolithic stone axe	Find Spot

Find - a Neolithic stone axe was found in the area of Clopton, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1023	Site of Market Cross in Rother Street	Monument

The site of a market cross which stood in Rother Street, Stratford on Avon. No trace of the cross now remains above ground.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1031	Early Medieval pit & post holes	Monument

Pits and post holes of Early Medieval date were uncovered during part excavation of the site of the vicarage in Old Town, Stratford on Avon. Pottery of the same period was found in the pits and post holes.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1042	Site of Bridge at Rother Street, Stratford upon Avon	Monument

The site of a Post Medieval bridge built in 1676 over the brook in Rother Market. It was in use for just over 100 years. The site was at the west end of Wood Street.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1046	Findspot - Roman coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a Roman coin of Constantine was found opposite New Place in Church Street, Stratford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1056	Dovecote in Grove Road, Stratford	Building

A dovecote, a building used for the breeding and housing of doves or pigeons. It dates to the Post Medieval period, and is situated in Grove Road, Stratford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1826	Roman road	Monument

The remains of a Roman road. Part of a road surface and a ditch were discovered during archaeological work in Wood Street, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1831	Roman bronze object from Stratford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot of a bronze object dating to the Roman period and found 150m north west of the Civic Hall, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2459	Site of Rother Market Chapel, Rother Street	Monument

The site of a nonconformist chapel, originally Presbyterian, built in the Post Medieval period. It was demolished in 1976. It was located off Rother Street, behind the present Congregational Church.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2460	Congregational Chapel, Rother Street, Stratford on Avon	Building

A nonconformist Congregational Chapel, built in the Imperial period, and located in Rother Street.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4005	Romano British Brooch from E of Racecourse	Find Spot

Findspot - a brooch dating to the Roman period was found 350m east of the race course, Stratford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4757	The Saltway running from Droitwich to Finmere	Monument

The Saltway, a major Roman road running east and southeast from Droitwich, which can be traced across much of Warwickshire

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4786	Turnpike Road from Stratford to Bradley Brook via Alcester	Monument

The site of a toll road dating to the Imperial period and which ran from Stratford to Bradley Brook, via Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5134	Site of Post Medieval House at Rother Street	Monument

The remains of a Post Medieval house were found during an archaeological excavation. It was situated 95m south east of the Civic Hall, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5911	Findspot - Roman coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a Roman coin was recovered from the Stratford upon Avon Canal Basin.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7031	Medieval buildings at 'Bards Walk', Wood Street Excavation	Monument

Evidence for the Medieval town, including the remains of houses, was found during an archaeological excavation. The discoveries were made in Wood Street, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7032	Medieval plot at 'Bards Walk' Wood Street Excavation, Stratford on Avon	Monument

The remains of a Medieval boundary, in the form of a bank and ditch, were found during an excavation. The boundary was probably create when the new town was laid out. It was situated in Wood Street, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7057	Medieval Boundary Ditch	Monument

A Medieval ditch was found during archaeological work in Church Street, Stratford on Avon. The ditch was probably the boundary of a tenement.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7262	Findspot -glass at Guyvers Garage	Monument

Findspot - pottery sherds and fragments of glass dating to the Post Medieval period were found during archaeological work. The finds were discovered 100m north east of the civic hall, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7369	Medieval boundary and possible well at The Minories	Monument

A Medieval boundary separating two house plots was found during an archaeological excavation. Medieval finds were also discovered, as well as a possible well. The site is situated 150m north east of the civic hall, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7871	Medieval burgrave plot at Bard's Walk, Wood Street	Monument

Evidence for Medieval settlement was found during an archaeological excavation. The remains of a building and a boundary ditch were discovered. The site was located in Wood Street, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7872	Possible iron works at Bard's Walk, Wood Street	Monument

A large quantity of iron slag was found during an excavation in Wood Street, Stratford upon Avon. This suggests that there may have been an iron works in this area during the Medieval period.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7897	Shakespeare's Birthplace	Monument

A resistivity survey revealed a rectangular feature, possibly the remains of a building incorporating a cellar. Later excavation uncovered features and finds from the Medieval and Post Medieval periods. The site is on the east side of Henley Street, Stratford-on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8182	Evaluation, Land off Ely Street, Stratford upon Avon	Monument

A Medieval pit containing fragments of pottery was found during archaeological work. A Post Medieval boundary was also discovered. The site was located near Ely Street, Stratford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8577	Mason Croft garden	Monument

A garden at Mason Croft dating to the early 20th century, and probably developed by Marie Corelli. It includes a gazebo, and is situated behind Church Street and Chestnut Walk.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8593	Shakespeare's Birthplace grounds	Monument

A 19th century formal garden, of interest as an early attempt to recreate a "Shakespearian" garden. It is associated with the Shakespeare's birthplace in Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8718	Prehistoric flint at 8/9 Henley Street	Find Spot

Findspot - a single flint artefact of Prehistoric date was found during archaeological work in Henley Street, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8835	Medieval burgage plot boundary at Warburton's Scrapyard	Monument

A boundary wall was found during archaeological work, which may have run along the same line as a Medieval property boundary. The majority of finds and other features found dated to the Imperial period. The site is situated at Warburton's Scrapyard, Stratford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8927	Modern pit, Elm Court, Birmingham Road, Stratford upon Avon	Monument

A large pit was discovered during an archaeological work. It was associated with the 20th century iron works which previously occupied the site. The pit was found north of the Windsor Street Carpark, Stratford-upon-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8961	Four pits, Mansell Street, Stratford on Avon	Monument

Four post medieval pits were recorded during archaeological work. The site was in Mansell Street, Stratford-upon-Avon.

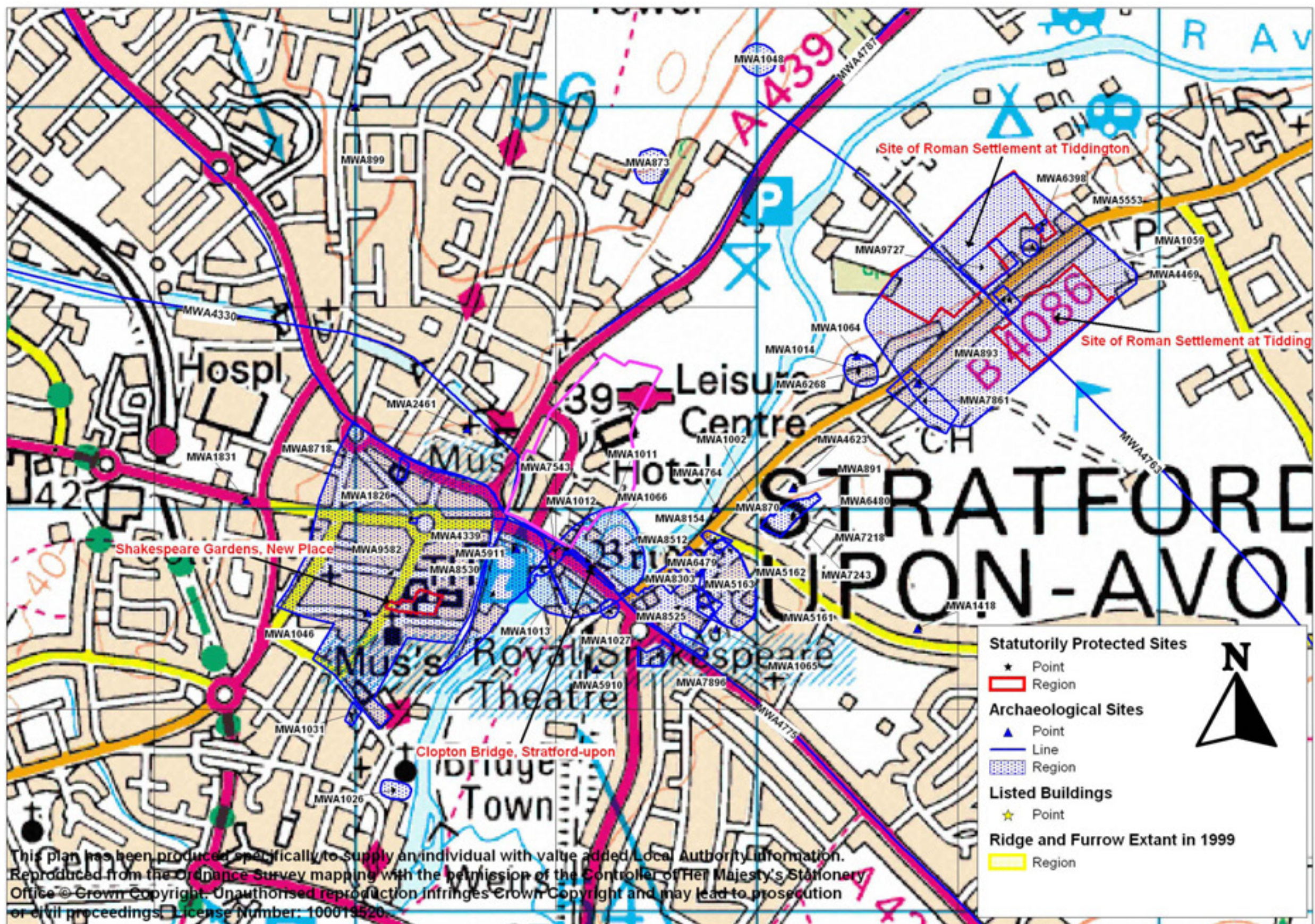
HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8962	Well and culvert, Mansell Street, Stratford on Avon	Monument

Archaeological work uncovered a well and a culvert of Post Medieval date. They were found in the area of Mansell Street, Stratford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9582	Stratford-upon-Avon Medieval Settlement	Monument

The probable extent of the medieval settlement of Stratford-upon-Avon based on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

STR.3 – Bridgeway/Bridgefoot



Please note: This map and the following report do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

Number of records: 91

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1859	Roving Bridge	Monument

Roving Bridge, a canal bridge that was built during the Imperial period. It is situated 500m south west of Brownsover.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1863	Avon Aqueduct	Monument

Avon Aqueduct, a bridge carrying canal water, which crosses the Avon River and was built during the Imperial period. It is still in use, and is situated 150m east of Mill Gardens.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1865	Swift Aqueduct	Monument

Swift Aqueduct, a bridge carrying canal water, which was built during the Imperial period. It is still in use, and is situated 400m south west of Brownsover.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1871	Wood Street Wagon Works, Rugby	Building

Wagon Works. Marked on the OS 1st edition map. It is situated on Wood Street, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3343	Findspot - Roman brass coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a single Roman coin was found in the area of Brownsover.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3346	Church of St Michael and All Angels, Brownsover	Building

The Church of St Michael and All Angels which was originally built during the Medieval period. The church was largely restored during the Imperial period. It is situated 200m south east of Brownsover Hall.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3348	Roman burial	Monument

A cinerary or cremation urn dating to the Roman period. The burial site was located 200m south east of Brownsover Hall.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3364	Mill Bridge	Monument

Mill Bridge, a road bridge that was built during the Imperial period. It is situated on Newbold Road, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3372	Site of Avon Mill, Newbold Road, Rugby	Building

Avon Mill, a watermill that was originally built during the Medieval period. It continued in use until the Imperial period and was later converted to an inn. The inn incorporates remains of the mill buildings. It is situated at the north end of Newbold Road, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3373	Brownsover Mill	Monument

Brownsover Mill, a watermill that was originally built during the Post Medieval period. It continued in use until the end of the Imperial period. The watercourses associated with the mill are still visible. The mill was situated 200m south of Crow Thorns, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3375	Site of Post Medieval Windmill by Newbold Road	Monument

The site of a post mill, a windmill mounted on a post. It was built during the Post Medieval period. The mill is known from documentary evidence but no traces of it survive on the ground. It was situated in the area of Hill Street, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3378	Brownsover Hall, Brownsover	Building

Brownsover Hall, a house that was built during the Imperial period. It is now in use as a hotel. The house is situated to the north of Leicester Road, Brownsover.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3384	Church of St Philip, Wood Street, Rugby	Building

The Church of St Philip which was built during the Imperial period. It is situated in Wood Street, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3388	Rugby Town Hall	Building

Rugby Town Hall which was built during the 1960s. It is situated on Corporation Street, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3391	Poss Medieval Earthworks to NE of Brownsover Church	Monument

The site of several linear earthworks, banks and ditches. Few traces of the earthworks now remain but excavations during the 1950s found evidence that the features may date to the Medieval period. The earthworks were situated north of the church at Brownsover.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3399	Congregational Church, Albert Street, Rugby	Building

A Congregational Chapel dating to the Imperial period. It is situated in Albert Street, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3611	Elborough Almshouses, St.John Street, Rugby	Building

Elborough Almshouses, houses built for poor people to live in during the Imperial period. They are situated on St. John Street, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3614	Site of Toll Gate near Master's Bridge, Brownsover	Monument

The site of a toll gate, where travellers would have had to pay a toll to use the road during the Imperial period. The site of the toll gate is known from documentary evidence. It was situated 300m south of Brownsover.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3625	Rugby Town Hall, St.John Street, Rugby	Monument

The site of the old town hall of Rugby which was built during the Imperial period. The town hall was situated in St. John Street, Rugby. It was replaced in the 1960s by a new town hall in Corporation Street.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3649	Site of Windmill 600m E of Brownsover Church	Monument

The site of a post mill, a windmill mounted on a post. It dated to the Medieval or Post Medieval periods. The site is known from documentary evidence. The windmill was situated 800m east of Brownsover.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4154	Clifton Mill	Building

Clifton Mill, a watermill that was built during the Medieval period and continued to be used until the end of the Imperial period. The mill building is still standing but has had many modern alterations added to it. It is situated 800m north west of Clifton upon Dunsmore.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4356	Rugby Wharf Branch W of Brownsover Aqueduct	Monument

Rugby Wharf, a canal wharf, where vessels would have loaded and unloaded goods during the Imperial period. It was located to the north of the canal and to the west of the Old Leicester Road.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4357	Old Canal 800m SE of Brownsover	Monument

The site of a disused canal, a waterway used for transporting goods. It was part of the Oxford Canal. It dated from the Imperial period and was located southeast of Crow Thorns, Brownsover.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4358	Clifton Mill Branch to W of Clifton upon Dunsmore	Monument

Clifton Mill, the site of a canal wharf on a disused canal, where vessels would have loaded and unloaded goods during the Imperial period. It was located to the south west of the west end of Station Road, Clifton upon Dunsmore.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4815	Turnpike road from Wellesbourne to Stratford	Monument

A toll road which ran from Wellesbourne to Stratford. It was established in the Imperial period. Travellers would have had to pay to use the road.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5401	Findspot - Medieval finds	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Medieval date, including fragments of pottery and an iron arrowhead, were found 100m north west of the church at Brownsover.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5402	Medieval ditch	Monument

A Medieval ditch was found during an excavation. Various finds were recovered from the ditch, including fragments of animal bone and pottery. The ditch was situated north of the church at Brownsover.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5403	Possible Moat to NE of Brownsover Church	Monument

The site of a possible Medieval moat, a wide ditch usually surrounding a building. It survives as an earthwork, and is situated to the northeast of St Michael's Church, Brownsover.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5404	Poss Shrunk Medieval Settlement to NE of Church	Monument

The possible site of a shrunken village of Medieval date. Fragments of Medieval pottery were found at the site. It is situated north east of the church in Brownsover.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5405	Fishponds 200m SE of Brownsover Church	Monument

The site of a Medieval or Post Medieval bank and three fishponds, used for the breeding and storage of fish. They are marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1926. They are situated 100m west of Blaeberry Street, Brownsover.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5969	Medieval Coins found to W of Brownsover Hall, Rugby	Find Spot

Findspot - a Medieval coin and a lead ampulla were found 500m north west of Brownsover Hall.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5970	Roman Coins found to W of Brownsover Hall, Rugby	Find Spot

Findspot - five Roman coins were found 500m north west of Brownsover Hall.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6483	The site of a Canal Arm, Part of Oxford Canal	Monument

The site of a disused canal arm, part of the original course of the Oxford Canal, and used for the transporting of goods. It was marked on the Cosford tithe map of 1839, and was situated between Cosford and the Swift Valley Industrial Estate.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6864	Site of Cardboard Factory on Railway Terrace	Monument

The site of a factory where cardboard was made during the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. The factory was situated on Railway Terrace, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6866	Site of Cigar Factory on King Street	Monument

The site of a factory where cigars were made during the Imperial period. The factory is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1923. It was situated on King Street, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6867	Site of Drill Hall on Lancaster Road	Monument

The site of a drill hall which was used for training military personnel towards the end of the Imperial period (between 1910 and 1914). It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1923. It was situated on Lancaster Road, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6868	Site of Abattoir off Craven Road	Monument

The site of an abattoir, where animals were slaughtered during the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1923. The abattoir was situated off Craven Road, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6869	Site of Goods Shed at Wood Street, nr Rugby Station	Monument

A goods shed, where railway wagons unloaded goods. It was in use during the Imperial period. The goods shed is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. It was situated at Wood Street near Rugby Station.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6870	Site of Cattle Pens at Rugby Station	Monument

The site of a pound which was used for penning livestock in the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886, and was situated on the north east edge of Woodside Business Park.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6871	Site of Gas Works on Wood Street	Monument

The site of a gas works, where gas was produced during the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1923. The gas works was situated on Wood Street, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6872	Site of Gas Works on Wood Street	Monument

The site of a gas works, where gas was produced during the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. The gas works was situated on Wood Street, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6873	Site of Engine Shed at Rugby Station	Monument

The site of an engine shed that was used to house railway engines during the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. The engine shed was located at Rugby Station.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6874	Site of Engine Shed at Rugby Station	Monument

The site of an engine shed that was used to house railway engines during the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. The engine shed was located at Rugby Station.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6875	Site of Wagon Works W of Rugby Station	Monument

The site of a railway wagon works which was in use during the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1923. It was situated at Rugby Station.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6876	Site of Signal Box W of Rugby Station	Monument

The site of a railway signal box that was in use during the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. The signal box was situated 1km west of Rugby Station.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6877	Site of LWNR Pumphouse W of Rugby Station	Monument

The site of a pump house that was in use during the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. The pump house was situated 1km west of Rugby Station.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6878	Site of Reservoir W of Rugby Station	Monument

The site of a reservoir where water was stored during the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. The reservoir was situated 1km west of Rugby Station.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6879	Electrical Engineering Works	Monument

The site of an electrical engineering works dating to the Imperial period. It is marked on the second edition Ordnance Survey map. The site is bounded by Leicester Road, Boughton Road, Mill Road and the railway line.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6880	Site of Railway Viaduct on Leicester Road	Monument

The site of a railway viaduct that was built during the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. The viaduct was situated 1km north west of Rugby Station.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6881	Site of Canal Wharf S of Brownsover Aqueduct	Monument

The site of a canal wharf, where vessels would have loaded and unloaded goods during the Imperial period. It was situated 300m southwest of the Brownsover Aqueduct, and was marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6882	Site of Signal Box W of Winfield Street	Monument

The site of a railway signal box that was in use during the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1923. The signal box was situated 100m west of Winfield Street, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6883	Site of Railway Viaduct E of Rugby Station	Monument

The site of a railway viaduct dating back to the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1923. The viaduct was situated 700m east of Rugby Station.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6884	Site of Signal Box E of Rugby Station	Monument

The site of a railway signal box that dated back to the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1923. The signal box was situated 1km east of Rugby Station.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6885	Site of Signal Box at Rugby Station	Monument

The site of a railway signal box dating to the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. The signal box was situated 400m east of Rugby Station.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6886	Site of Carriage Shed at Rugby Station	Monument

The site of a railway carriage shed that was in use during the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. It was situated at Rugby Station.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6887	Site of Engine Shed NE of Rugby Station	Monument

The site of an engine shed that was in use during the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. It was situated 100m north east of Rugby Station.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6888	Site of Engine Shed N of Rugby Station	Monument

The site of an engine shed that was used to house railway engines during the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. The engine shed was located at Rugby Station.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6890	Site of Engine Shed N of Rugby Station	Monument

The site of an engine shed that was used to house railway engines. It dates back to the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1923. The engine shed was located 400m north east of Rugby Station.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6891	Site of Reservoir on Hill Road	Monument

The site of a reservoir where water was stored during the Imperial period. The reservoir was associated with the Avon Water Works. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. It was situated on Hill Road, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6892	Site of Pumphouse, Hill Road	Monument

The site of a pump house that was in use during the Imperial period. It was associated with the Avon Water Works. The pump house is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. It was situated on Hill Road, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6893	Site of Railway Viaduct over Oxford Canal	Monument

The site of a railway viaduct over the Oxford Canal. It was built during the Imperial period and it is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1923. The viaduct was situated 1km west of Clifton upon Dunsmore.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6895	Site of Clifton New Wharf	Monument

The site of Clifton New Wharf, a canal wharf, where vessels would have loaded and unloaded goods during the Imperial period. It was located 80m northwest of Clifton Bridge, and is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6896	Site of Clifton Mill Station	Monument

The site of Clifton Mill Station, a railway station that was built during the Imperial period. It was situated on Station Road, Clifton upon Dunsmore.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6897	Site of Signal Box at Clifton Mill Station	Monument

The site of a railway signal box at Clifton Mill Station. It was built during the Imperial period, and marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. It was situated at the west end of Station Road, Clifton upon Dunsmore.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6898	Site of Clifton Old Wharf, SE of Clifton Mill Farm	Monument

The site of Clifton Old Wharf, a canal wharf where vessels would have loaded and unloaded goods during the Imperial period. It was located at the west end of Station Road, and is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6901	Site of Rugby Old Station	Monument

The site of Rugby Old Station, a railway station that was in use during the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. The railway station was situated 100m north of Worcester Street, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6913	Site of LNWR Leicester-Rugby Branch	Monument

The site of a branch of the Leicester to Rugby Railway, in use during the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6916	Site of LNWR Loop Line at Rugby	Monument

The site of a loop railway line at Rugby, in use during the Imperial period, and marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6917	Site of Railway Viaduct on Rugby Loop Line	Monument

The site of a railway viaduct on the Rugby Loop Line that was built during the Imperial period. The viaduct is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. It was situated 400m east of Clifton Road, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7045	Site of Canal between Brownsover and Cosford	Monument

The site of a disused canal, a waterway used for transporting goods during the Imperial period. The canal ran between Cosford and Brownsover. It was marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7271	Post Medieval Pits found during Evaluation	Monument

Three Post Medieval pits were found during archaeological work in Sheep Street, Stratford-on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7500	Findspot - Bronze Age Palstave Fragment	Find Spot

Findspot - a fragment of a palstave, a type of axehead dating to the Bronze Age, was found in the area of Cosford.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7574	Newbold Road Railway Bridge	Monument

The Newbold Road Railway Bridge, which was built during the Imperial period to take the London to Birmingham railway line over Newbold Road. It is situated 100m north of Wood Street.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7587	Rugby Bridge - Hinckley Turnpike Road	Monument

The site of a toll road whose upkeep was paid for by the extraction of a toll from travellers. The toll road was in use during the Imperial period. It ran between Rugby Bridge and Hinckley.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7898	Post-medieval cess pits at 24/26 Bridge Street	Monument

Part excavation at this site uncovered Post Medieval pits, and various finds dating to the Imperial period. The site is in Bridge Street, Stratford-on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8140	Findspot - Prehistoric flint flake	Find Spot

Findspot - a single flint flake of Prehistoric date was found 500m north west of Brownsover.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8221	Iron Age settlement, Coton Park, Churchover	Monument

The site of a settlement Iron Age date. The remains of circular structures and enclosure ditches were found during an excavation. Fragments of pottery and animal bone were amongst the finds. The site was located 500m north east of Brownsover.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8286	Medieval Mill Bridge	Monument

A bridge that dates back to at least the Post Medieval period, although it may have been built as early as the Medieval period. It is situated 300m north of Worcester Street, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8324	Arch eval, Field 13, Coton Park, Churchover	Redundant Record

Redundant record (previously used to record an event).

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8526	Alveston Manor gazebo, Bridgetown, Stratford	Building

A Post Medieval gazebo which was formerly part of Alveston Manor grounds. The site is located in Bridgetown, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8756	The Coach House, Brownsover Hall, Rugby	Building

The Coach House, a building that was constructed during the Imperial period. It is situated at Brownsover Hall.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8762	Pillbox on Oxford Canal	Monument

A Second World War square concrete pillbox. It is located on the Oxford Canal at Butlers Leap, Clifton upon Dunsmore, Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8858	Site of a Bofors gun emplacement	Monument

The site of a Second World War Bofors gun emplacement. It is situated 500m south east of Brownsover.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8859	World War II feature	Monument

The site of a Second World War Bofors gun emplacement. It is situated on the railway embankment at Rugby, west of Clifton Road.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8863	Site of gun emplacement for 3 Lewis Guns	Monument

The site of a Second World War Lewis gun emplacement. It was situated in central Rugby and formed part of the defence ring around Rugby railway junction.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8864	Site of 2 Lewis Gun emplacement	Monument

The site of a Second World War Lewis gun emplacement. It was situated in central Rugby and formed part of the defence ring around Rugby railway junction.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8872	Anti tank pimples	Monument

The site of a Second World War tank trap formed by eleven anti tank pimples. They were situated on the north side of the aquaduct carrying the Oxford Canal over the Old Leicester Road at Rugby.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8878	Five concrete roadblock cylinders	Monument

Five 3 foot tall road block cylinders, forming a Second World War tank trap. They are situated on a disused stretch of the road from Rugby to Lutterworth.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8920	Medieval and Post Medieval Pits and Wall Foundations, 41/42 Sheep Street	Monument

An archaeological excavation revealed Medieval and Post Medieval pits and 16th century wall foundations of street frontage buildings. These features were found in Sheep Street, Stratford upon Avon.

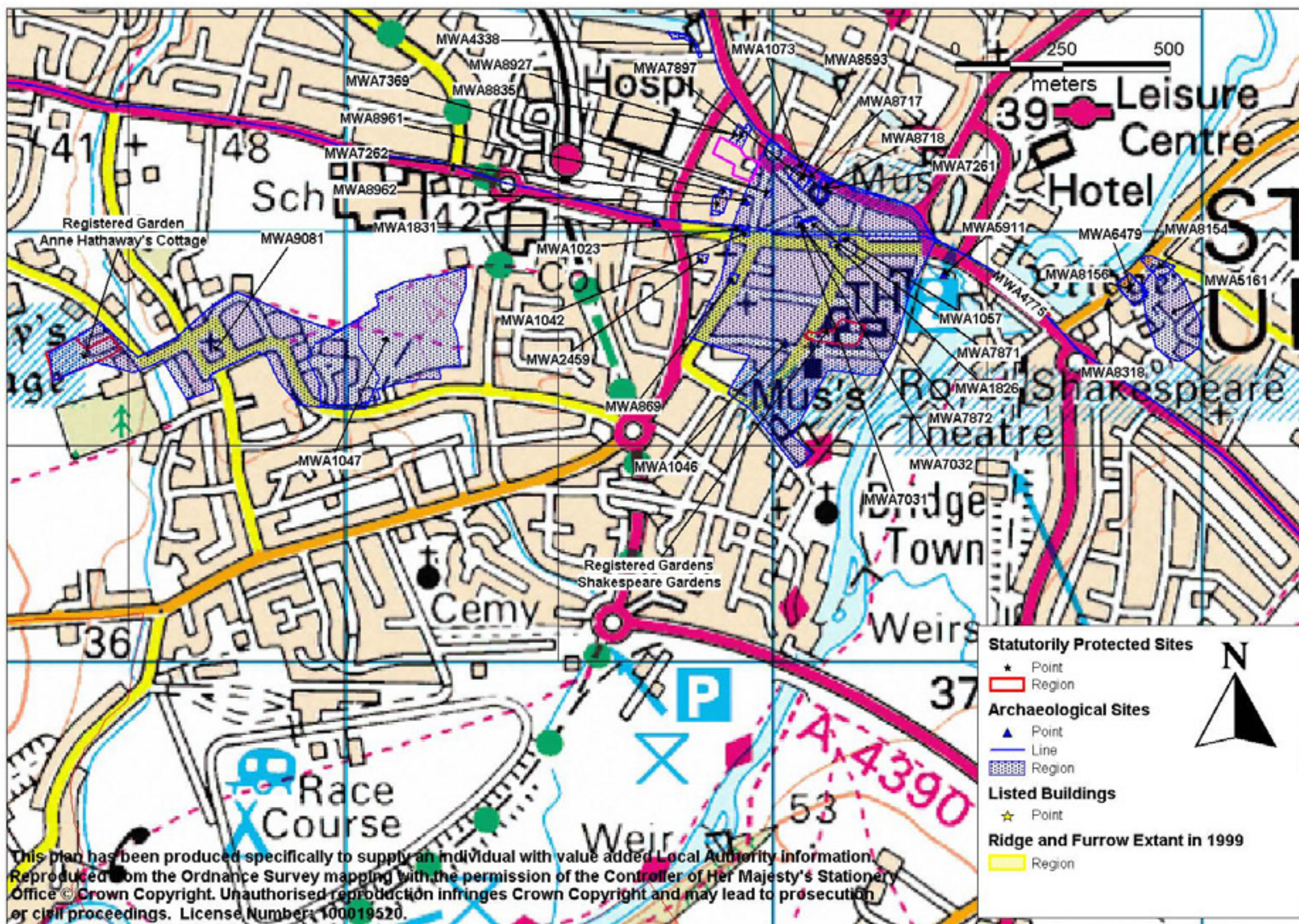
HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10312	Middle Bronze Age Pits at Coton Park, Churchover	Monument

Middle Bronze Age Pits at Coton Park indicating either a single episode of temporary occupation an area of ritual activity

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10313	Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age activity at Coton Park, Churchover	Monument

Late Bronze Age/Early Iron Age Activity at Coton Park indicating a transient episode of settlement

STR.4 – Windsor Street Car Park/Coach Terminal



Please note: This map and the following report do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

30/07/2008

Number of records: 38

Str.4

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA869	Site of Medieval House at Rother Street	Monument

The remains of a Medieval building were found during an archaeological excavation. The building was situated in Rother Street, Stratford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA899	Findspot - Neolithic stone axe	Find Spot

Find - a Neolithic stone axe was found in the area of Clopton, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1023	Site of Market Cross in Rother Street	Monument

The site of a market cross which stood in Rother Street, Stratford on Avon. No trace of the cross now remains above ground.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1042	Site of Bridge at Rother Street, Stratford upon Avon	Monument

The site of a Post Medieval bridge built in 1676 over the brook in Rother Market. It was in use for just over 100 years. The site was at the west end of Wood Street.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1046	Findspot - Roman coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a Roman coin of Constantine was found opposite New Place in Church Street, Stratford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1047	Possible Deserted Medieval Settlement at Shottery	Monument

The possible site of a deserted settlement dating to the Medieval period and located 650m south east of the church, at Shottery.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1057	Site of Cross at Junction of High St and Wood St, Stratford upon Avon.	Monument

The original site of a Medieval market cross for which there is documentary evidence from the 14th century. It was taken down in 1821, but a part of it remains in the garden of the Shakespeare Birthplace in Henley Street.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1073	Cross in Garden of Shakespeare Birthplace Trust	Monument

The base of a Medieval market cross, being all that remains of the cross that originally stood in the centre of the town. It is now in the garden of the Shakespeare Birthplace Trust in Henley Street.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1826	Roman road	Monument

The remains of a Roman road. Part of a road surface and a ditch were discovered during archaeological work in Wood Street, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1831	Roman bronze object from Stratford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot of a bronze object dating to the Roman period and found 150m north west of the Civic Hall, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2459	Site of Rother Market Chapel, Rother Street	Monument

The site of a nonconformist chapel, originally Presbyterian, built in the Post Medieval period. It was demolished in 1976. It was located off Rother Street, behind the present Congregational Church.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4338	Canalside industrial area at One Elm	Monument

The site of a canal wharf, where vessels would have loaded and unloaded during the Imperial period. It was located between the canal and the eastern end of Western Road, and is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4757	The Saltway running from Droitwich to Finmere	Monument

The Saltway, a major Roman road running east and southeast from Droitwich, which can be traced across much of Warwickshire

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4775	Turnpike Road from Edge Hill to Birmingham via Stratford	Monument

A toll road which was established during the Post Medieval period. It continued to be used during the Imperial period. It was part of one of the London to Birmingham routes. The road ran between Edge Hill and Birmingham via Stratford.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5161	Bronze Age pits	Monument

A number of Bronze Age pits were found when archaeological work was taking place at Alveston Manor, Stratford-on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5911	Findspot - Roman coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a Roman coin was recovered from the Stratford upon Avon Canal Basin.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6479	RB Features found at 6/7 Tiddington Road/Loxley Rd	Monument

A gully of Roman date was discovered during archaeological work in Tiddington Road, Stratford upon Avon. Fragments of Roman pottery were found within the gully.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7031	Medieval buildings at 'Bards Walk', Wood Street Excavation	Monument

Evidence for the Medieval town, including the remains of houses, was found during an archaeological excavation. The discoveries were made in Wood Street, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7032	Medieval plot at 'Bards Walk' Wood Street Excavation, Stratford on Avon	Monument

The remains of a Medieval boundary, in the form of a bank and ditch, were found during an excavation. The boundary was probably create when the new town was laid out. It was situated in Wood Street, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7261	Evaluation Guild Street	Monument

A single Medieval post hole was found during archaeological work in Guild Street, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7262	Findspot -glass at Guyvers Garage	Monument

Findspot - pottery sherds and fragments of glass dating to the Post Medieval period were found during archaeological work. The finds were discovered 100m north east of the civic hall, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7369	Medieval boundary and possible well at The Minories	Monument

A Medieval boundary separating two house plots was found during an archaeological excavation. Medieval finds were also discovered, as well as a possible well. The site is situated 150m north east of the civic hall, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7871	Medieval burgrave plot at Bard's Walk, Wood Street	Monument

Evidence for Medieval settlement was found during an archaeological excavation. The remains of a building and a boundary ditch were discovered. The site was located in Wood Street, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7872	Possible iron works at Bard's Walk, Wood Street	Monument

A large quantity of iron slag was found during an excavation in Wood Street, Stratford upon Avon. This suggests that there may have been an iron works in this area during the Medieval period.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7897	Shakespeare's Birthplace	Monument

A resistivity survey revealed a rectangular feature, possibly the remains of a building incorporating a cellar. Later excavation uncovered features and finds from the Medieval and Post Medieval periods. The site is on the east side of Henley Street, Stratford-on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8154	Saxon Pottery found at 10 Tiddington Road	Find Spot

Findspot - a single fragment of Saxon pottery, dating to the Migration and Early Medieval period, was found in Tiddington Road during archaeological work.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8155	Saxon Pottery from 6/7 Tiddington Road	Monument

Findspot - a single fragment of Anglo Saxon pottery, dating to the Migration or Early Medieval periods, was found during archaeological work in Tiddington Road.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8156	Medieval Features found at 6/7 Tiddington Road	Monument

A Medieval ditch or plough furrow was discovered during archaeological work in Tiddington Road, Stratford upon Avon. Medieval pottery was also recovered from the site.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8318	Find of Iron Age Pottery	Find Spot

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8593	Shakespeare's Birthplace grounds	Monument

A 19th century formal garden, of interest as an early attempt to recreate a "Shakespearian" garden. It is associated with the Shakespeare's birthplace in Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8717	Medieval/post-medieval activity at 8/9 Henley Street	Monument

The site of possible Medieval tanning pits and associated activity found during archaeological work. The site was located in the area of Henley Street, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8718	Prehistoric flint at 8/9 Henley Street	Find Spot

Findspot - a single flint artefact of Prehistoric date was found during archaeological work in Henley Street, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8835	Medieval burgage plot boundary at Warburton's Scrapyard	Monument

A boundary wall was found during archaeological work, which may have run along the same line as a Medieval property boundary. The majority of finds and other features found dated to the Imperial period. The site is situated at Warburton's Scrapyard, Stratford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8927	Modern pit, Elm Court, Birmingham Road, Stratford upon Avon	Monument

A large pit was discovered during an archaeological work. It was associated with the 20th century iron works which previously occupied the site. The pit was found north of the Windsor Street Carpark, Stratford-upon-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8961	Four pits, Mansell Street, Stratford on Avon	Monument

Four post medieval pits were recorded during archaeological work. The site was in Mansell Street, Stratford-upon-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8962	Well and culvert, Mansell Street, Stratford on Avon	Monument

Archaeological work uncovered a well and a culvert of Post Medieval date. They were found in the area of Mansell Street, Stratford on Avon.

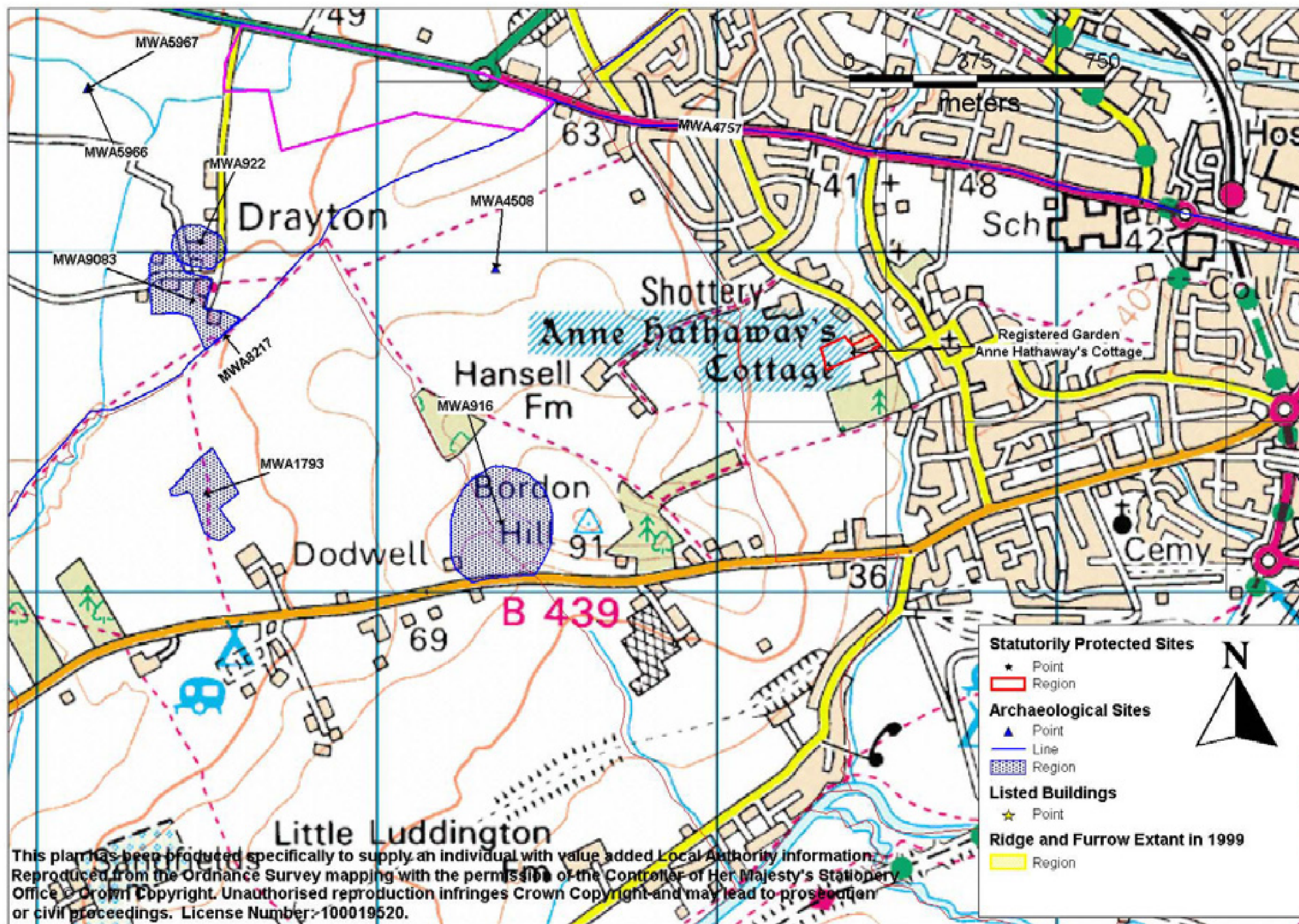
HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9081	Shottery Medieval Settlement	Monument

The possible extent of the Medieval settlement of Shottery. The extent of the settlement is suggested by evidence on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9582	Stratford-upon-Avon Medieval Settlement	Monument

The probable extent of the medieval settlement of Stratford-upon-Avon based on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

STR.5 – South of Alcester Road



Please note: This map and the following report do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

30/07/2008

Number of records: 9

Str.5

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA916	Undated Cemetery at Bordon Hill	Monument

Several burials were found in the area of Bordon Hill, suggesting that this might be the site of a cemetery. The date of the burials is unknown.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA922	Poss Site of Drayton Deserted Medieval Settlement	Monument

The possible site of the Medieval deserted settlement of Drayton. The site is located 950m south east of Drayton Bushes, Drayton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1793	Dodwell Deserted Post Medieval Settlement, Luddington.	Monument

The site of the deserted settlement of Dodwell dating to the Post Medieval period. It is visible as an earthwork. The earthworks include house platforms, hollow ways, enclosures and evidence of ridge and furrow. The site is located 850m west of Bordon Hill, Luddington.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4508	Findspot - Roman pottery sherds	Find Spot

Findspot- fragments of pottery dating to the Roman period were found 550m north of Bordon Hill.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4757	The Saltway running from Droitwich to Finmere	Monument

The Saltway, a major Roman road running east and southeast from Droitwich, which can be traced across much of Warwickshire

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5966	Findspot - Roman Assorted Finds, Lower Binton.	Find Spot

Findspot - a bronze brooch and sherds of pottery dating to the Roman period were found 900m east of Lower Binton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5967	Possible Med Iron Spur, nr Drayton Experimental Farm	Find Spot

Findspot - an iron spur dating to the Medieval period was found 900m east of Lower Binton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8217	Sealt Stret (Early Med saltway)	Monument

The site of a road known as a saltway. It dated to the Early Medieval period and is known from documentary evidence to be called Sealt Stret. It would have run from Droitwich, but this section has been traced running between Bishopton and Salford.

HER Number

MWA9083

Site Name

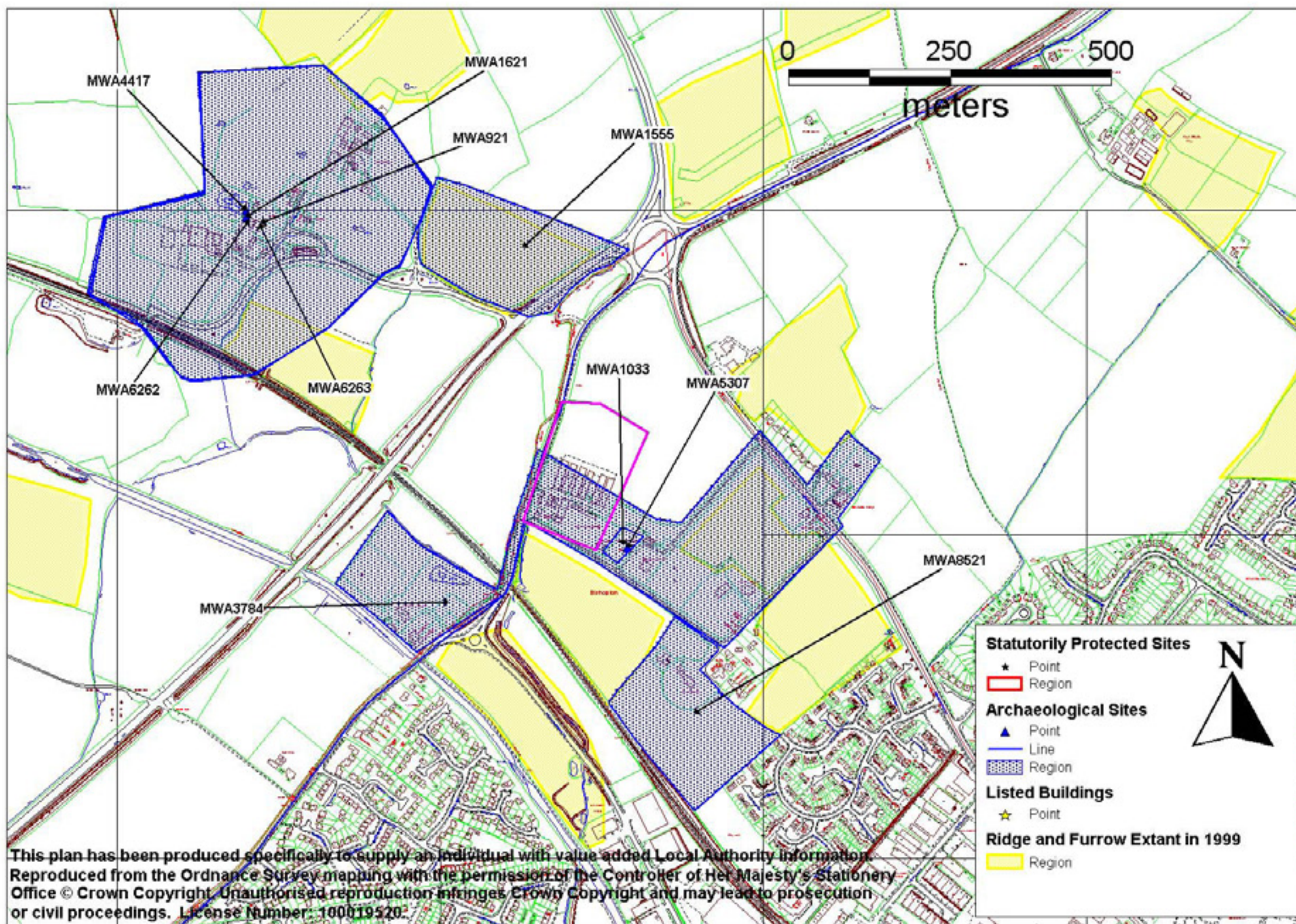
Drayton Medieval Settlement

Record Type

Monument

The possible extent of the Medieval settlement of Drayton. The extent of the settlement is suggested by evidence on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

STR.6 – Egg Packing Station, Bishopton Lane



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30/07/2008

Number of records: 11

Str.6

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA921	Site of Deserted Settlement near Burton Farm	Monument

The site of a deserted settlement dating to the Medieval period. The remains of the settlement are visible as an earthwork with features including a church site and crofts. It is located 750m south of Bishopton Hill.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1033	Site of Church of St Peter, Bishopton	Monument

The site of the Church of St Peter which dates to the Imperial period. The church was located in Bishopton. The building has been demolished but the graveyard remains.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1555	Undated Enclosure 400m E of Burton Farm	Monument

The site of an undated enclosure which is visible as a crop mark on aerial photographs. Appears to be a geological or natural feature. It is situated 600m north of Bishopton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1621	Roman coin found S of Bishopton Hill	Find Spot

Findspot - a coin dating to the Roman period and found 850m south of Bishopton Hill.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3784	Royal Victoria Spa, Bishopton	Monument

The site of Royal Victoria Spa dating from the Post Medieval to the Imperial period. The gardens associated with the spa were created during the Imperial period. It is situated north of Bishopton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4417	Findspot - Neolithic to Bronze Age flint	Find Spot

Findspot - flint artefacts dating to the Neolithic or Bronze Age period. The artefacts were found 850m south of Bishopton Hill.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5307	Site of Medieval Chapel of St Peter, Bishopton	Monument

The site of the chapel of St Peter dating to the Medieval period, which was pulled down and rebuilt in the Imperial period. It was situated north of The Avenue, Bishopton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6262	Deserted Post Medieval Settlement at Bishopton	Monument

The site of a deserted settlement dating to the Post Medieval period. Remains of the settlement are visible as an earthwork. Features include the site of a church and crofts. It is situated 750m south of Bishopton Hill.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6263	Deserted Settlement at Bishopton	Monument

The site of a deserted settlement dating to the Imperial period. The remains of the settlement are visible as an earthwork. Documentary evidence shows a reduction in houses occupied: 11 in 1841 and 4 by 1871. It is situated 750m south of Bishopton Hill.

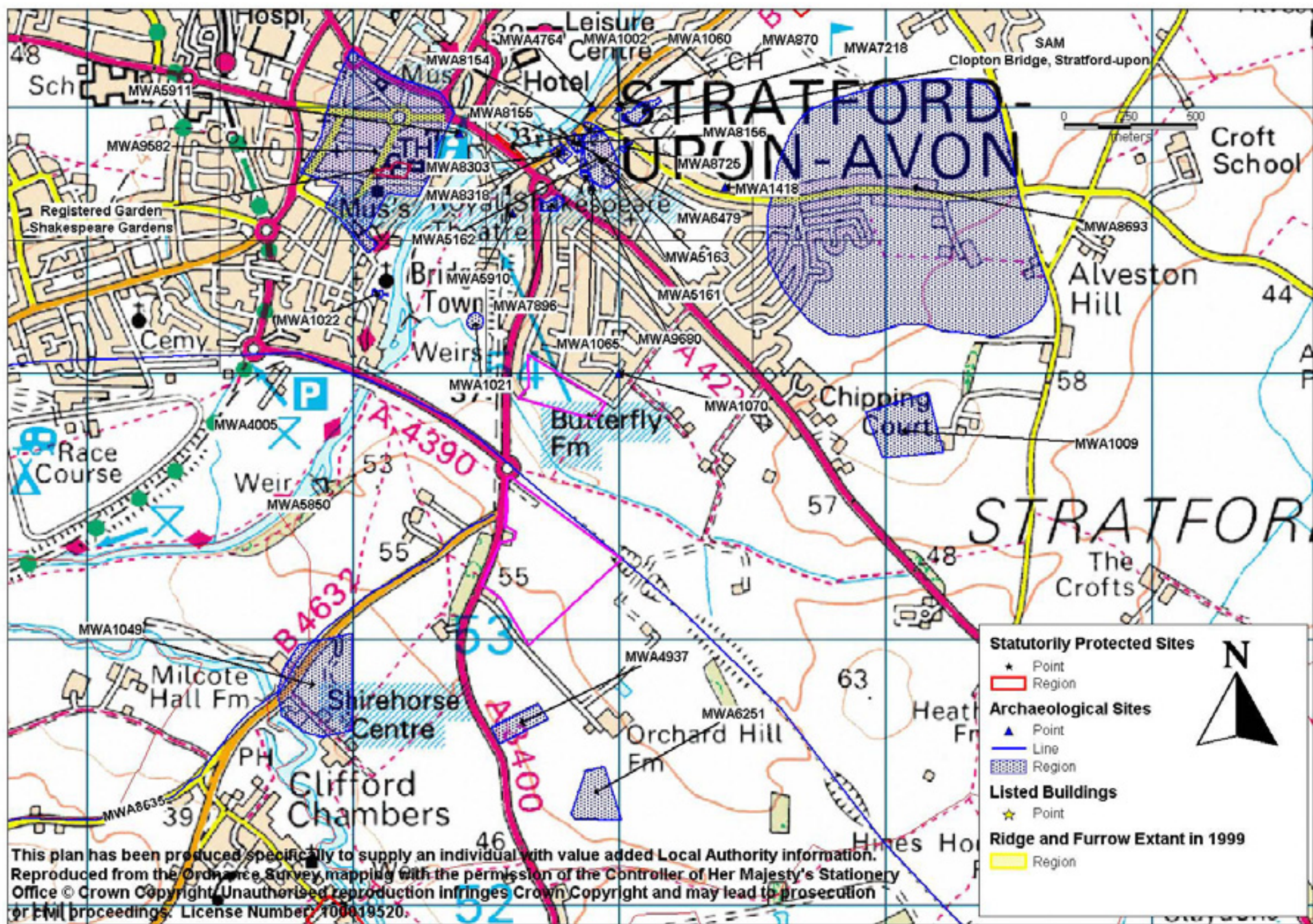
HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8217	Sealt Stret (Early Med saltway)	Monument

The site of a road known as a saltway. It dated to the Early Medieval period and is known from documentary evidence to be called Sealt Stret. It would have run from Droitwich, but this section has been traced running between Bishopton and Salford.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8521	Avenue House grounds, Bishopton	Monument

A garden dating from the Imperial period, which includes walks, an avenue, a paddock and an orchard. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886 and is located in Bishopton.

STR.7 – South of Kipling Road
STR.8 – East of Shipston Road



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30/07/2008

Number of records: 34

Str.7 and Str.8

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA870	Early Medieval Burials at Tiddington	Monument

The site of two burials which were found during an excavation. They dated to the Migration or Early Medieval periods. The burials were found in the area of Tiddington.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1002	Findspot - Roman coins & silver ring from Tiddington.	Find Spot

Findspot - Roman coins and a ring, which are part of the Cove Jones collection from various places in Tiddington.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1009	Crop Mark Feature S of Alveston Cottage	Monument

Cropmarks on aerial photographs showing linear features, irregular and subrectangular enclosures, suggests that this is the site of an undated settlement. It is situated 250m south east of Waterloo Rise, Alveston.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1021	Site of Possible Moat 400m E of Church	Monument

The site of a moat, a wide ditch usually surrounding a building. Aerial photographs and excavation prior to earth tipping suggested a Medieval date. It was situated at the south east end of the Recreation Ground at Stratford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1022	Holy Trinity Church, Stratford upon Avon	Building

Holy Trinity, a Medieval church with later additions and alterations, possibly on the site of an earlier monastery (PRN 1026). The church contains Shakespeare's monument. It is situated 200m north of Lucy's Mill, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1049	Alternative site of Ruin Clifford DMV	Monument

An alternative site of the deserted settlement of Ruin Clifford which dated to the Medieval period. This site lies 700m north of Clifford Chambers.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1060	Findspot - Roman limestone head, Stratford upon Avon	Find Spot

Findspot - a Roman limestone head, uncovered during an excavation, and now in the New Place Museum, Church Street, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1065	Findspot - Neolithic to Bronze Age flint	Find Spot

A flint scatter, comprising numerous worked flints of Neolithic and Bronze Age date, was discovered to the east of Alveston Manor Hotel, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1070	Findspot - Bronze Age pottery from Stratford Town Centre	Find Spot

Findspot - fragments of Bronze Age pottery have, in the past, been found in Stratford on Avon town centre.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1418	Findspot - Roman coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a Roman coin of the 2nd century AD was found in a garden in Loxley Road, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4005	Romano British Brooch from E of Racecourse	Find Spot

Findspot - a brooch dating to the Roman period was found 350m east of the race course, Stratford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4764	Probable Roman road	Monument

The site of a probable Roman road on the Tiddington Road, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4937	Undated linear cropmark	Monument

A linear feature which shows up on aerial photographs as a cropmark. The date of this linear feature is unknown. Its location is 1km north east of Clifford Chambers.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5161	Bronze Age pits	Monument

A number of Bronze Age pits were found when archaeological work was taking place at Alveston Manor, Stratford-on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5162	Site of Saxon Cemetery to E of Alveston Manor	Monument

The site of an Anglo Saxon burial site. Archaeological work has uncovered skeletons, cremation burials and hearths. The grave goods included jewellery, vessels and weapons. The cemetery was located to the north east of Alveston Manor Hotel.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5163	Site of Saxon Settlement to E of Alveston Manor	Monument

The site of an Early Medieval settlement. Archaeological work has identified evidence of a palisade, a burial, and enclosures. Pottery was found in one of the palisade trenches. The location is to the northeast of the Alveston Manor Hotel.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5850	Findspot - Medieval & Post Medieval Coins	Find Spot

Findspot - three coins, one of Medieval date and two of Post Medieval date. They were found 800m east of the race course, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5910	Medieval Coin to W of Shipston Road, Stratford	Find Spot

Findspot - a Medieval coin was found in a garden in the Shipston Road area of Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5911	Findspot - Roman coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a Roman coin was recovered from the Stratford upon Avon Canal Basin.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6251	Site of Poss Roman Settlement 300m S of Orchard Fm	Monument

The site of a possible Roman settlement, comprising a triple ditched enclosure which is visible on aerial photographs. The site is located 1km north east of Clifford Chambers. Alternative interpretations of the site suggest that this was a Roman fort.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6479	RB Features found at 6/7 Tiddington Road/Loxley Rd	Monument

A gully of Roman date was discovered during archaeological work in Tiddington Road, Stratford upon Avon. Fragments of Roman pottery were found within the gully.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7218	43, Loxley Rd, Stratford on Avon; neolithic flint scatter	Find Spot

During archaeological work in the area of Loxley Road, Stratford upon Avon, Mesolithic and Neolithic flint artefacts were discovered.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7835	East & West Junction Railway	Monument

The site of the East and West Junction Railway, previously known as the Stratford on Avon and Midland Junction Railway, which was built in the Imperial period.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7896	Banbury Road; pits and gullies of unknown date	Monument

A possible pit, ditch and gullies of unknown date were discovered during archaeological work. The site is at the intersection of the Banbury and Shipston Roads at Stratford-on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8154	Saxon Pottery found at 10 Tiddington Road	Find Spot

Findspot - a single fragment of Saxon pottery, dating to the Migration and Early Medieval period, was found in Tiddington Road during archaeological work.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8155	Saxon Pottery from 6/7 Tiddington Road	Monument

Findspot - a single fragment of Anglo Saxon pottery, dating to the Migration or Early Medieval periods, was found during archaeological work in Tiddington Road.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8156	Medieval Features found at 6/7 Tiddington Road	Monument

A Medieval ditch or plough furrow was discovered during archaeological work in Tiddington Road, Stratford upon Avon. Medieval pottery was also recovered from the site.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8303	Medieval remains at Alveston Manor Hotel	Monument

The remains of a Medieval ditch, possibly a field boundary, were found during archaeological work at Alveston Manor Hotel.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8318	Find of Iron Age Pottery	Find Spot

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8635	Herepath along Clifford Chambers/ Milcote boundary	Monument

Herepath, an Anglo Saxon trackway dating to the Early Medieval period, known from documentary evidence. It is referred to in a 10th century charter. The route of the trackway runs along the parish boundary between Clifford Chambers and Milcote parishes.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8693	Warren east of Stratford	Monument

A rabbit warren existed on Alveston Heath prior to its enclosure in the 17th/18th century.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8725	Undated gully at Saxon Close	Monument

A gully of unknown date was found in Saxon Close, Stratford upon Avon. It might represent a field boundary.

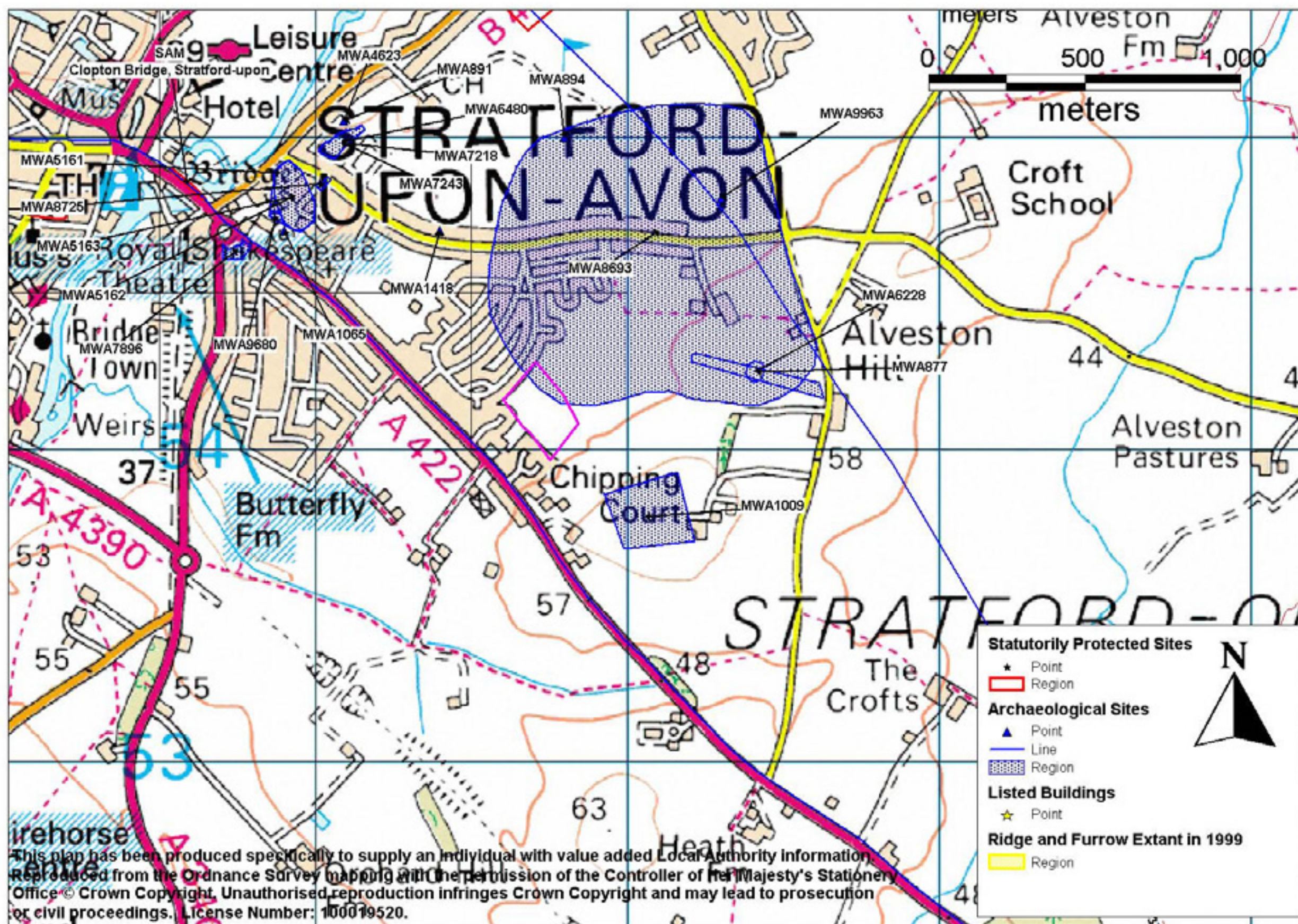
HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9582	Stratford-upon-Avon Medieval Settlement	Monument

The probable extent of the medieval settlement of Stratford-upon-Avon based on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9680	Undated features at Alveston Manor Hotel, Stratford-upon-Avon.	Monument

Undated post holes, pits and possible gullies were recorded during the excavation of a trial trench. The site is adjacent to a known Anglo-Saxon cemetery. The site is located at Alveston Manor Hotel, Stratford-upon-Avon.

STR.9 – North of Banbury Road



Please note: This map and the following report do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

30/07/2008

Number of records: 21

Str.9

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA877	Undated linear feature	Monument

A linear feature of unknown date is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is situated on Alveston Hill.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA891	Findspot - Mesolithic flints	Find Spot

Findspot - flint artefacts dating to the Mesolithic period were found to the south of Tiddington Road, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA894	Findspot - Iron Age or Roman linch pin	Find Spot

Findspot - a linch pin of Iron Age or Roman date was found on Tiddington golf course.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1009	Crop Mark Feature S of Alveston Cottage	Monument

Cropmarks on aerial photographs showing linear features, irregular and subrectangular enclosures, suggests that this is the site of an undated settlement. It is situated 250m south east of Waterloo Rise, Alveston.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1065	Findspot - Neolithic to Bronze Age flint	Find Spot

A flint scatter, comprising numerous worked flints of Neolithic and Bronze Age date, was discovered to the east of Alveston Manor Hotel, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1418	Findspot - Roman coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a Roman coin of the 2nd century AD was found in a garden in Loxley Road, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4623	Site of Iron Age Settlement at Tiddington	Monument

Fragments of pottery and 'pot boilers' have been found south of Tiddington Road, Stratford upon Avon. The finds suggest that this might have been an Iron Age settlement.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4757	The Saltway running from Droitwich to Finmere	Monument

The Saltway, a major Roman road running east and southeast from Droitwich, which can be traced across much of Warwickshire

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4763	Roman road running SE from Tiddington	Monument

A probable Roman road which runs south east from Tiddington.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5161	Bronze Age pits	Monument

A number of Bronze Age pits were found when archaeological work was taking place at Alveston Manor, Stratford-on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5162	Site of Saxon Cemetery to E of Alveston Manor	Monument

The site of an Anglo Saxon burial site. Archaeological work has uncovered skeletons, cremation burials and hearths. The grave goods included jewellery, vessels and weapons. The cemetery was located to the north east of Alveston Manor Hotel.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5163	Site of Saxon Settlement to E of Alveston Manor	Monument

The site of an Early Medieval settlement. Archaeological work has identified evidence of a palisade, a burial, and enclosures. Pottery was found in one of the palisade trenches. The location is to the northeast of the Alveston Manor Hotel.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6228	Undated cropmark enclosure	Monument

An oval enclosure and a linear feature are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. They are situated at Alveston Hill, south east of Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6480	Findspot - flint artefacts of Mesolithic and Neolithic date	Find Spot

Flint artefacts of Mesolithic and Neolithic date were found during archaeological work to the rear of a house in Loxley Road, Stratford upon Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7218	43, Loxley Rd, Stratford on Avon; neolithic flint scatter	Find Spot

During archaeological work in the area of Loxley Road, Stratford upon Avon, Mesolithic and Neolithic flint artefacts were discovered.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7243	43, Loxley Rd, Stratford; iron age pits and gullies	Monument

An archaeological evaluation uncovered features dating to the Iron Age/Roman period. The features, including pits and gullies, suggest that this may be the site of a settlement. The site is behind houses on the north side of the Loxley Road, Stratford-on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7896	Banbury Road; pits and gullies of unknown date	Monument

A possible pit, ditch and gullies of unknown date were discovered during archaeological work. The site is at the intersection of the Banbury and Shipston Roads at Stratford-on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8693	Warren east of Stratford	Monument

A rabbit warren existed on Alveston Heath prior to its enclosure in the 17th/18th century.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8725	Undated gully at Saxon Close	Monument

A gully of unknown date was found in Saxon Close, Stratford upon Avon. It might represent a field boundary.

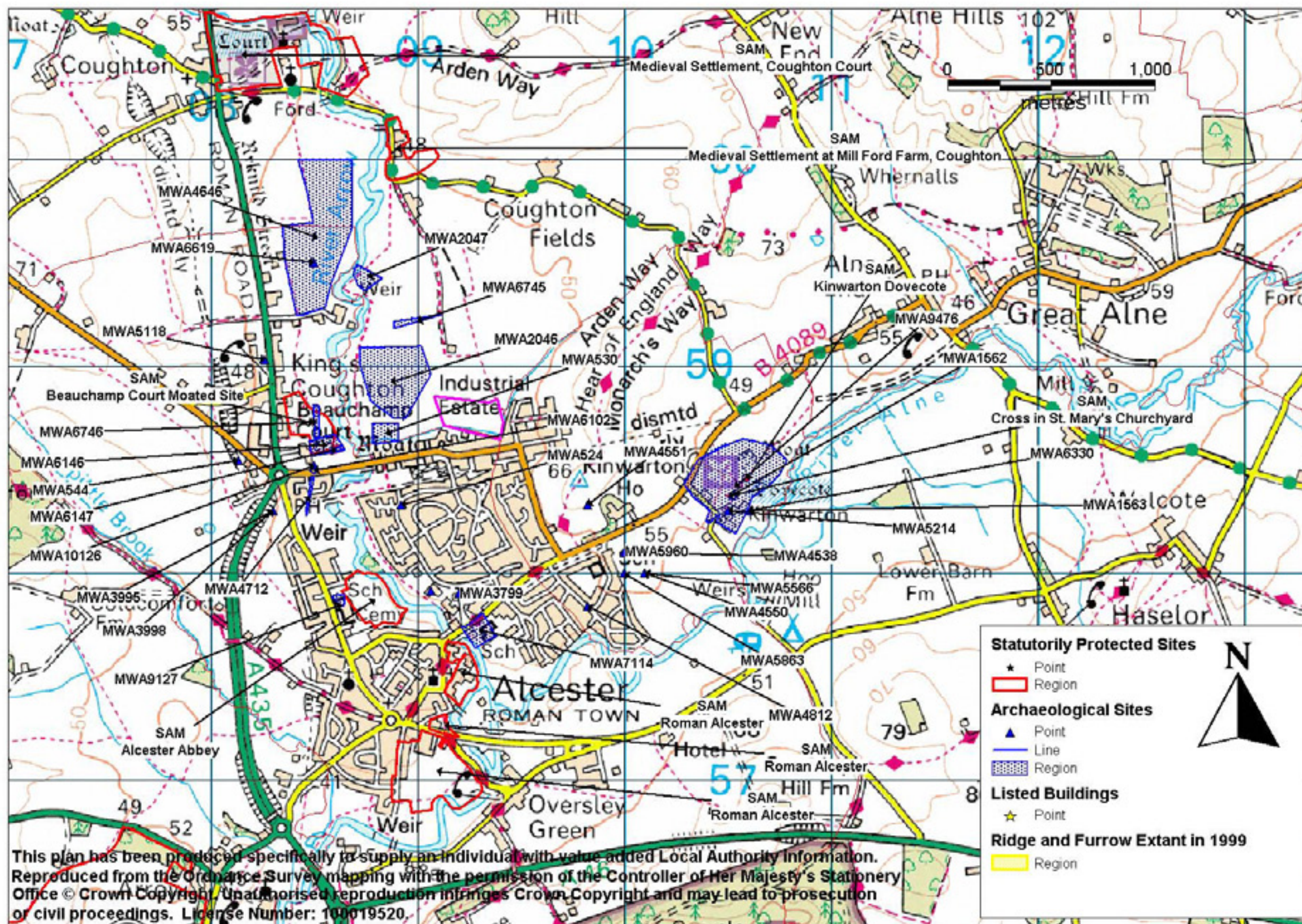
HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9680	Undated features at Alveston Manor Hotel, Stratford-upon-Avon.	Monument

Undated post holes, pits and possible gullies were recorded during the excavation of a trial trench. The site is adjacent to a known Anglo-Saxon cemetery. The site is located at Alveston Manor Hotel, Stratford-upon-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9963	Tiddington; findspot of Roman coins	Find Spot

Roman coins found during fieldwalking

ALC.1 – North of Arden Forest Industrial Estate



Please note: This map and the following report do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

29/07/2008

Number of records: 35

Alc.1

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA524	Findspot - Roman gemstone from a ring, Alcester.	Find Spot

Findspot - a gemstone from a ring, possibly of Roman date, was found in Meadow Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA530	Crop Mark Enclosure 400m E of Beauchamp Court, Coughton.	Monument

A double ditched subrectangular enclosure of unknown date is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is situated north of Arden Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA544	Findspot - Roman coin hoard, Alcester.	Find Spot

Findspot - a coin hoard dating to the Roman period was found in Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1562	Possible Site of Anglo Saxon Cemetery at Churchyard	Monument

The site of a possible Anglo Saxon cemetery dating to the Migration period. It is situated to the south of the church at Kinwarton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1563	Findspot - Roman and Migration period swords	Find Spot

Findspot - swords dating to the Roman and Migration periods were found 100m south east of the church at Kinwarton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2046	Linear Features and Enclosures	Monument

Several linear features and enclosures of unknown date are visible as crop marks on aerial photographs. The features are located 600m east of King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2047	Linear Features	Monument

A linear feature is visible as a crop mark on aerial photographs. It is of unknown date and is located 200m north of the Mill Industrial Park, King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3799	Findspot - Roman bronze object	Find Spot

Find spot - a bronze object of Roman date was found St. Faith Street, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3998	Findspot - Roman coins found on Alcester Heath.	Find Spot

Findspot - Two Roman coins found on Alcester Heath.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3998	Findspot - Anglo Saxon Brooch on Alcester Heath.	Find Spot

Findspot - an Anglo-Saxon brooch was found on Alcester Heath.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4538	Findspot - Roman coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a single Roman coin was found 700m south west of Kinwarton Church.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4550	Findspot - Roman coins	Find Spot

Findspot - Roman coins were found 1km south west of the church at Kinwarton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4551	Findspot - Roman coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a Roman coin was found 300m west of Kinwarton Farm Road.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4646	Site of Roman Settlement 300m W of Church Farm, Coughton.	Monument

Enclosures and linear features, which are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs, and a scatter of pottery suggest that this is the site of a Roman settlement. The site is located 1km north of King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4712	Roman ditches	Monument

The ditches which would have run on either side of a Roman road are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. They are situated 100m east of Birmingham Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4812	Findspot - Roman coins	Find Spot

Findspot - several Roman coins were found in the area of Gerard Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5118	Findspot - Roman bronze brooch fragments	Find Spot

Findspot - two fragments of a Roman bronze brooch were found near King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5214	Findspot - Roman pottery sherds	Find Spot

Findspot - sherds of Roman pottery were found 100m south west of Kinwarton Church.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5566	Findspot - Migration period finds	Find Spot

Findspot - various objects dating to the Migration period were found 600m south west of Kinwarton Church.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5863	Findspot - Neolithic flint, near Kinwarton	Find Spot

Findspot - a flint artefact of Neolithic date was found in the area of Kinwarton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5960	Findspot - Roman Assorted Finds	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Roman date, including coins and brooches, were found in the area of Kinwarton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5963	AS Brooch, 400m SW of Kinwarton	Find Spot

An Anglo-Saxon brooch dating to the Migration period was found 400m south west of Kinwarton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6102	Site of Ryknild Street, Roebuck Inn	Monument

The site of Ryknild Street Roman road was excavated. Although no evidence was found of the road itself, the road-side ditches were recorded. The site lies south east of Beauchamp Court, King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6146	Moat at Beauchamps Court, Alcester.	Monument

A moat, a wide ditch usually surrounding a building. It is Medieval in date and is visible as an earthwork. The moat is located at Beauchamps Court, King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6147	Fishpond at Beauchamps Court	Monument

The site of a fishpond, used for breeding and keeping fish. It is Medieval or Post Medieval in date and is situated at Beauchamps Court, King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6330	Findspot - Migration pottery	Find Spot

Findspot - sherds of pottery dating to the Migration period were found 100m south east of the church at Kinwarton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6619	Findspot - Roman coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a Roman coin was found 300m north west of The Mill Industrial Park.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6635	Iron Age Coin SW of Kinwarton	Find Spot

Findspot - an Iron Age coin or stater was found 500m south west of Kinwarton

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6745	Linear Cropmarks 600m E of Kings Coughton	Monument

Linear features of unknown date are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. They are situated 600m east of King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6746	Poss Linear Cropmark N of Beauchamp Court, Alcester	Monument

A linear feature of unknown date is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is situated 200m east of Birmingham Road, King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7114	Arch Evaluation at St Benedict's RC High School	Monument

A boundary ditch of Roman date which was found during archaeological work in Kinwarton Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9127	Medieval activity at Alcester Grammar School, Birmingham Road, Alcester	Monument

Evidence for medieval activity, including a pit, the probable remains of a medieval timber structure overlain by a yard surface and 12th/13th century pottery, recorded during fieldwork at Alcester Grammar School, Birmingham Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9476	Kinwarton Medieval Settlement	Monument

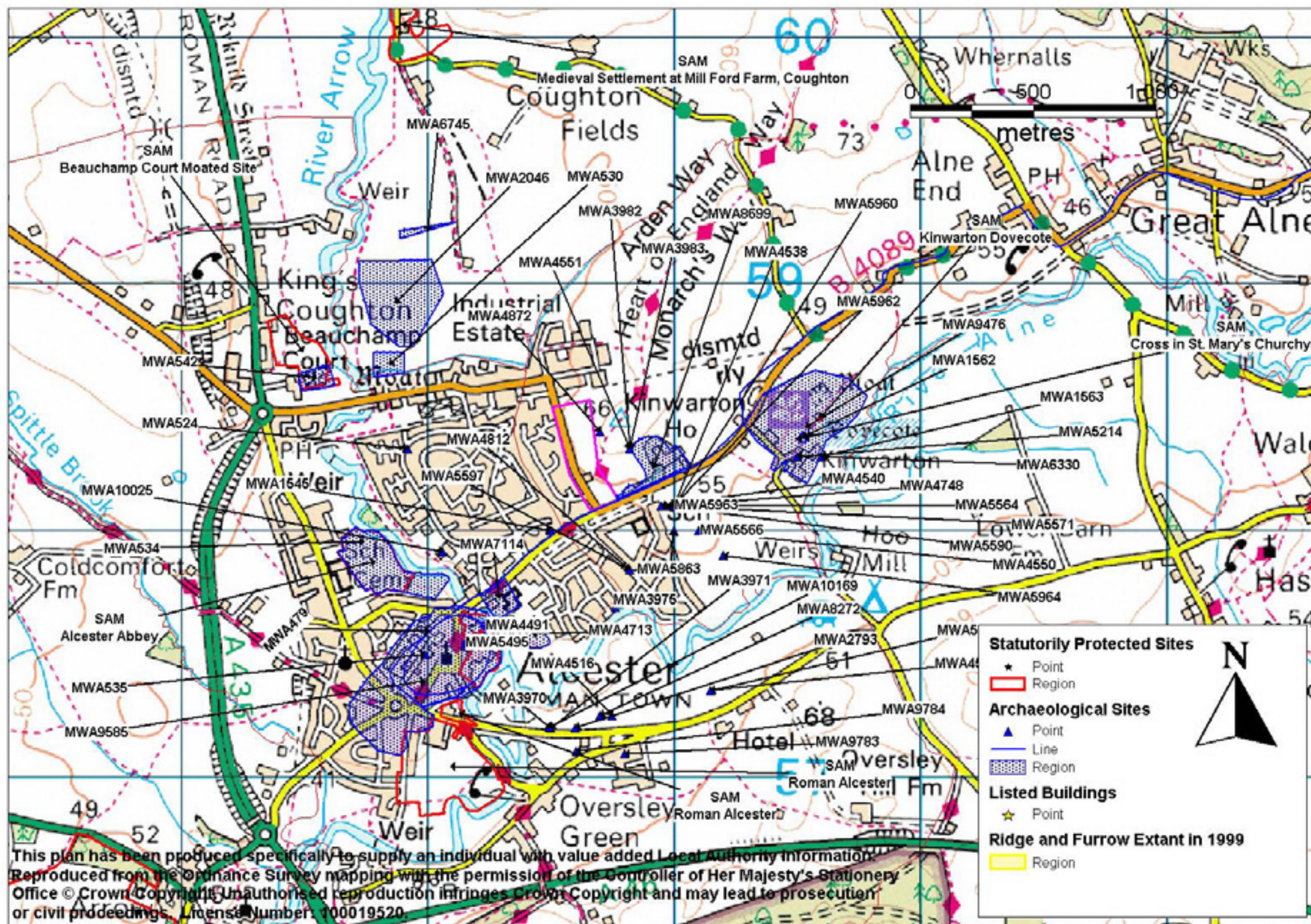
The possible extent of the medieval settlement at Kinwarton based on documentary evidence.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10025	Romano-British Drainage Ditch or Field Boundary	Monument

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10126	Roman coins found near Beauchamp Court, Alcester.	Find Spot

Roman coins found in the area of Beauchamp Court, southeast of Kings Coughton. The exact locations are not known.

ALC.2 – East of Kinwarton Farm Road



Please note: This map and the following report do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

29/07/2008

Number of records: 55

Alc.2

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA479	Roman defences, Alcester.	Monument

Sections of the defences of the Roman town of Alcester have been found during excavation. They comprised an earth rampart and a wall.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA524	Findspot - Roman gemstone from a ring, Alcester.	Find Spot

Findspot - a gemstone from a ring, possibly of Roman date, was found in Meadow Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA530	Crop Mark Enclosure 400m E of Beauchamp Court, Coughton.	Monument

A double ditched subrectangular enclosure of unknown date is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is situated north of Arden Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA534	Site of Alcester Abbey	Monument

The site of Alcester Abbey, a Medieval monastery and moat. Some of the abbey buildings, including the Chapter House, have been excavated. Other parts of the abbey, including the claustral buildings, are visible as earthworks. The site is located north of School Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA535	Findspot - Medieval ivory Tau Cross, Alcester.	Find Spot

Findspot - the head of a Medieval Tau Cross carved in ivory was found on the west side of the High Street, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA542	Site of Medieval Manor House at Beauchamp Court, Alcester.	Monument

The site of a Medieval manor house at Beauchamp Court. The site is known from documentary evidence and some earthworks are still visible. The site lies 200m east of Birmingham Road, King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1545	Toll House at Captain's Hill, Alcester	Building

A toll house where travellers paid the toll for using the toll road. It was in use during the Imperial period and is shown on a map of 1822. The toll house was situated at Captain's Hill, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1562	Possible Site of Anglo Saxon Cemetery at Churchyard	Monument

The site of a possible Anglo Saxon cemetery dating to the Migration period. It is situated to the south of the church at Kinwarton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1563	Findspot - Roman and Migration period swords	Find Spot

Findspot - swords dating to the Roman and Migration periods were found 100m south east of the church at Kinwarton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2046	Linear Features and Enclosures	Monument

Several linear features and enclosures of unknown date are visible as crop marks on aerial photographs. The features are located 600m east of King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2793	Findspot - Roman coins & bronze pin	Find Spot

Find spot - Roman coins and a bronze pin were found north of Stratford Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3970	Findspot - Prehistoric Flint Object	Find Spot

Findspot - a Prehistoric flint artefact was found north of Stratford Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3971	Findspot - Roman Assorted Finds	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Roman date were found north of Stratford Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3975	Findspot - Roman Clay Figurine	Find Spot

Find spot - A Roman figurine was found in Alne Bank Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3982	Findspot - Medieval coin found in Kinwarton parish	Find Spot

Find spot - a Medieval coin was found 100m north of Stratford Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3983	Findspot - Post Medieval finds	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Post Medieval date were found north west of Kinwarton House, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4491	Late Bronze Age to Early Iron Age settlement	Monument

Several hearths of Prehistoric date were found during an excavation and may represent the site of a settlement. Various Prehistoric finds were also recovered. The site was located in the area of Tibbets Close, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4516	Findspot - Migration item in Alcester	Find Spot

Findspot - an Anglo-Saxon buckle dating to the Migration period was found 100m north of Stratford Road.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4538	Findspot - Roman coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a single Roman coin was found 700m south west of Kinwarton Church.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4539	Findspot - Roman coins & pottery sherds	Find Spot

Findspot - coins and sherds of pottery of Roman date were found 100m north west of The Cherrytrees public house.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4540	Findspot - Medieval coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a Medieval coin was found to the south of Captain's Hill, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4550	Findspot - Roman coins	Find Spot

Findspot - Roman coins were found 1km south west of the church at Kinwarton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4551	Findspot - Roman coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a Roman coin was found 300m west of Kinwarton Farm Road.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4713	Undated linear cropmark	Monument

Linear features of unknown date, possibly forming an enclosure, are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. They are situated 100m south of Alcester Hospital.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4748	Findspot - Medieval coins, Captain's Hill, Alcester	Find Spot

Findspot - Medieval coins were found in the area of Captain's Hill, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4812	Findspot - Roman coins	Find Spot

Findspot - several Roman coins were found in the area of Gerard Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4872	Findspot - Post Medieval metal finds in Kinwarton parish.	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Post Medieval date were found 300m north of Captain's Hill, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5214	Findspot - Roman pottery sherds	Find Spot

Findspot - sherds of Roman pottery were found 100m south west of Kinwarton Church.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5495	Possible Neolithic or Bronze Age settlement	Monument

Evidence suggesting a possible settlement site of Neolithic or Bronze Age date was found during an excavation in Meeting Lane, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5564	Findspot - Medieval coins	Find Spot

Findspot - several Medieval coins were found 700m south west of Kinwarton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5566	Findspot - Migration period finds	Find Spot

Findspot - various objects dating to the Migration period were found 600m south west of Kinwarton Church.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5567	Findspot - Medieval metal finds	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Medieval date, including coins, strap ends and a spindle whorl, were found 600m south west of Kinwarton Church.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5571	Findspot - Post Medieval lead object	Find Spot

Findspot - a lead object, possibly a seal, dating to the Post Medieval period was found at Captain's Hill, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5579	Findspot - Migration period finds	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds, including a buckle and a sceatta, all dating to the Migration period, were found 100m north west of The Cherrytrees Public House.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5590	Findspot - Post Medieval coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a Post Medieval coin was found at Captain's Hill, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5597	Findspot - Medieval finds	Find Spot

Findspot - various Medieval finds, including a coin and a key, were found in the area of Throckmorton Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5679	Findspot - Iron Age pottery	Find Spot

Findspot - Iron Age pottery was found in Tibbets Close, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5863	Findspot - Neolithic flint, near Kinwarton	Find Spot

Findspot - a flint artefact of Neolithic date was found in the area of Kinwarton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5960	Findspot - Roman Assorted Finds	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Roman date, including coins and brooches, were found in the area of Kinwarton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5962	Findspot - Medieval & Post Medieval finds	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Medieval and Post Medieval date, including coins, buckles, spindle whorls and seals, were found 400m south west of Kinwarton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5963	AS Brooch, 400m SW of Kinwarton	Find Spot

An Anglo-Saxon brooch dating to the Migration period was found 400m south west of Kinwarton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5964	Findspot - Roman coin found in Kinwarton parish	Find Spot

Findspot - a Roman coin was found 600m south west of Kinwarton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6330	Findspot - Migration pottery	Find Spot

Findspot - sherds of pottery dating to the Migration period were found 100m south east of the church at Kinwarton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6635	Iron Age Coin SW of Kinwarton	Find Spot

Findspot - an Iron Age coin or stater was found 500m south west of Kinwarton

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6745	Linear Cropmarks 600m E of Kings Coughton	Monument

Linear features of unknown date are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. They are situated 600m east of King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7114	Kinwarton, boundary ditch	Monument

A boundary ditch of Roman date which was found during archaeological work in Kinwarton Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8272	Findspot - Roman copper alloy animal	Find Spot

Findspot - an animal cast in copper alloy of Roman date was found near Stratford Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8686	Turnpike road from Alcester to Wootton Wawen	Monument

A toll road whose upkeep was paid for by the extraction of a toll. It was in use during the Imperial period and ran from Alcester to Wootton Wawen.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8699	Kinwarton House grounds	Monument

A park which dates to the Imperial period. It is attached to Kinwarton House and is marked on a map of 1822.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9476	Kinwarton Medieval Settlement	Monument

The possible extent of the medieval settlement at Kinwarton based on documentary evidence.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9585	Alcester Medieval Settlement	Monument

The possible extent of the medieval settlement at Alcester based on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886, and on archaeological reports.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9783	Find of Roman brooches at Oversley Green	Find Spot

The chance find of two Romano British brooches at Oversley Green

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9784	Find of Celtic Coin at Oversley Green	Find Spot

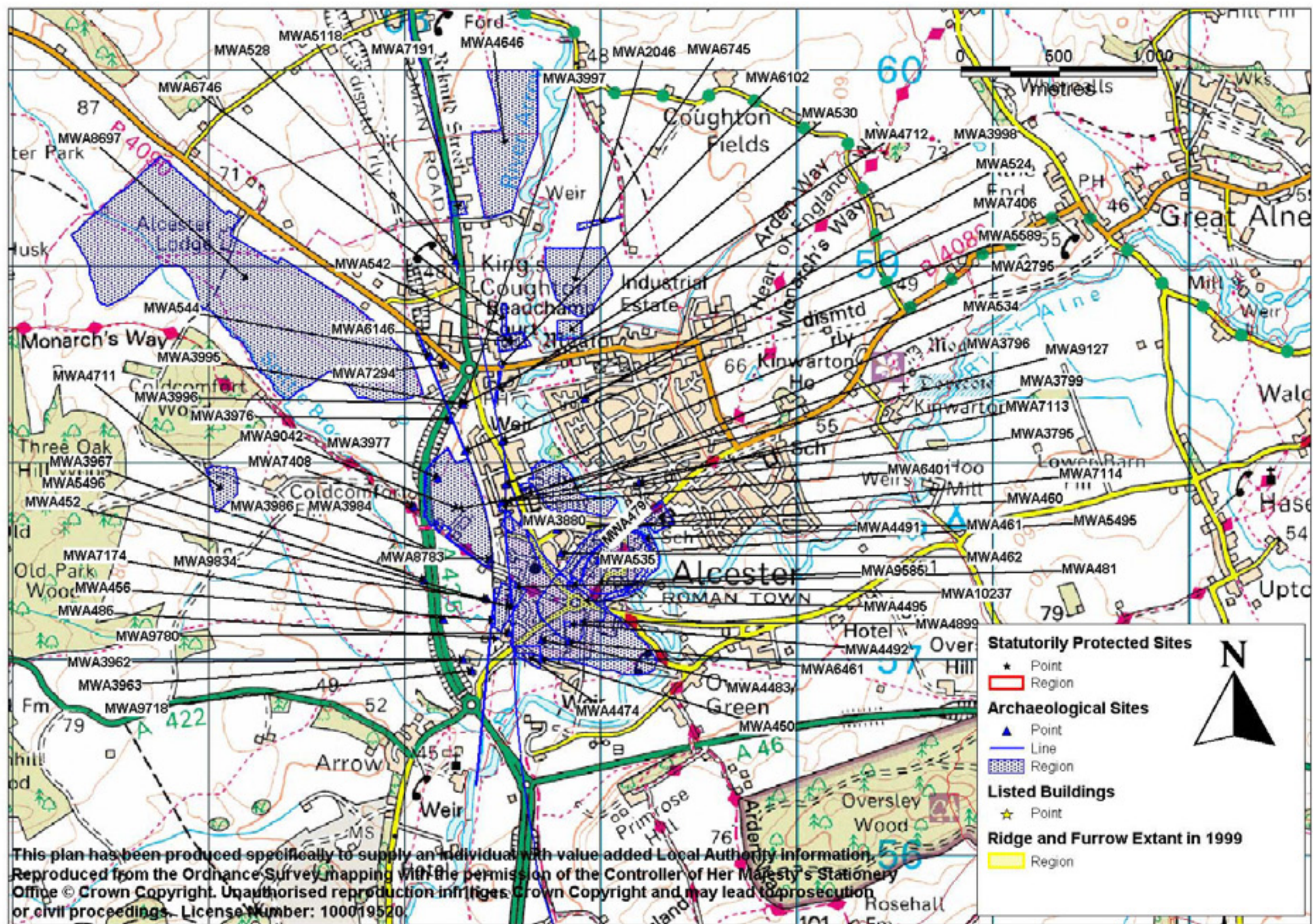
The chance find of a Celtic coin at Oversley Green

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10025	Romano-British Drainage Ditch or Field Boundary	Monument

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10169	Find of items from the Migration period in Alcester	Find Spot

Find of items from the Migration/Early Medieval period from the Cherry Trees Motel site in Alcester.

ALC.3 – West of Birmingham Road



Please note: This map and the following report do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

29/07/2008

Number of records: 73

Alc.3

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA445	Ryknield Street	Monument

Roman Road.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA450	Roman road, Alcester.	Monument

The site of a Roman road which was partially excavated. The site was located in the area of Birch Abbey, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA452	Roman building, Alcester.	Monument

Post holes, ditches and a cobbled surface all of Roman date suggest that this was the site of a building. Roman pottery was also recovered from the site, which was located to the east of Roman Way.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA456	Site of Roman Cemetery at Grunt Hill, Alcester.	Monument

The site of a Roman cemetery, part of which was excavated. The site lies to the west of Roman Way, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA460	Findspot - Roman pottery, Alcester.	Find Spot

Findspot - Roman pottery was found in the area of Rope Walk, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA461	Findspot - Roman pottery, Alcester.	Find Spot

Findspot - Roman pottery was found at The Moors, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA462	Findspot - Roman pottery, Alcester.	Find Spot

Findspot - Roman pottery was found in the area west of Moorfield Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA479	Roman defences, Alcester.	Monument

Sections of the defences of the Roman town of Alcester have been found during excavation. They comprised an earth rampart and a wall.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA481	Roman burial, Alcester.	Monument

The site of a single burial of Roman date. The burial was found in Cross Lane, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA486	Roman cemetery, Alcester.	Monument

The site of a Roman cemetery which was associated with the Roman town of Alcester. The cemetery was situated in the area of Hadrians Walk, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA524	Findspot - Roman gemstone from a ring, Alcester.	Find Spot

Findspot - a gemstone from a ring, possibly of Roman date, was found in Meadow Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA528	Site of Possible Moat at Moat House Inn, King,s Coughton.	Monument

The possible site of a moat, a wide ditch usually surrounding a building, of Medieval or Post Medieval date. The site is located at Moat House Inn, King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA530	Crop Mark Enclosure 400m E of Beauchamp Court, Coughton.	Monument

A double ditched subrectangular enclosure of unknown date is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is situated north of Arden Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA534	Site of Alcester Abbey	Monument

The site of Alcester Abbey, a Medieval monastery and moat. Some of the abbey buildings, including the Chapter House, have been excavated. Other parts of the abbey, including the claustral buildings, are visible as earthworks. The site is located north of School Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA535	Findspot - Medieval ivory Tau Cross, Alcester.	Find Spot

Findspot - the head of a Medieval Tau Cross carved in ivory was found on the west side of the High Street, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA542	Site of Medieval Manor House at Beauchamp Court, Alcester.	Monument

The site of a Medieval manor house at Beauchamp Court. The site is known from documentary evidence and some earthworks are still visible. The site lies 200m east of Birmingham Road, King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA544	Findspot - Roman coin hoard, Alcester.	Find Spot

Findspot - a coin hoard dating to the Roman period was found in Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2046	Linear Features and Enclosures	Monument

Several linear features and enclosures of unknown date are visible as crop marks on aerial photographs. The features are located 600m east of King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2795	Findspot - Medieval bronze buckle	Find Spot

Find spot - a bronze buckle of Medieval date was found in the area of Birmingham Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3795	Roman pit	Monument

A Roman pit was found during archaeological work. It was located on Birmingham Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3796	Findspot - Medieval pottery	Find Spot

Find spot - sherds of Medieval pottery were found west of Birmingham Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3799	Findspot - Roman bronze object	Find Spot

Find spot - a bronze object of Roman date was found St. Faith Street, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3880	Findspot - Roman pottery and coins	Find Spot

Findspot - Roman pottery and coins were found on Birmingham Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3962	Findspot - Roman Assorted Finds, Grunthill, Alcester.	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Roman date, including coins and brooches, were found in the area of Grunthill, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3963	Medieval Assorted Finds found at Grunthill, Alcester	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Medieval date were found in the area of Grunthill, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3967	Findspot - Roman Assorted Finds	Find Spot

Findspot - assorted Roman finds were found near Spittle Brook, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3976	Assorted 19th Century Finds from Alcester Bypass	Find Spot

Find spot - various 19th Century finds were made in the area east of the Alcester bypass.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3977	Findspot - Roman trumpet brooch	Find Spot

Find spot - a Roman brooch was found in the area of the Alcester bypass.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3984	Findspot - Roman Assorted Finds	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Roman date were found 100m south west of Ragley View.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3986	Medieval Assorted Finds from Alcester Bypass	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Medieval date were found 100m south west of the Poultry Houses, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3995	Findspot - Roman coins found on Alcester Heath.	Find Spot

Findspot - Two Roman coins found on Alcester Heath.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3996	Findspot - Medieval finds from Alcester Heath.	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Medieval date were found on Alcester Heath.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3997	Findspot - Post Medieval Assorted Finds From Alcester Heath	Find Spot

Find spot - various finds of Post Medieval date were found on Alcester Heath.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3998	Findspot - Anglo Saxon Brooch on Alcester Heath.	Find Spot

Findspot - an Anglo-Saxon brooch was found on Alcester Heath.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4403	Site of medieval pottery kiln	Monument

Medieval pottery kiln thought to be between Alcester Grammer School and School Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4474	Roman pit & ditches	Monument

Evidence of Roman ditches and pits was found during an excavation. The site was located west of Orchard Drive, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4483	Medieval oven	Monument

The remains of a Medieval oven and two cooking pots were found during an excavation. The site was situated in the area of Chantry Crescent, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4491	Late Bronze Age to Early Iron Age settlement	Monument

Several hearths of Prehistoric date were found during an excavation and may represent the site of a settlement. Various Prehistoric finds were also recovered. The site was located in the area of Tibbets Close, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4492	Neolithic pit	Monument

A single Neolithic pit was found during an excavation in Bleachfield Street, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4495	Alcester Roman Town	Monument

The Roman town of Alcester, originally a fort, which was surrounded by a defensive rampart. The town comprised an industrial zone in the Birch Abbey area, a residential area to the east, and several cemeteries.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4646	Site of Roman Settlement 300m W of Church Farm, Coughton.	Monument

Enclosures and linear features, which are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs, and a scatter of pottery suggest that this is the site of a Roman settlement. The site is located 1km north of King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4711	Undated linear cropmark	Monument

Linear features of unknown date, perhaps forming an enclosure, are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. They are situated 100m south of Coldcomfort Wood, Arrow.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4712	Roman ditches	Monument

The ditches which would have run on either side of a Roman road are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. They are situated 100m east of Birmingham Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4899	Roman settlement	Monument

The remains of a Roman building were found during archaeological work in Bleachfield Street, Alcester. Roman pottery and coins were also found at this site.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5118	Findspot - Roman bronze brooch fragments	Find Spot

Findspot - two fragments of a Roman bronze brooch were found near King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5495	Possible Neolithic or Bronze Age settlement	Monument

Evidence suggesting a possible settlement site of Neolithic or Bronze Age date was found during an excavation in Meeting Lane, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5496	Roman buildings & pits	Monument

Evidence for several buildings and pits of Roman date was found during an excavation to the west of Augustus Drive, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5589	Findspot - Medieval pottery	Find Spot

Findspot - Medieval pottery was found near Alcester Grammar School during the laying of a pipe.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5679	Findspot - Iron Age pottery	Find Spot

Findspot - Iron Age pottery was found in Tibbets Close, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6102	Site of Ryknild Street, Roebuck Inn	Monument

The site of Ryknild Street Roman road was excavated. Although no evidence was found of the road itself, the road-side ditches were recorded. The site lies south east of Beauchamp Court, King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6146	Moat at Beauchamps Court, Alcester.	Monument

A moat, a wide ditch usually surrounding a building. It is Medieval in date and is visible as an earthwork. The moat is located at Beauchamps Court, King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6401	Pottery from Eclipse Trading Estate, Alcester	Find Spot

Findspot - sherds of Prehistoric pottery were found during an archaeological evaluation at the Eclipse Trading Estate, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6461	Findspot - Early Medieval silver bracelet	Find Spot

Findspot - a Medieval silver bracelet was found on the west side of Bleachfield Street, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6745	Linear Cropmarks 600m E of Kings Coughton	Monument

Linear features of unknown date are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. They are situated 600m east of King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6746	Poss Linear Cropmark N of Beauchamp Court, Alcester	Monument

A linear feature of unknown date is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is situated 200m east of Birmingham Road, King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7113	Iron Age Settlement, Cold Comfort Lane, Alcester	Monument

The remains of an Iron Age settlement which were found during archaeological work in Cold Comfort Lane, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7114	Kinwarton, boundary ditch	Monument

A boundary ditch of Roman date which was found during archaeological work in Kinwarton Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7174	Roman Pottery Scatter from Grunt Hill	Find Spot

Findspot - a scatter of Roman pottery was found in the area of Grunt Hill. It may indicate that this was settlement during the Roman period.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7191	Medieval Features at Kings Court Hotel	Monument

Evidence of the remains of Medieval ridge and furrow cultivation was found during archaeological work at Kings Court Hotel. Medieval pottery was also found.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7294	Brickworks	Monument

The site of a brickworks where bricks were manufactured during the Imperial period. The site is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1831 and was situated 100m west of Birmingham Road, King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7406	Signal box N. of Alcester Station	Monument

The site of a railway signal box which was in use during the Imperial period. It was situated west of Birmingham Road, Alcester, and is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7408	Brickworks N. of Cold Comfort Lane	Monument

The site of a brickworks where bricks were manufactured during the Imperial period. It was situated north of Cold Comfort Lane, Alcester, and is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7834	Site of Midland Railway - Alcester & Bearley Branch	Monument

The site of the Alcester and Bearley Branch of the Midland Railway which was built during the Imperial period. It is marked on an early edition of the Ordnance Survey map.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7935	Roman boundary features at Station Rd, Alcester.	Monument

Roman boundary features recorded during several phases of archaeological fieldwork in Station Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8697	Alcester Heath Park	Monument

Alcester Heath Park, an area of heathland enclosed by Fulke Greville to form a park and a rabbit warren in the Post Medieval period. The park is known to have existed from documentary evidence. It was situated to the west of King's Coughton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8783	Burial, Cold Comfort Lane, Alcester	Monument

A burial, dating from the late Iron Age or early Roman period, was found during an archaeological excavation. Only the skull of the skeleton was uncovered, which lay in a coffin. The burial was found to the north of Cold Comfort Lane, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9042	Iron Age/Romano-British Settlement, Cold Comfort Lane, Alcester	Monument

The possible site of an Iron Age/ Roman settlement which was found through archaeological excavation and geophysical survey. The site lies to the north of Cold Comfort Lane, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9127	Medieval activity at Alcester Grammar School, Birmingham Road, Alcester	Monument

Evidence for medieval activity, including a pit, the probable remains of a medieval timber structure overlain by a yard surface and 12th/13th century pottery, recorded during fieldwork at Alcester Grammar School, Birmingham Road, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9585	Alcester Medieval Settlement	Monument

The possible extent of the medieval settlement at Alcester based on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886, and on archaeological reports.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9718	Roman pottery finds at Orchard Rise, Evesham Street, Alcester.	Find Spot

Four sherds of Romano-British pottery recovered during evaluation trenching. The site is located at Orchard Rise, Evesham Street, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9780	Findspot of a neck ring in Alcester	Find Spot

Find of a Roman neck ring in Alcester

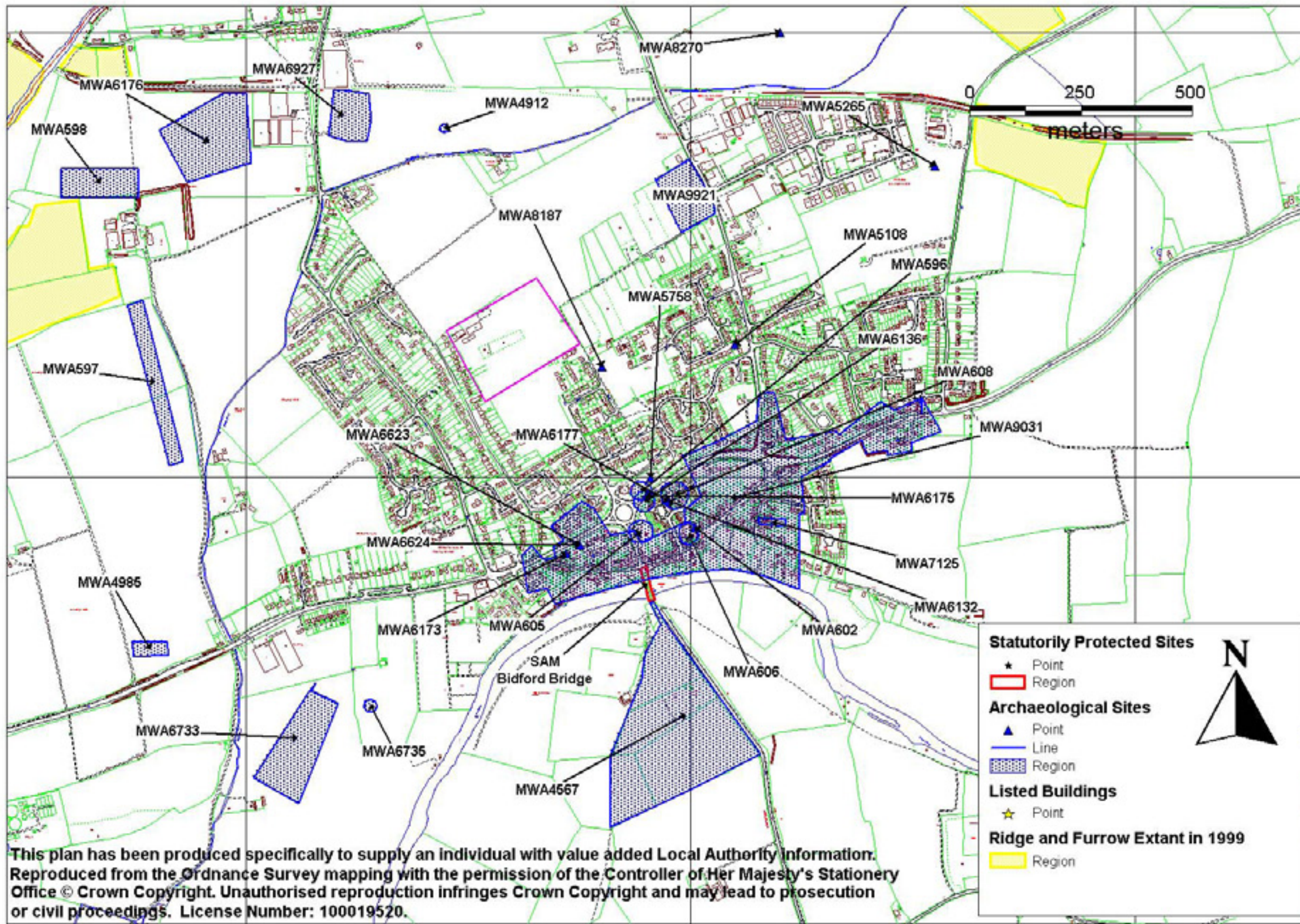
HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9834	Roman pottery sherds from the field to the north of The Folly Bungalow, off Evesham Street, Alcester.	Find Spot

Four sherds of Roman pottery recovered during archaeological observation in the field to the north of The Folly Bungalow, off Evesham Street, Alcester.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10237	Late Bronze Age or Early Iron Age Deposits at Rear of Priory Road, Alcester	Monument

Organic deposits sealed by a layer containing a probable BA flint revealed during salvage excavation.

BID.1



Please note: This map and the following report do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

25/07/2008

Number of records: 29

Bidford.1

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA596	Site of Roman Quarry 200m N of Bidford Bridge	Monument

The site of a quarry dating to the Roman period. It is located 200m north of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA597	Possible Crop Mark Enclosure 200m S of Broom Court	Monument

The site of a possible enclosure which appears as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is of unknown date. It is situated 500m north east of Marriage Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA598	Crop Mark Enclosure 100m N of Moat at Broom Court	Monument

A linear feature and an enclosure which are visible as crop marks on aerial photographs. They are of unknown date. They are located 700m south of Broom.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA602	Iron Age to Anglo-Saxon burials	Monument

Remains of four skeletons were found. One was dated to the IA/RB period one to the mid AS period. The site was located on the High Street, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA605	Site of Saxon Cemetery 100m N of Bidford Bridge	Monument

The site of a cemetery dating to the Migration period, known from archaeological excavations and finds. It is located 100m north of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA606	Undated burial, Bidford on Avon	Monument

The site of a burial of unknown date. It is situated 100m north west of the church, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA608	Site of Saxon Cemetery 200m N of Bidford Bridge	Monument

The site of a cemetery dating to the Migration period and known from archaeological excavation and finds. It is located 150m north east of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4567	Undated enclosure	Monument

The site of an enclosure which is visible as a crop mark on aerial photographs. It is undated and is located 200m south of Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4912	Site of Possible Ring Ditch 500m W of Bidford Sta	Monument

The site of a possible ring ditch which is visible as a crop mark on aerial photography. It may date to the Neolithic or Bronze Age period. It is located 700m south east of Broom.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4985	Undated trackway	Monument

The line of a trackway which appears as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is undated and is located 500m north east of the sewage works, Salford Priors.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5108	Findspot - Medieval coin in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot - a Medieval coin was found west of Waterloo Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5265	Findspot - Neolithic or Bronze Age flint artefacts	Find Spot

Findspot - various flint artefacts of Neolithic or Bronze Age date were found west of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5758	Various Iron Age to Medieval Finds	Find Spot

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6132	Early Medieval Settlement 200m N of Bidford Bridge	Monument

The site of an Early Medieval settlement. Excavation has uncovered features and finds associated with occupation, including post holes, ditches, pits and enclosures. It is 150m north east of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6136	Prehistoric ditch	Monument

A ditch and finds of flint and pottery all dating to the Prehistoric period were found during an archaeological excavation. They were found 200m north of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6173	Findspot - Neolithic to Bronze Age flint, Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot - flint artefacts, including a flint knife, dating to the Neolithic or Bronze Age, were found 200m north west of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6175	Findspot - Migration/Early Medieval coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a coin, dating to the Migration or Early Medieval period was found 200m north of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6176	Linear Crop Mark Features NE of Broom Court	Monument

A linear feature which is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is of unknown date. The linear feature is located 550m south of Broom.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6177	Roman burial & enclosure	Monument

The site a Roman enclosure surrounding a burial. It was discovered during an archaeological excavation. It is situated 200m north west of the church, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6623	Findspot - Roman coins & bronze brooch in Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - Roman coins and a brooch were found 200m north west of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6624	Neolithic Flint Scatter found in Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - a flint scatter of Neolithic date was found 200m north west of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6733	Possible Cropmark Complex SW of Bidford on Avon	Monument

Possible enclosures and linear features are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. They are situated 550m north east of the sewage works, Salford Priors.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6735	Possible Enclosure W of Big Meadow, Bidford on Avon	Monument

A possible, undated, enclosure which is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is situated 800m north east of the sewage works, Salford Priors.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6927	Cropmark Complex 550m NE of Broom Court	Monument

Possible, undated, rectangular enclosures and linear features. They are visible as cropmarks and are situated 500m south of Broom.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7125	Roman Features at 21 - 23 Icknield Street	Monument

The site of a Roman settlement, including evidence of timber buildings, was found during an excavation. The site was located in Icknield Street, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8187	Roman pottery sherd found in Bidford-on-Avon.	Find Spot

One sherd of pottery, dating to the Roman period, was found in a gully during an archaeological trial trenching. The site is located 500m north of Bidford Bridge, on land off Waterloo Road, Bidford-on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8270	Findspot - Migration or Early Medieval copper alloy strap end	Find Spot

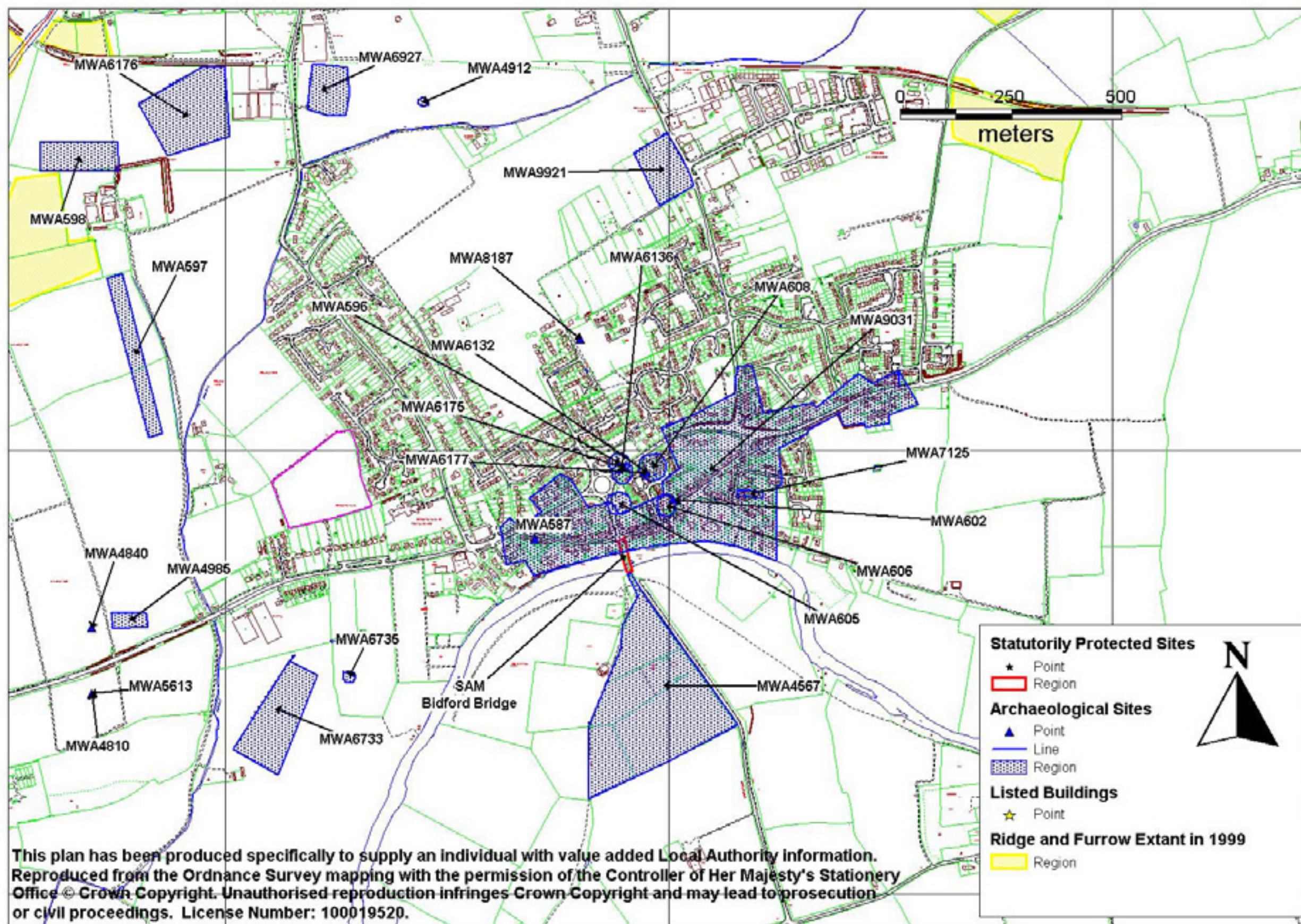
Findspot - the fragment of a strap end dating to the Migration or Early Medieval period was found 1km north of Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9031	Bidford on Avon Medieval Settlement	Monument

The possible extent of Medieval settlement of Bidford on Avon is suggested by documentary evidence.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9921	Pits and Ditches at Friday Furlong	Monument

BID.2 – North of Salford Road



Please note: This map and the following report do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

25/07/2008

Number of records: 32

Bidford.2

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA587	Findspot - Medieval stone mortar, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - a stone mortar dating to the Medieval period was found 200m north west of Bidford on Avon bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA596	Site of Roman Quarry 200m N of Bidford Bridge	Monument

The site of a quarry dating to the Roman period. It is located 200m north of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA597	Possible Crop Mark Enclosure 200m S of Broom Court	Monument

The site of a possible enclosure which appears as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is of unknown date. It is situated 500m north east of Marriage Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA598	Crop Mark Enclosure 100m N of Moat at Broom Court	Monument

A linear feature and an enclosure which are visible as crop marks on aerial photographs. They are of unknown date. They are located 700m south of Broom.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA602	Iron Age to Anglo-Saxon burials	Monument

Remains of four skeletons were found. One was dated to the IA/RB period one to the mid AS period. The site was located on the High Street, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA605	Site of Saxon Cemetery 100m N of Bidford Bridge	Monument

The site of a cemetery dating to the Migration period, known from archaeological excavations and finds. It is located 100m north of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA606	Undated burial, Bidford on Avon	Monument

The site of a burial of unknown date. It is situated 100m north west of the church, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA608	Site of Saxon Cemetery 200m N of Bidford Bridge	Monument

The site of a cemetery dating to the Migration period and known from archaeological excavation and finds. It is located 150m north east of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4567	Undated enclosure	Monument

The site of an enclosure which is visible as a crop mark on aerial photographs. It is undated and is located 200m south of Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4810	Findspot - Neolithic to Bronze Age flint	Find Spot

Findspot - a flint artefact dating to the Neolithic or Bronze Age period was found 300m south of Marriage Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4840	Findspot - Roman metal finds	Find Spot

Findspot - various metal objects, including a brooch and a coin, which all date to the Roman, period were found 900m west of Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4912	Site of Possible Ring Ditch 500m W of Bidford Sta	Monument

The site of a possible ring ditch which is visible as a crop mark on aerial photography. It may date to the Neolithic or Bronze Age period. It is located 700m south east of Broom.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4985	Undated trackway	Monument

The line of a trackway which appears as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is undated and is located 500m north east of the sewage works, Salford Priors.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5613	Findspot - Medieval metal finds	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds, including three buckles, were found 300m north east of the sewage works, Salford Priors. The finds were of Medieval date.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6132	Early Medieval Settlement 200m N of Bidford Bridge	Monument

The site of an Early Medieval settlement. Excavation has uncovered features and finds associated with occupation, including post holes, ditches, pits and enclosures. It is 150m north east of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6135	Findspot - Roman finds, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - coins, a brooch, a strap end, a bronze finger ring and fragments of pottery. All the finds dated to the Roman period. They were found 200m north west of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6136	Prehistoric ditch	Monument

A ditch and finds of flint and pottery all dating to the Prehistoric period were found during an archaeological excavation. They were found 200m north of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6137	Findspot - Medieval finds, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - Medieval finds, including coins, were discovered 200m north west of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6173	Findspot - Neolithic to Bronze Age flint, Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot - flint artefacts, including a flint knife, dating to the Neolithic or Bronze Age, were found 200m north west of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6175	Findspot - Migration/Early Medieval coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a coin, dating to the Migration or Early Medieval period was found 200m north of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6176	Linear Crop Mark Features NE of Broom Court	Monument

A linear feature which is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is of unknown date. The linear feature is located 550m south of Broom.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6177	Roman burial & enclosure	Monument

The site a Roman enclosure surrounding a burial. It was discovered during an archaeological excavation. It is situated 200m north west of the church, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6623	Findspot - Roman coins & bronze brooch in Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - Roman coins and a brooch were found 200m north west of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6624	Neolithic Flint Scatter found in Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - a flint scatter of Neolithic date was found 200m north west of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6733	Possible Cropmark Complex SW of Bidford on Avon	Monument

Possible enclosures and linear features are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. They are situated 550m north east of the sewage works, Salford Priors.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6735	Possible Enclosure W of Big Meadow, Bidford on Avon	Monument

A possible, undated, enclosure which is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is situated 800m north east of the sewage works, Salford Priors.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6927	Cropmark Complex 550m NE of Broom Court	Monument

Possible, undated, rectangular enclosures and linear features. They are visible as cropmarks and are situated 500m south of Broom.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7125	Roman Features at 21 - 23 Icknield Street	Monument

The site of a Roman settlement, including evidence of timber buildings, was found during an excavation. The site was located in Icknield Street, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7963	Findspot - Undated ditch	Monument

A small undated ditch was found during archaeological work 200m west of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8187	Roman pottery sherd found in Bidford-on-Avon.	Find Spot

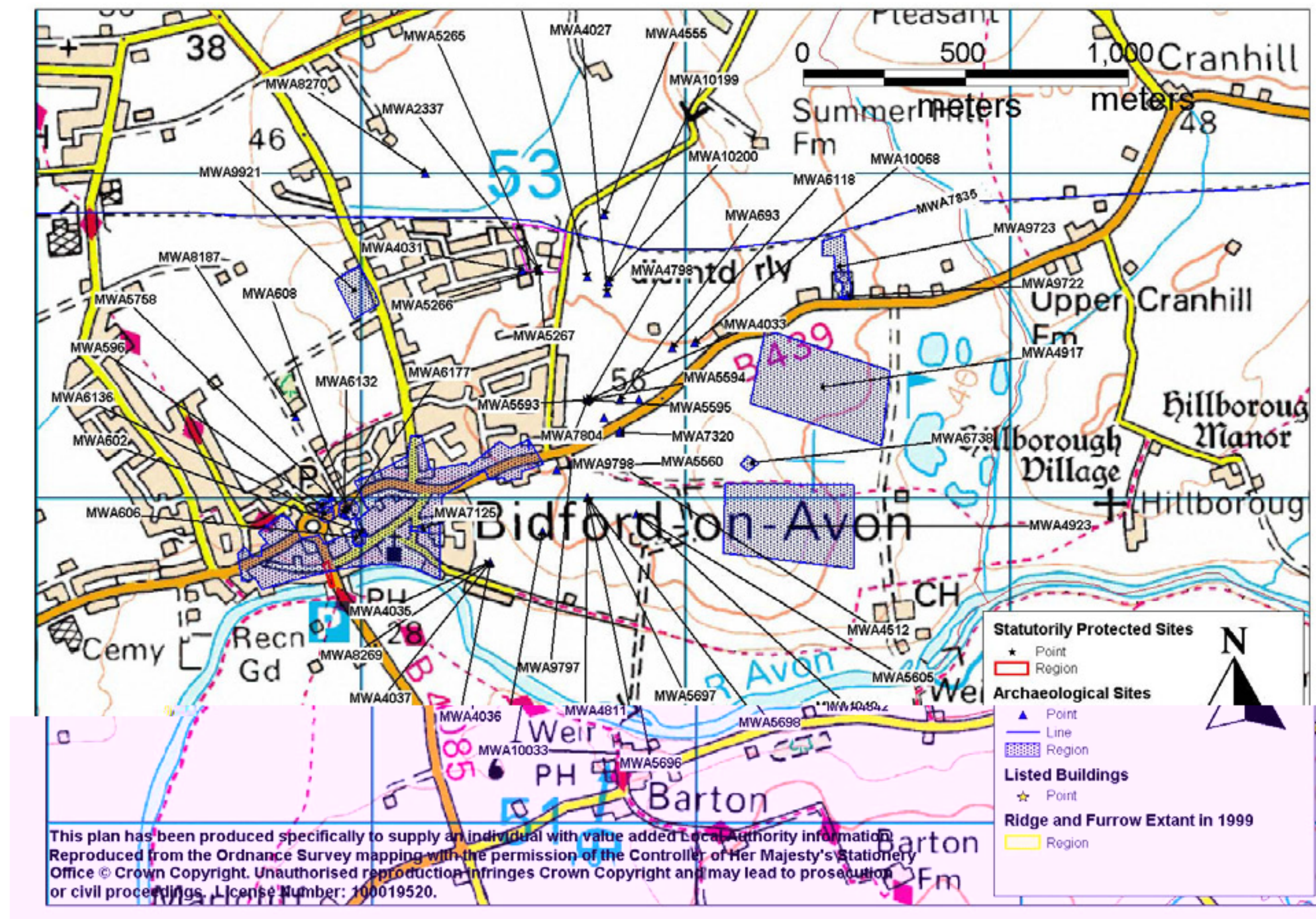
One sherd of pottery, dating to the Roman period, was found in a gully during an archaeological trial trenching. The site is located 500m north of Bidford Bridge, on land off Waterloo Road, Bidford-on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9031	Bidford on Avon Medieval Settlement	Monument

The possible extent of Medieval settlement of Bidford on Avon is suggested by documentary evidence.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9921	Pits and Ditches at Friday Furlong	Monument

BID.3 – West of Grafton Lane



Please note: This map and the following report do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

25/07/2008

Number of records: 66

Bidford.3

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA596	Site of Roman Quarry 200m N of Bidford Bridge	Monument

The site of a quarry dating to the Roman period. It is located 200m north of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA602	Iron Age to Anglo-Saxon burials	Monument

Remains of four skeletons were found. One was dated to the IA/RB period one to the mid AS period. The site was located on the High Street, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA606	Undated burial, Bidford on Avon	Monument

The site of a burial of unknown date. It is situated 100m north west of the church, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA608	Site of Saxon Cemetery 200m N of Bidford Bridge	Monument

The site of a cemetery dating to the Migration period and known from archaeological excavation and finds. It is located 150m north east of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA693	Findspot - Roman coins & brooches, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - several Roman coins and brooches were found north of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2337	Findspot - Roman coins in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot - various Roman coins and other metal finds have been found 500m north of Bidford-on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4021	Assorted Saxon Finds from Tower Hill, Bidford	Find Spot

Findspot - various Anglo Saxon finds dating to the Migration period were found in the area of Tower Hill, Bidford.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4027	Assorted Saxon finds from east of Bidford	Find Spot

Findspot - various Anglo Saxon finds dating to the Migration period, including coins and strap ends, were found in an area east of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4031	Assorted 19th Century Finds from W of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds from the Imperial period, including a seal and a handle boss, were found in the area west of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4033	Assorted Saxon finds from Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - various Anglo Saxon finds dating to the Migration period were found in the area north of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4035	Findspot - Prehistoric Flint	Find Spot

Findspot - various flint artefacts of Prehistoric date were found in the area north of Grange Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4036	Findspot - Roman finds Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Roman date, including coins and a brooch, were found in the area north of Grange Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4037	Assorted Medieval Finds off Grange Lane, Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Medieval date, including coins, a decorated strap end and a horse pendant, were found in the area north of Grange Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4512	Findspot -flint scatter south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - various flint artefacts dating to between the Mesolithic and the Bronze Age date were found in the area south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4555	Findspot - Migration period finds	Find Spot

Findspot - various Anglo Saxon artefacts dating to the Migration period, including a brooch, were found in the area east of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4798	Findspot - Roman finds, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Roman date, including coins and brooches, were found in the area south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4811	Findspot - Neolithic to Bronze Age flint, Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot - various flint artefacts of Neolithic to Bronze Age date, including a leaf-shaped arrowhead, were found in the area south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4842	Findspot - Mesolithic to Bronze Age flint	Find Spot

Findspot - a flint artefact dating to between the Mesolithic and the Bronze Age date was found in the area south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4867	Findspot - Early Medieval coin	Find Spot

Findspot - an Early Medieval coin was found in the area east of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4917	Undated linear cropmark	Monument

Several linear features of unknown date are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. They are situated in the area south of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4923	Romano British Farmstead at Bidford Grange	Monument

The site of a Roman settlement. During partial excavation of the site, enclosures, ditches, houses and a possible corn drying kiln were found. The site was located 1km east of Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5265	Findspot - Neolithic or Bronze Age flint artefacts	Find Spot

Findspot - various flint artefacts of Neolithic or Bronze Age date were found west of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5266	Findspot - Medieval coins and bronze object	Find Spot

Findspot - Medieval coins and a bronze object were found west of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5267	Findspot - Post Medieval coins and bronze objects	Find Spot

Findspot - various coins of Post Medieval date and bronze objects were found west of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5560	Findspot - Roman metal finds from Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Roman date, including coins, brooches and rings, were found south of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5561	Findspot - Medieval metal finds in Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - various Medieval objects, including strap ends, buckles, coins and horse harness pendants, were found south of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5593	Findspot - Neolithic to Bronze Age flint, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot -two pieces of worked flint of possible Mesolithic date but several from the Neolithic and Bronze Ages were found in the area east of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5594	Findspot - Migration to Early Medieval items in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot - A Migration period to Early Medieval coin, and a strap end from the Early Medieval period were found in the area north of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5595	Findspot - Medieval metal finds, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - various Medieval finds, including coins, buckles and a thimble, were found to the east of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5605	Findspot - Medieval bronze objects	Find Spot

Findspot - a Medieval bronze ornament and a fragment of a pendant were found to the south of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5696	Findspot - Migration period brooch	Find Spot

Findspot - an Anglo Saxon brooch dating to the Migration period was found south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5697	Findspot - Roman metal finds, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Roman date, including coins and fragments of brooches, were found to the south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5698	Findspot - Medieval finds, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Medieval date, including coins and fragments of pottery, were found south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5758	Various Iron Age to Medieval Finds	Find Spot

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6051	Findspot - Neolithic flint, Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot - various flint artefacts of Neolithic date, including scrapers and a leaf-shaped arrowhead, were found to the north of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6118	Findspot - Anglo Saxon coin fragments, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - two fragments of an Anglo Saxon coin of Offa were found north of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6132	Early Medieval Settlement 200m N of Bidford Bridge	Monument

The site of an Early Medieval settlement. Excavation has uncovered features and finds associated with occupation, including post holes, ditches, pits and enclosures. It is 150m north east of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6136	Prehistoric ditch	Monument

A ditch and finds of flint and pottery all dating to the Prehistoric period were found during an archaeological excavation. They were found 200m north of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6151	Findspot - Medieval metal finds in Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Medieval date, including coins and fragments of a buckle, were found north of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6177	Roman burial & enclosure	Monument

The site a Roman enclosure surrounding a burial. It was discovered during an archaeological excavation. It is situated 200m north west of the church, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6637	Iron Age Coins from Tower Hill	Find Spot

Findspot - several Iron Age coins were found in the area of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6738	Possible Enclosure 600m E of Towerhill Farm, Bidfor	Monument

A possible enclosure of unknown date is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is situated 400m south of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7046	Mesolithic Microlith from Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - two Mesolithic flint artefacts, a microliths, were found at Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7125	Roman Features at 21 - 23 Icknield Street	Monument

The site of a Roman settlement, including evidence of timber buildings, was found during an excavation. The site was located in Ickneild Street, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7320	Palaeolithic handaxe found in Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - a Lower Palaeolithic handaxe was found to the south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7804	Findspot - Medieval coin weight and coins	Find Spot

Findspot - a Medieval coin weight and two coins were found to the east of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7805	Findspot - Migration period brooch	Find Spot

Findspot - an Anglo Saxon brooch dating to the Migration period was found to the south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7835	East & West Junction Railway	Monument

The site of the East and West Junction Railway, previously known as the Stratford on Avon and Midland Junction Railway, which was built in the Imperial period.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8187	Roman pottery sherd found in Bidford-on-Avon.	Find Spot

One sherd of pottery, dating to the Roman period, was found in a gully during an archaeological trial trenching. The site is located 500m north of Bidford Bridge, on land off Waterloo Road, Bidford-on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8269	Findspot - Migration period copper alloy brooch	Find Spot

Findspot - an Anglo Saxon brooch dating to the Migration period was found to the north of Grange Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8270	Findspot - Migration or Early Medieval copper alloy strap end	Find Spot

Findspot - the fragment of a strap end dating to the Migration or Early Medieval period was found 1km north of Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9031	Bidford on Avon Medieval Settlement	Monument

The possible extent of Medieval settlement of Bidford on Avon is suggested by documentary evidence.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9722	A struck flint of possibly Mesolithic date recorded at Crabtree Garden Centre, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

A struck flint of possibly Mesolithic date was recovered from the subsoil during trial trenching. The site is located at Crabtree Garden Centre, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9723	Medieval agricultural activity at Crabtree Garden Centre, Bidford on Avon.	Monument

Medieval furrows recorded during trial trenching at Crabtree Garden Centre, Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9797	Findspot of medieval coins near Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Find of medieval coins in the Tower Hill area of Bidford on Avon

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9798	Find of Early Medieval Strap End in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Find of an Early Medieval strap end in the Tower Hill area of Bidford on Avon

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9799	Find of medieval items in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Find of two coins and a metal object dating to the medieval period from the Tower Hill area of Bidford on Avon

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9801	Find of two medieval coins near Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Find of two silver medieval coins in the Tower Hill area of Bidford on Avon

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9921	Pits and Ditches at Friday Furlong	Monument

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9936	Find of an Anglo Saxon penny in Bidford	Find Spot

Find of an early 9th century penny in Bidford -on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10033	Find of an Anglo Saxon dress fitting in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Find of a plaque, probably a dress fitting from the Migration period in Grange Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10068	Find of a spear tip in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Find of a spear tip from the Late Bronze Age or Early Iron Age on the Stratford Road to the east of Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10198	Find of medieval items in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Find of a medieval coin and coin weight at the corner of Grafton Lane and the Stratford Road in Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10199	Medieval strap buckle found in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Medieval strap buckle found near Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

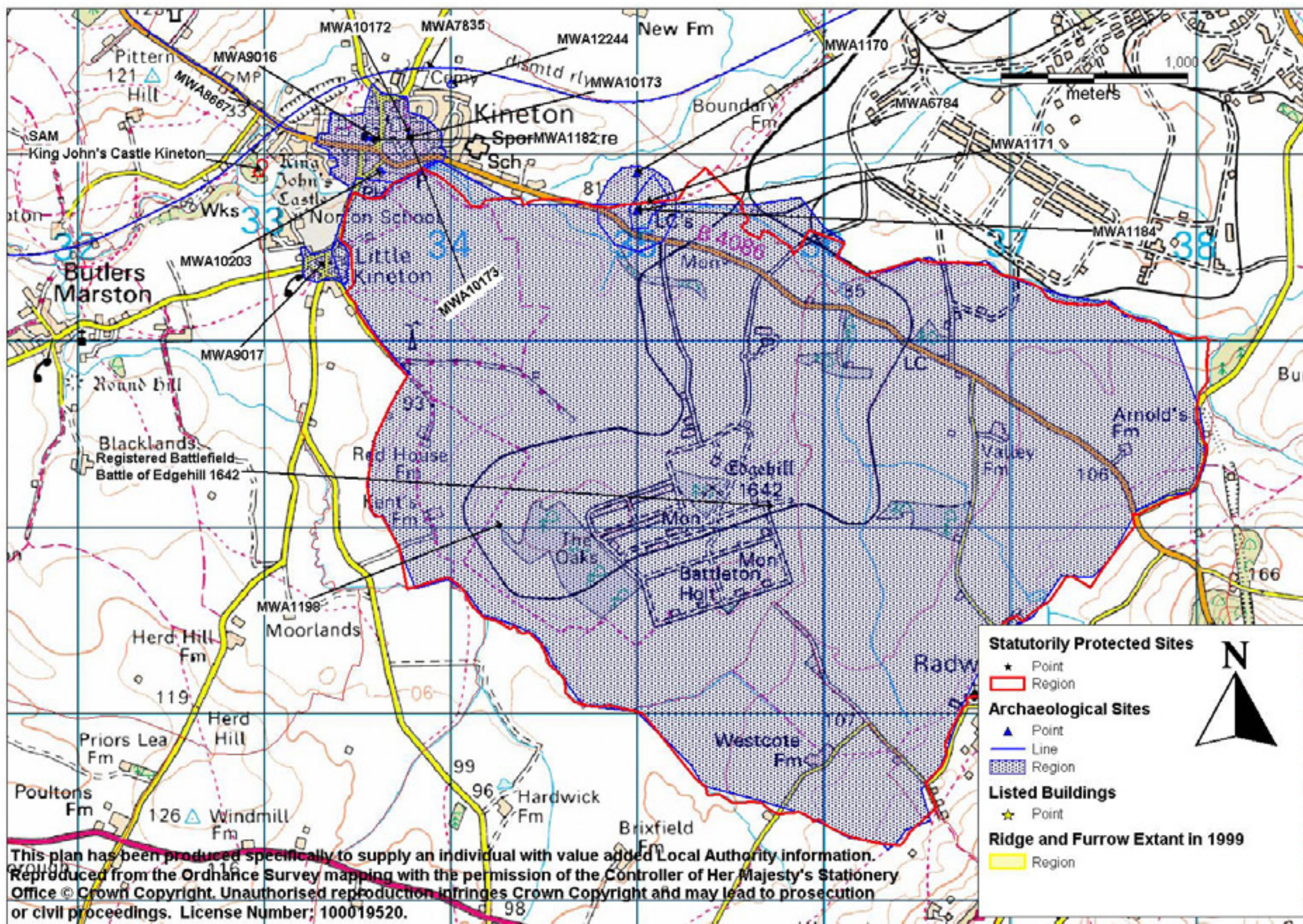
HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10200	Roman coin found in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

A Roman coin of the third century was found in Bidford on Avon near Grafton Lane.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10211	Find of an Anglo Saxon brooch, Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Find of a fragment of a brooch from the Migration period 50 southeast of Grafton Lane.

KIN.1 - Kineton High School, Banbury Road



Please note: This map and the following report do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

28/07/2008

Number of records: 66

Kin.1

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA596	Site of Roman Quarry 200m N of Bidford Bridge	Monument

The site of a quarry dating to the Roman period. It is located 200m north of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA602	Iron Age to Anglo-Saxon burials	Monument

Remains of four skeletons were found. One was dated to the IA/RB period one to the mid AS period. The site was located on the High Street, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA606	Undated burial, Bidford on Avon	Monument

The site of a burial of unknown date. It is situated 100m north west of the church, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA608	Site of Saxon Cemetery 200m N of Bidford Bridge	Monument

The site of a cemetery dating to the Migration period and known from archaeological excavation and finds. It is located 150m north east of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA693	Findspot - Roman coins & brooches, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - several Roman coins and brooches were found north of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2337	Findspot - Roman coins in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot - various Roman coins and other metal finds have been found 500m north of Bidford-on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4021	Assorted Saxon Finds from Tower Hill, Bidford	Find Spot

Findspot - various Anglo Saxon finds dating to the Migration period were found in the area of Tower Hill, Bidford.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4027	Assorted Saxon finds from east of Bidford	Find Spot

Findspot - various Anglo Saxon finds dating to the Migration period, including coins and strap ends, were found in an area east of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4031	Assorted 19th Century Finds from W of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds from the Imperial period, including a seal and a handle boss, were found in the area west of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4033	Assorted Saxon finds from Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - various Anglo Saxon finds dating to the Migration period were found in the area north of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4035	Findspot - Prehistoric Flint	Find Spot

Findspot - various flint artefacts of Prehistoric date were found in the area north of Grange Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4036	Findspot - Roman finds Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Roman date, including coins and a brooch, were found in the area north of Grange Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4037	Assorted Medieval Finds off Grange Lane, Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Medieval date, including coins, a decorated strap end and a horse pendant, were found in the area north of Grange Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4512	Findspot -flint scatter south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - various flint artefacts dating to between the Mesolithic and the Bronze Age date were found in the area south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4555	Findspot - Migration period finds	Find Spot

Findspot - various Anglo Saxon artefacts dating to the Migration period, including a brooch, were found in the area east of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4798	Findspot - Roman finds, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Roman date, including coins and brooches, were found in the area south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4811	Findspot - Neolithic to Bronze Age flint, Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot - various flint artefacts of Neolithic to Bronze Age date, including a leaf-shaped arrowhead, were found in the area south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4842	Findspot - Mesolithic to Bronze Age flint	Find Spot

Findspot - a flint artefact dating to between the Mesolithic and the Bronze Age date was found in the area south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4867	Findspot - Early Medieval coin	Find Spot

Findspot - an Early Medieval coin was found in the area east of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4917	Undated linear cropmark	Monument

Several linear features of unknown date are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. They are situated in the area south of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4923	Romano British Farmstead at Bidford Grange	Monument

The site of a Roman settlement. During partial excavation of the site, enclosures, ditches, houses and a possible corn drying kiln were found. The site was located 1km east of Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5265	Findspot - Neolithic or Bronze Age flint artefacts	Find Spot

Findspot - various flint artefacts of Neolithic or Bronze Age date were found west of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5266	Findspot - Medieval coins and bronze object	Find Spot

Findspot - Medieval coins and a bronze object were found west of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5267	Findspot - Post Medieval coins and bronze objects	Find Spot

Findspot - various coins of Post Medieval date and bronze objects were found west of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5560	Findspot - Roman metal finds from Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Roman date, including coins, brooches and rings, were found south of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5561	Findspot - Medieval metal finds in Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - various Medieval objects, including strap ends, buckles, coins and horse harness pendants, were found south of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5593	Findspot - Neolithic to Bronze Age flint, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot -two pieces of worked flint of possible Mesolithic date but several from the Neolithic and Bronze Ages were found in the area east of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5594	Findspot - Migration to Early Medieval items in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot - A Migration period to Early Medieval coin, and a strap end from the Early Medieval period were found in the area north of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5595	Findspot - Medieval metal finds, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - various Medieval finds, including coins, buckles and a thimble, were found to the east of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5605	Findspot - Medieval bronze objects	Find Spot

Findspot - a Medieval bronze ornament and a fragment of a pendant were found to the south of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5696	Findspot - Migration period brooch	Find Spot

Findspot - an Anglo Saxon brooch dating to the Migration period was found south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5697	Findspot - Roman metal finds, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Roman date, including coins and fragments of brooches, were found to the south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5698	Findspot - Medieval finds, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Medieval date, including coins and fragments of pottery, were found south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5758	Various Iron Age to Medieval Finds	Find Spot

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6051	Findspot - Neolithic flint, Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Findspot - various flint artefacts of Neolithic date, including scrapers and a leaf-shaped arrowhead, were found to the north of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6118	Findspot - Anglo Saxon coin fragments, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - two fragments of an Anglo Saxon coin of Offa were found north of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6132	Early Medieval Settlement 200m N of Bidford Bridge	Monument

The site of an Early Medieval settlement. Excavation has uncovered features and finds associated with occupation, including post holes, ditches, pits and enclosures. It is 150m north east of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6136	Prehistoric ditch	Monument

A ditch and finds of flint and pottery all dating to the Prehistoric period were found during an archaeological excavation. They were found 200m north of Bidford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6151	Findspot - Medieval metal finds in Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - various finds of Medieval date, including coins and fragments of a buckle, were found north of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6177	Roman burial & enclosure	Monument

The site a Roman enclosure surrounding a burial. It was discovered during an archaeological excavation. It is situated 200m north west of the church, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6637	Iron Age Coins from Tower Hill	Find Spot

Findspot - several Iron Age coins were found in the area of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6738	Possible Enclosure 600m E of Towerhill Farm, Bidfor	Monument

A possible enclosure of unknown date is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is situated 400m south of Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7046	Mesolithic Microlith from Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - two Mesolithic flint artefacts, a microliths, were found at Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7125	Roman Features at 21 - 23 Icknield Street	Monument

The site of a Roman settlement, including evidence of timber buildings, was found during an excavation. The site was located in Ickneild Street, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7320	Palaeolithic handaxe found in Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

Findspot - a Lower Palaeolithic handaxe was found to the south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7804	Findspot - Medieval coin weight and coins	Find Spot

Findspot - a Medieval coin weight and two coins were found to the east of Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7805	Findspot - Migration period brooch	Find Spot

Findspot - an Anglo Saxon brooch dating to the Migration period was found to the south of Tower Hill, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7835	East & West Junction Railway	Monument

The site of the East and West Junction Railway, previously known as the Stratford on Avon and Midland Junction Railway, which was built in the Imperial period.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8187	Roman pottery sherd found in Bidford-on-Avon.	Find Spot

One sherd of pottery, dating to the Roman period, was found in a gully during an archaeological trial trenching. The site is located 500m north of Bidford Bridge, on land off Waterloo Road, Bidford-on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8269	Findspot - Migration period copper alloy brooch	Find Spot

Findspot - an Anglo Saxon brooch dating to the Migration period was found to the north of Grange Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8270	Findspot - Migration or Early Medieval copper alloy strap end	Find Spot

Findspot - the fragment of a strap end dating to the Migration or Early Medieval period was found 1km north of Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9031	Bidford on Avon Medieval Settlement	Monument

The possible extent of Medieval settlement of Bidford on Avon is suggested by documentary evidence.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9722	A struck flint of possibly Mesolithic date recorded at Crabtree Garden Centre, Bidford on Avon.	Find Spot

A struck flint of possibly Mesolithic date was recovered from the subsoil during trial trenching. The site is located at Crabtree Garden Centre, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9723	Medieval agricultural activity at Crabtree Garden Centre, Bidford on Avon.	Monument

Medieval furrows recorded during trial trenching at Crabtree Garden Centre, Stratford Road, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9797	Findspot of medieval coins near Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Find of medieval coins in the Tower Hill area of Bidford on Avon

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9798	Find of Early Medieval Strap End in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Find of an Early Medieval strap end in the Tower Hill area of Bidford on Avon

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9799	Find of medieval items in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Find of two coins and a metal object dating to the medieval period from the Tower Hill area of Bidford on Avon

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9801	Find of two medieval coins near Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Find of two silver medieval coins in the Tower Hill area of Bidford on Avon

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9921	Pits and Ditches at Friday Furlong	Monument

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9936	Find of an Anglo Saxon penny in Bidford	Find Spot

Find of an early 9th century penny in Bidford -on-Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10033	Find of an Anglo Saxon dress fitting in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Find of a plaque, probably a dress fitting from the Migration period in Grange Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10068	Find of a spear tip in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Find of a spear tip from the Late Bronze Age or Early Iron Age on the Stratford Road to the east of Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10198	Find of medieval items in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Find of a medieval coin and coin weight at the corner of Grafton Lane and the Stratford Road in Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10199	Medieval strap buckle found in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Medieval strap buckle found near Grafton Lane, Bidford on Avon.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10200	Roman coin found in Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

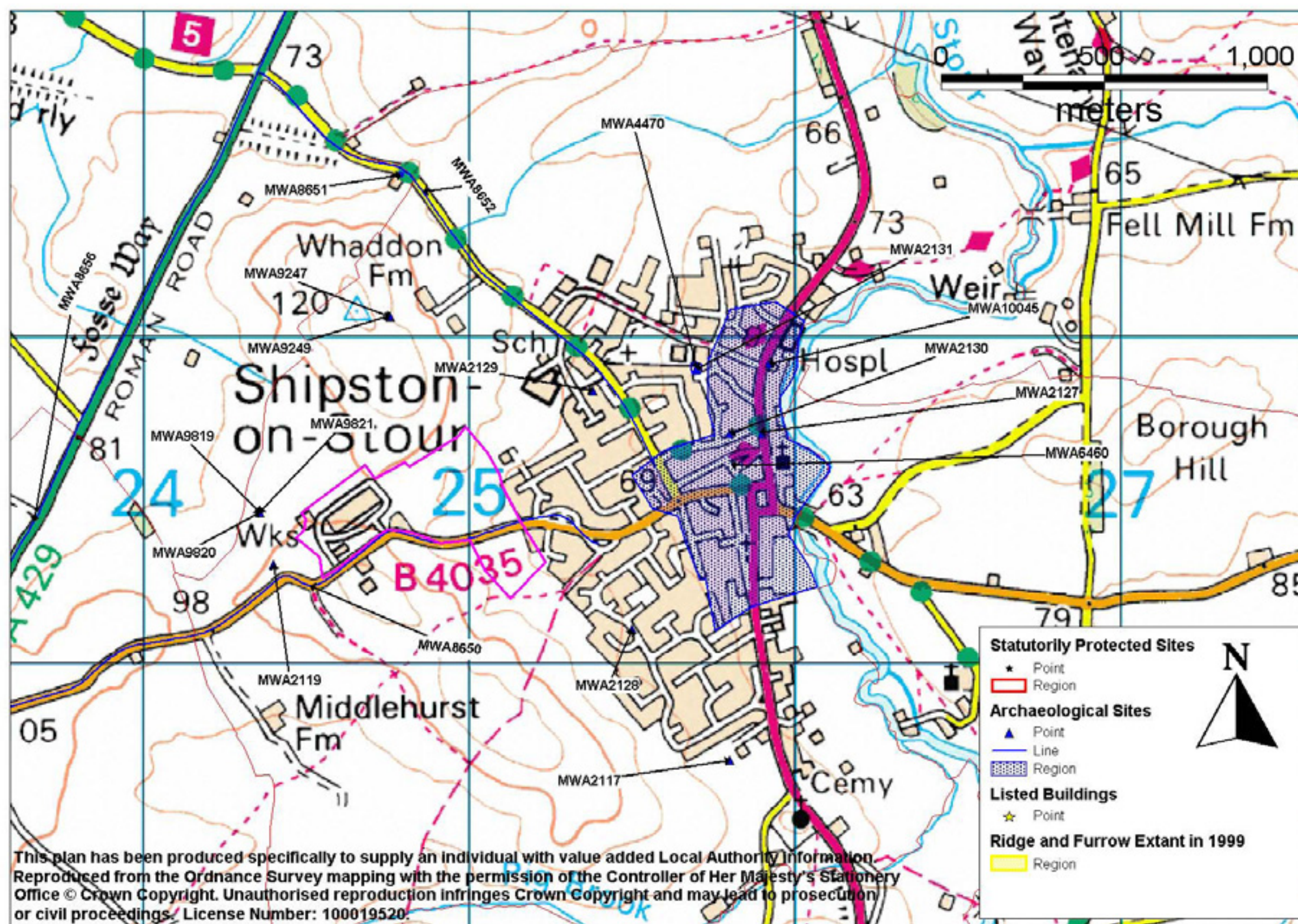
A Roman coin of the third century was found in Bidford on Avon near Grafton Lane.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10211	Find of an Anglo Saxon brooch, Bidford on Avon	Find Spot

Find of a fragment of a brooch from the Migration period 50 southeast of Grafton Lane.

SHIP.1 – Norgren, Campden Road

SHIP.2 – North and South of Campden Road



Please note: This map and the following report do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

28/07/2008

Number of records: 19

Ship.1 and Ship.2

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2117	Findspot - Post Medieval stone gargoyle	Find Spot

Findspot - a stone gargoyle, possibly of Post Medieval date, was found 150m south west of the Police Station, Shipston on Stour.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2119	Shipston Greenway/Ridgeway	Monument

The site of a trackway dating to the Early Medieval period. It is known from documentary evidence and is visible as an earthwork. It is located 600m south of Waddon Hill.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2127	Roman coin hoard from Shipston	Find Spot

Findspot - a coin hoard from the Roman period was found 200m north of the library, Shipston on Stour.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2128	Findspot - Roman coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a Roman coin found 600m south west of the library, Shipston on Stour.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2129	Findspot - Roman coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a Roman coin was found 500m north east of the Police Station, Shipston on Stour.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2130	Findspot - Roman Coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a Roman coin found 200m north west of the library.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2131	Findspot - Roman coin from Greenway Road, Shipston on Stour	Find Spot

Findspot - a Roman coin found in Greenway Road, Shipston on Stour.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4470	Undated burial	Monument

The site of an undated human burial and located 400m north of the Post Office, Shipston.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6460	Possible Extent of Medieval Settlement, Shipston on Stour	Monument

The possible extent of the Medieval settlement of Shipston on Stour, identified through ridge and furrow earthworks on aerial photographs.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8650	Anglo-Saxon ridgeway	Monument

A linear feature known from documentary evidence to be an Anglo Saxon ridgeway dating to the Migration and Early Medieval periods. It leads into Shipston from the south west.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8651	Site of Anglo-Saxon fingerpost	Monument

The site of a signpost dating to the Migration and Early Medieval periods and known from documentary evidence. It was situated 500m north of Waddon Hill on the route of a trackway of the same date.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8652	Possible Anglo-Saxon routeway	Monument

The possible route of an Anglo Saxon trackway dating to the Migration and Early Medieval periods. It leads into Shipston from the north west.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8656	The Fos	Monument

An Early Medieval road on the line of the Roman Fosse Way. The road runs along the west side of the Fosse Way at Stretton on Fosse.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9247	Neolithic blade and flake from Whaddon Hill	Find Spot

Findspot - Two Neolithic flints were found on Waddon Hill

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9249	Bronze Age pottery from Whaddon Hill, Shipston on Stour	Find Spot

Findspot - a number of pottery sherds was found at Whaddon Hill.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9819	Findspot of Post Medieval material to the west of Shipston on Stour	Find Spot

Find of post medieval items 1,400m west of the centre of Shipston on Stour.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9820	Find of Anglo Saxon material west of Shipston on Stour.	Find Spot

Stray find of two fragments from the Migration period 1,400m west of Shipston on Stour.

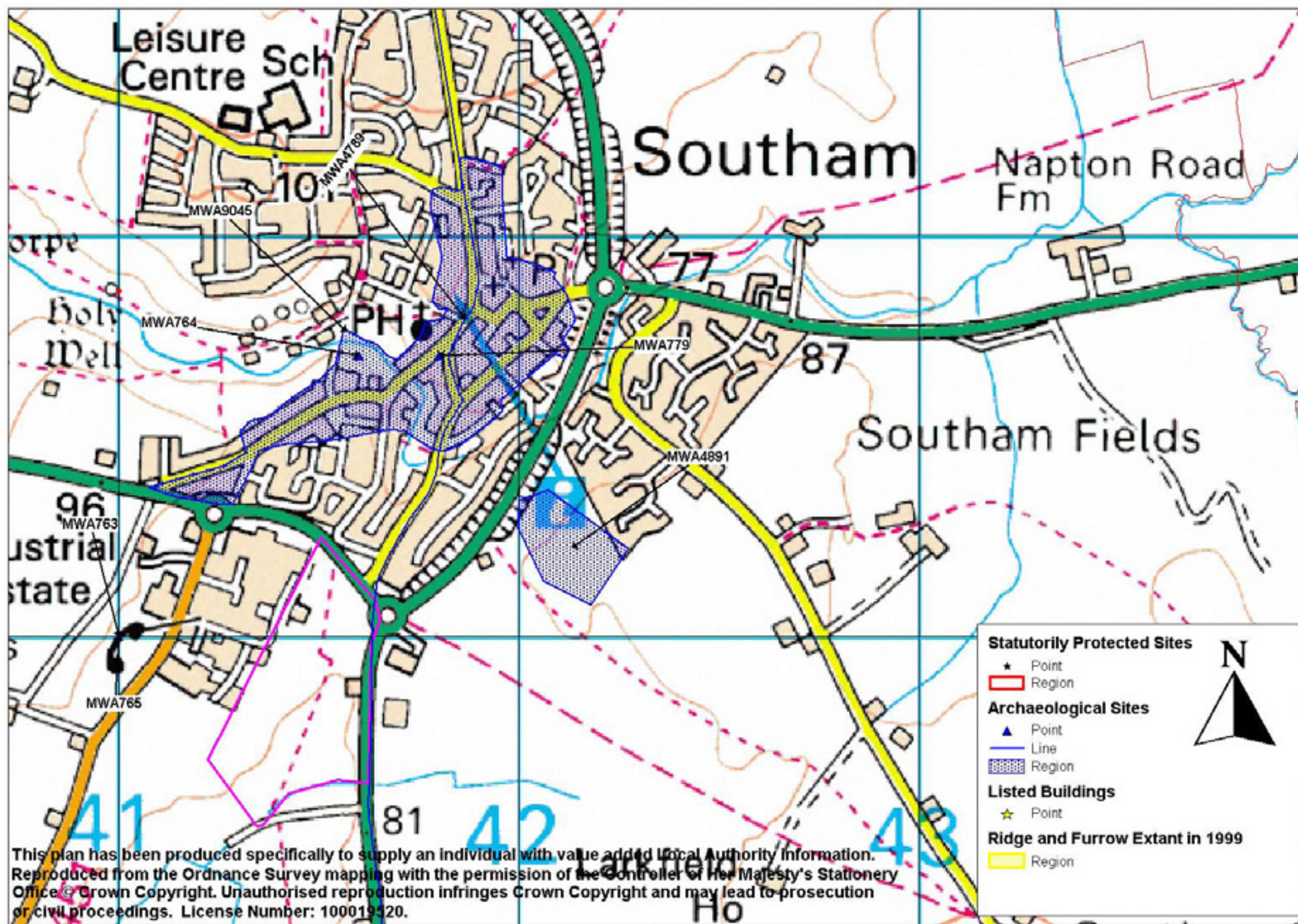
HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9821	Find of items from the medieval period west of Shipston on Stour	Find Spot

Find of medieval items including a coin weight from an area 1,400m west of the centre of Shipston on Stour.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10045	Neolithic axe found in Shipston on Stour	Find Spot

An axe from the Neolithic period found in a back garden on the Stratford Road in Shipston on Stour.

SOU.1 – West and East of Banbury Road



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29/07/2008

Number of records: 8

Sou.1

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA763	Findspot - Iron Age coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a coin dating to the Iron Age was found near Southam.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA764	Findspot - Roman coins	Find Spot

Findspot - two coins dating to the Roman period were found 200m south west of the church, Southam.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA765	Findspot - Roman coins near Southam.	Find Spot

Findspot - coins dating to the Roman period were found near Southam.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA779	Findspot - Roman brass coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a coin dating to the Roman period was found north of the church, Southam.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA937	Possible cropmark at Ladbroke	Monument

The site of a possible archaeological feature of unknown date. It is visible as a semi-circular cropmark which is visible on aerial photographs. The feature is located to the north of Ladbroke.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4789	Turnpike Road from Ryton Bridge to Banbury via Southam	Monument

A toll road running from Ryton Bridge to Banbury, via Southam. Travellers would have paid to use the road during the Imperial period.

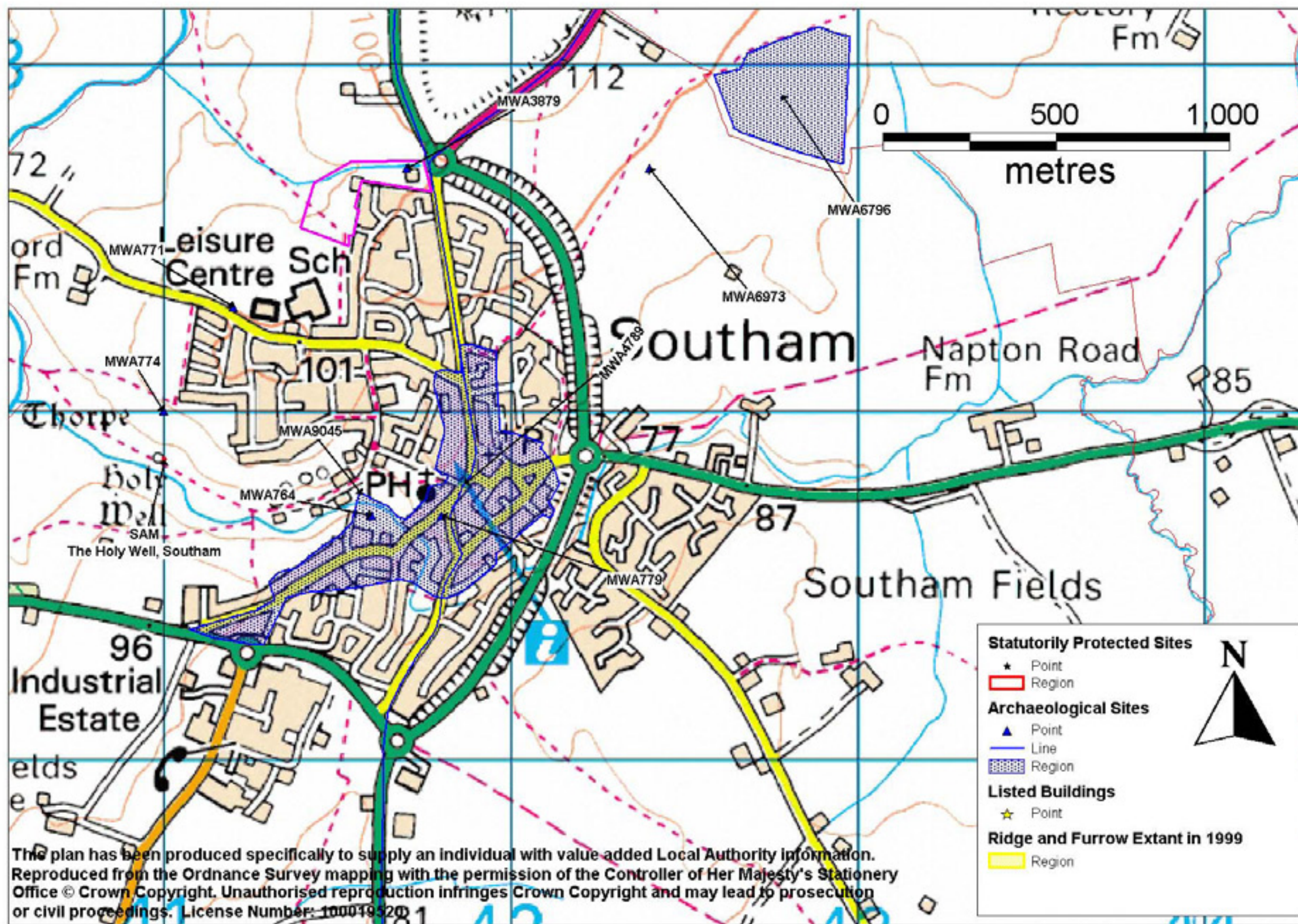
HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4891	Possible linear features to west of Welsh Road East	Monument

Linear features of unknown date are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. They are situated west of Welsh Road East, Southam.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9045	Southam Medieval Settlement	Monument

The possible extent of Medieval settlement at Southam as suggested by the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

SOU.2 – West of Coventry Road



Please note: This map and the following report do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

29/07/2008

Number of records: 10

Sou.2

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA764	Findspot - Roman coins	Find Spot

Findspot - two coins dating to the Roman period were found 200m south west of the church, Southam.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA771	Findspot - Post Medieval? Cannonball	Find Spot

Findspot - a cannon ball, which may date to the Post Medieval period, possibly from the Civil War battle of Southam, was found in Southam.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA774	Civil War Battlefield NW of Southam	Monument

The site of the Civil War battlefield of Southam, where a skirmish took place during 1642. A cannon ball and a spur have been found at the site. It is situated to the north west of Southam.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA779	Findspot - Roman brass coin	Find Spot

Findspot - a coin dating to the Roman period was found north of the church, Southam.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3879	Findspot - Neolithic to Bronze Age flint	Find Spot

Findspot - a flint scraper dating to the Neolithic or the Bronze Age was found 900m north of the church, Southam.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4789	Turnpike Road from Ryton Bridge to Banbury via Southam	Monument

A toll road running from Ryton Bridge to Banbury, via Southam. Travellers would have paid to use the road during the Imperial period.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6796	Possible Cropmark Complex 900m SW of Stockton	Monument

Rectangular enclosures and linear features are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. Their function and date are unknown. The site is located 1km south west of Stockton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6973	Findspot - Roman finds	Find Spot

Findspot - two coins and pottery dating to the Roman period were found 1km north east of Southam.

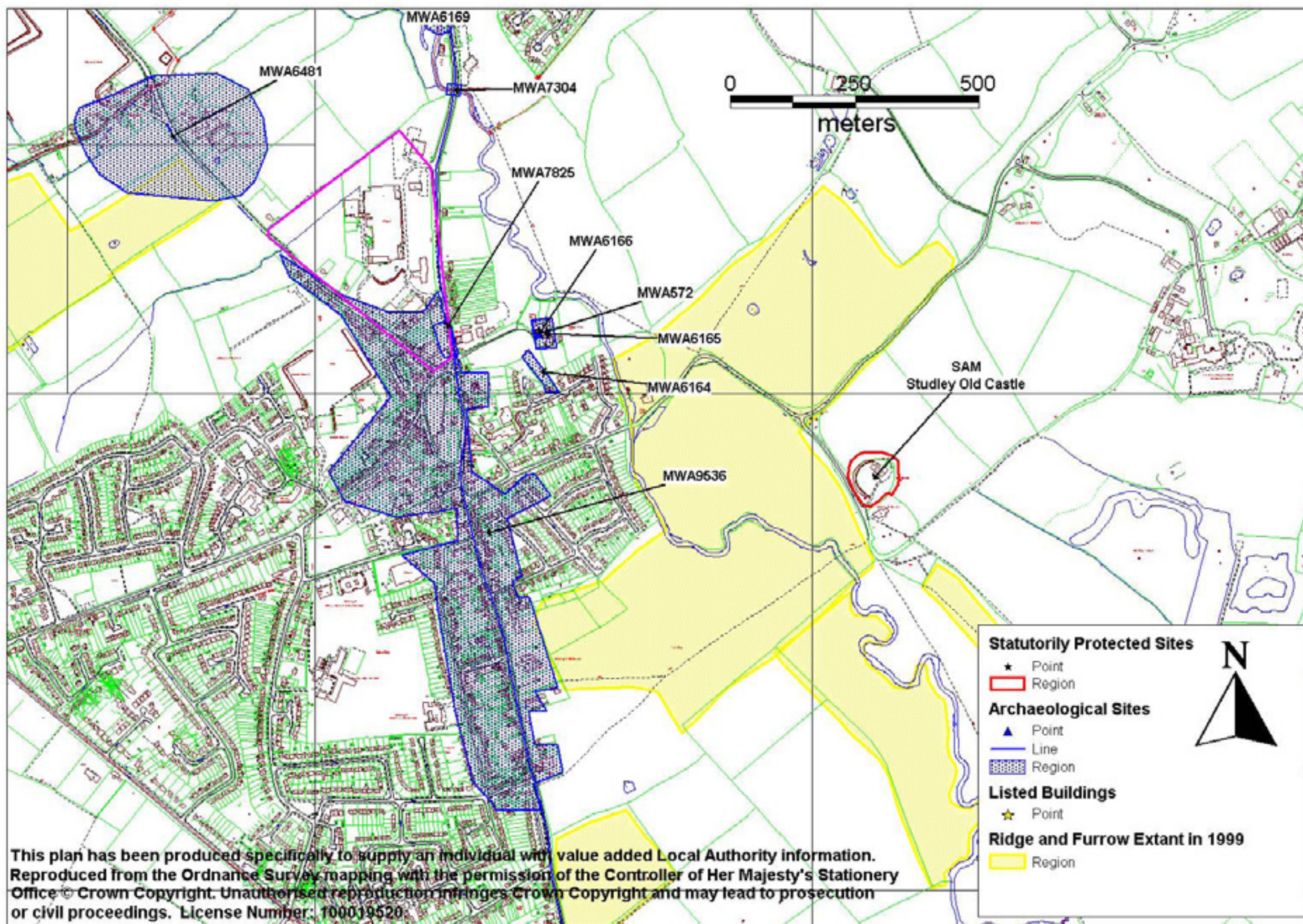
HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8685	Turnpike road from Dunchurch to Southam	Monument

The line of a toll road which was created by an Act of Parliament during the Imperial period. It ran between Dunchurch and Southam.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9045	Southam Medieval Settlement	Monument

The possible extent of Medieval settlement at Southam as suggested by the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

STUD.1 – East of Redditch Road



Please note: This map and the following report do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

30/07/2008

Number of records: 10

Stud.1

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA572	Studley Priory	Monument

The site of Studley Priory which was founded in the Medieval period. The site has now been levelled, but there have been finds of Medieval tiles and of burials. The site is 100m north east of Saxon Close.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6164	Site of Studley Priory Moat	Monument

The site of a Medieval moat, a wide ditch usually surrounding a building. It was associated with Studley Priory, but has now been filled in. It was located 100m north east of the Police Station at Studley.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6165	Site of Hospital at Studley Priory	Monument

The site of a hospital dating to the Medieval period. It is known from documentary evidence and was associated with Studley Priory. The site of the hospital lies 750m north west of St Mary's Church, Studley.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6166	Possible Site of Priory Church, Studley	Building

The possible site of the priory church dating to the Medieval period. It is located 750m north west of St Mary's church, Studley.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6169	Possible Site of Watermill 400m S of Washford Mill	Monument

The possible site of a watermill which would have dated to the Medieval/Post Medieval period. Earthworks may represent the remains of the watermill. The location is 100m north of Washford Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6481	Earthworks of Deserted Settlement at Green Lane, Studley	Monument

The site of a deserted settlement dating from the Medieval and Post Medieval periods. The remains of the settlement are visible as earthworks and include a hollow way and house platforms. The site is located 700m north west of the fire station, Studley.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7304	Washford Bridge	Monument

Washford Bridge, a bridge across the River Arrow which was built during the Post Medieval period. It was replaced in the by a concrete bridge in the 1920s. The bridge is located to the south of Washford on the line of the Roman road Ryknild Street.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7825	Site of Brewery	Monument

The site of a brewery dating to the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886. It is situated 600m north west of the cricket ground, Studley.

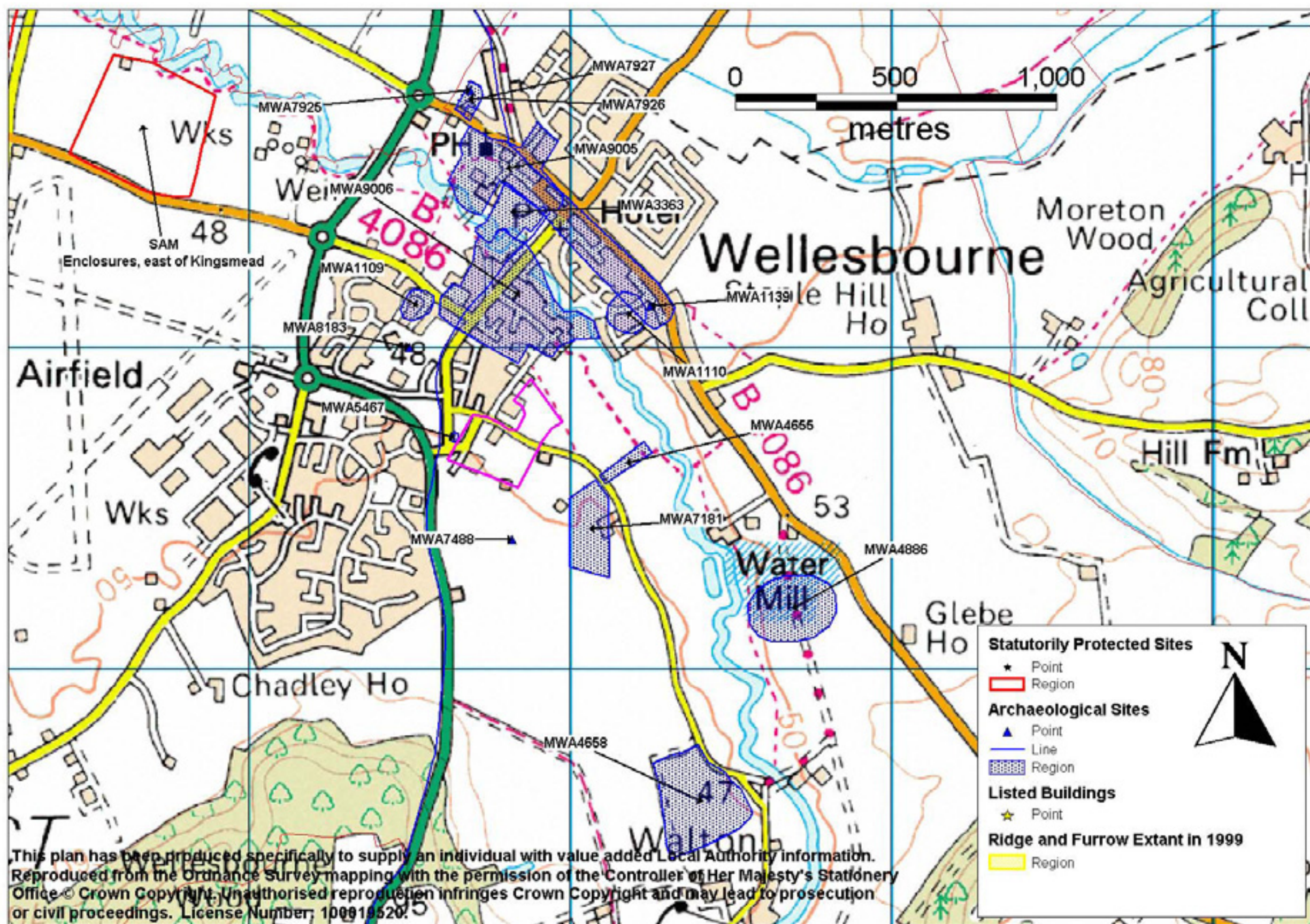
HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8683	Turnpike road from Spernal Ash to Digbeth	Monument

The line of a toll road dating to the Imperial period. It ran from Spernal Ash to Digbeth in Birmingham.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9536	Studley Medieval Settlement	Monument

The probable extent of the medieval settlement based on the Ordnance Survey maps of 1886, and on aerial photographs.

WELL.1 – North and South of Walton Road



Please note: This map and the following report do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

29/07/2008

Number of records: 17

Well.1

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1109	Undated burial, Wellesbourne	Monument

The site of an undated burial which was discovered 500m south of the church, Wellesbourne.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1110	Roman cemetery, Wellesbourne	Monument

The site of a cemetery dating to the Roman period was discovered during the development of a housing estate. Three skeletons along with finds which included boot nails, pottery and a tile were found at the site in Wellesbourne.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1139	Findspot - Mesolithic stone mace	Find Spot

Findspot - a stone mace head dating to the Mesolithic period was found 700m south east of St Peter's church, Wellesbourne.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA3363	Site of Possible Early Medieval Settlement to W of Church on Bridge Street	Monument

Documentary evidence states that the kings of Mercia used to visit their royal estate at Wellesbourne in the Early Medieval period. Finds of pottery from this period have been made which suggest the site of a settlement, Church Street Wellesbourne.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4655	Roman road or crop mark complex in Wellesbourne parish.	Monument

A section of a possible Roman road is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is located 1.4km north of Walton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4658	Site of Poss Roman Settlement 300m NW of Walton Fm	Monument

The site of a possible settlement dating to the Roman period. It has been identified from linear features and enclosures which are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. Finds of Roman pottery have also been discovered at the site. It is located 350m north of Walton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4820	Turnpike road from Warwick to Paddle Brook	Monument

A toll road running from Warwick to Paddle Brook. Travellers would have had to pay a toll to use the road during the Imperial period.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4886	Roman settlement	Monument

The site of a settlement dating to the Roman period was identified in 1984. It is located 700m north of Walton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5467	Site of Milepost 200m NE of Dovehouse Farm	Monument

The site of a milepost dating to the Imperial period. It is marked on the Ordnance Survey map of 1906. It was located 100m east of Manston Drive, Wellesbourne.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7181	Cropmark Enclosure West of Laughs Buildings	Monument

A rectangular enclosures and a linear feature of unknown date are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. They are located 900m north east of Red Hill Wood.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7488	Findspot - Prehistoric flint & Iron Age pottery	Monument

An undated pit was found during archaeological work. Finds of flint and Iron Age pottery were recovered. The site is at Wellesbourne 350m north east of Bristol Way.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7925	Findspot - Prehistoric Worked Flint	Find Spot

Findspot - a flint flake dating to the Prehistoric period was found 200m north of the church, Wellesbourne.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7926	Iron Age Features at 2/3 Charlecote Rd, Wellesbourne	Monument

Two ditches and a fragment of pottery, dating to the Iron Age, were discovered during an excavation. Two post holes were found which may also date to the Iron Age. The ditches may represent a boundary feature. The site is located 200m north of Wellesbourne church.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7927	RB features at 2/3 Charlecote Rd, Wellesbourne	Monument

A ditch, possible post holes and two pottery sherds dating to the Roman period were found during an excavation. It is possible that the ditch forms part of a known field system in the area. The site is located 200m north of Wellesbourne church.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8183	Evaluation, Ettington Road Wellesbourne	Monument

An archaeological evaluation discovered a possible property boundary ditch of unknown date. The site is located 500m south of the church, Wellesbourne.

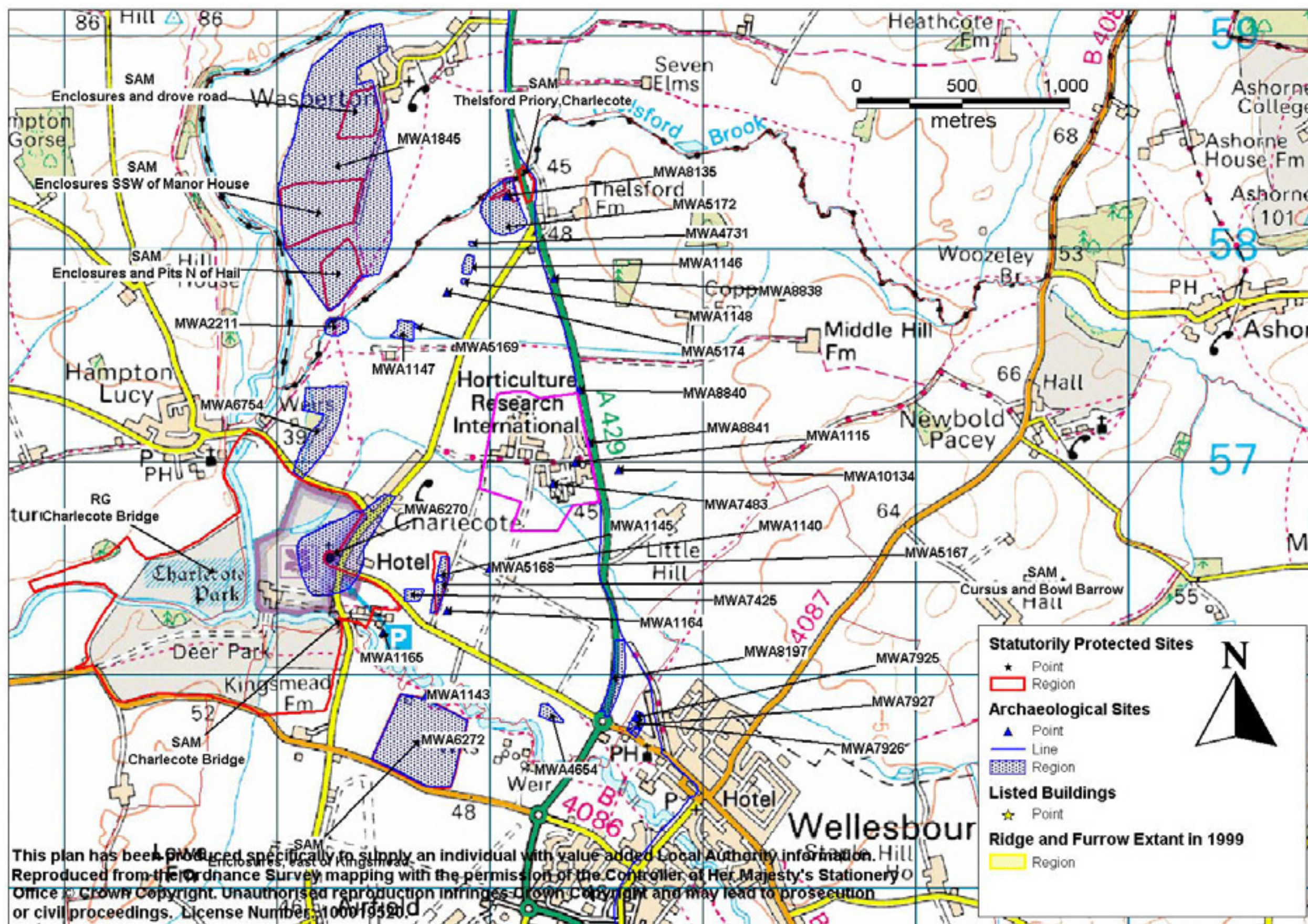
HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9005	Medieval Settlement of Wellesbourne Hastings	Monument

The possible extent of the Early Medieval and Medieval settlement at Wellesbourne Hastings. The extent of the settlement is known from work carried out on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886 and documentary evidence.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA9006	Wellesbourne Mountford Medieval Settlement	Monument

The possible extent of Medieval settlement at Wellesbourne Mountford based on work carried out on the Ordnance Survey map of 1886.

WELL.2 – HRI, Warwick Road



Please note: This map and the following report do not include all of the known archaeological sites or monuments within the vicinity of the Proposed Strategic Sites. Information considered not relevant to this archaeological assessment has been removed from these data sets.

29/07/2008

Number of records: 37

Well.2

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1115	Palaeolithic hand axe found near Charlecote.	Find Spot

Findspot - a handaxe dating to the Palaeolithic period was found 1km north east of Charlecote.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1140	Findspot - Neolithic flints, HRI site	Find Spot

Findspot - flint implements, including scrapers and arrowheads (both leaf and barbed & tanged), dating to the Neolithic or Bronze Age, were found 1km north east of Charlecote.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1143	Findspot - Early Medieval pottery	Find Spot

Findspot - fragments of pottery dating to the Early Medieval period were found 800m south east of the church, Charlecote. The fragments may have been part of a cooking pot.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1145	Possible Cursus Monument 400m SE of Charlecote	Monument

Two linear features are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. They may be the side ditches of a possible cursus, which dates to the Neolithic period, though this has not been proven. The site is located 550m east of the church, Charlecote.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1146	Mortuary Enclosure 400m SW of Thelsford Farm, Charlecote.	Monument

A rectangular enclosure, ditches and post holes were found during an archaeological excavation. The site has been interpreted as a long barrow, cursus or a mortuary enclosure. The site appears to date to the Neolithic period and is located 1.3km north of Charlecote.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1147	Possible Roman settlement	Monument

Enclosures are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. The site was excavated prior to development. Ditches, pits, a semi-circular feature, and some occupational debris were found, suggesting a rural settlement of Roman date. It was situated 300m east of Hail End Bridge.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1148	Neolithic or Bronze Age Round Barrow	Monument

Excavation of a ring ditch shown on aerial photographs uncovered evidence to suggest this was a Bronze Age barrow. A Roman pit was found to the west of the ditch. The site is 400m east of Hail End Bridge, Charlecote.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1164	Findspot - Roman bone weaving comb from Charlecote.	Find Spot

Findspot - a bone weaving comb dating to the Roman period was found 600m east of the church, Charlecote.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1165	Findspot - Roman brooch, Charlecote	Find Spot

Findspot - a brooch dating to the Roman period was found 400m south east of the church, Charlecote.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA1845	Excavation of Neolithic Settlement at Wasperton	Monument

Part excavation of the site in advance of gravel extraction uncovered evidence of a Neolithic settlement. Post holes, a sub circular pit, and fragments of pottery were found. The site lies to the west and south west of Wasperton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA2211	Undated road	Monument

The line of an undated road which once passed through the village of Wasperton. It was probably the main route between Barford and Hampton Lucy before the modern road was constructed. The village road is now a dead end, but a footpath still follows part of the route.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4654	Undated crop mark enclosure	Monument

A possible enclosure of unknown date is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is located 450m north west of the church, Wellesbourne.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4731	Neolithic Ring Ditch 300m SW of Thelsford Farm, Charlecote.	Monument

An excavation of a round barrow dating to the Neolithic period uncovered a ring ditch and a human burial with a flint knife. The site is located 850m south of the church, Wasperton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA4820	Turnpike road from Warwick to Paddle Brook	Monument

A toll road running from Warwick to Paddle Brook. Travellers would have had to pay a toll to use the road during the Imperial period.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5165	Findspot - Roman pottery	Find Spot

Findspot - pottery dating to the Roman period was found 800m south east of the church, Charlecote.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5166	Findspot - Prehistoric flint	Find Spot

Findspot - flint artefacts dating to the Prehistoric period were found 800m south east of the church, Charlecote.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5167	Findspot - Bronze Age flint, HRI site	Find Spot

Findspot - flint implements including scrapers, arrowheads and knives dating to the Neolithic and the Bronze Age were found 1.2km north east of Charlecote.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5168	Possible Romano British finds from the HRI site	Find Spot

Findspot - bone pins and an antler point dating to the Roman period were found 1.2km north east of Charlecote.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5169	Prehistoric ditch	Monument

Archaeological excavation uncovered a ditch dating to the Prehistoric period as well as fragments of pottery and flint. The site is located 1.1km south of the church, Wasperton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5172	Prehistoric features found at Thelsford Priory	Monument

Archaeological excavation uncovered evidence of post holes and a ditch as well as finds of flint, all dating to the Prehistoric period. This evidence may represent a Prehistoric settlement. The site is located 750m south east of the church, Wasperton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA5174	Findspot - Palaeolithic flint	Find Spot

Findspot - a flint flake dating to the Palaeolithic period was found 1km south of the church, Wasperton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6076	Neolithic or Bronze Age Ring Ditch	Monument

A ring ditch with a possible central pit, dating between the Neolithic and the Bronze Age, is visible as a cropmark on aerial photography. The site is located 500m east of the church, Charlecote.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6270	Possible DMV at Charlecote (Church site)	Monument

The site of a possible deserted settlement at Charlecote dating to the Medieval period. The settlement lay close to the Medieval church. It is possible that the village was moved to create the park. There is documentary evidence for the depopulation of the village.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6271	Findspot - Roman pottery sherds	Find Spot

Findspot - three sherds of pottery dating to the Roman period were found 800m south east of the church, Charlecote.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6272	Site of Poss Ring Ditch 500m E of Kingsmead Farm	Monument

The site of a possible ring ditch dating to the Neolithic or Bronze Age. It is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is located 900m west of the church, Wellesbourne.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA6754	Linear cropmarks 300m E of Charlecote Mill	Monument

Linear features and rectangular enclosures of unknown date are visible as cropmarks on aerial photographs. They are located 500m east of the church, Hampton Lucy.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7425	Cropmark Enclosure	Monument

Part of an enclosure of unknown date is visible as a cropmark on aerial photographs. It is located 400m south east of Charlecote church.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7483	Findspot - Prehistoric flint scatter	Find Spot

Findspot - a small number of worked flint artefacts dating to the Prehistoric period were found 1km east of Charlecote.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7925	Findspot - Prehistoric Worked Flint	Find Spot

Findspot - a flint flake dating to the Prehistoric period was found 200m north of the church, Wellesbourne.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7926	Iron Age Features at 2/3 Charlecote Rd, Wellesbourne	Monument

Two ditches and a fragment of pottery, dating to the Iron Age, were discovered during an excavation. Two post holes were found which may also date to the Iron Age. The ditches may represent a boundary feature. The site is located 200m north of Wellesbourne church.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA7927	RB features at 2/3 Charlecote Rd, Wellesbourne	Monument

A ditch, possible post holes and two pottery sherds dating to the Roman period were found during an excavation. It is possible that the ditch forms part of a known field system in the area. The site is located 200m north of Wellesbourne church.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8135	Findspot - Prehistoric Flint	Find Spot

Findspot - a flint struck from a core, a broken blade and three flakes dating to the Prehistoric period were found 700m south east of the church, Wasperton.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8197	Arch Evaluation, Charlecote Road, Charlecote	Monument

An archaeological excavation discovered a possible boundary ditch dating to the Iron Age, as well as a sherd of pottery. The site is located 300m north west of the church, Wellesbourne.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8838	Findspot - Roman pottery sherds & possible Bronze Age flint flake	Find Spot

Findspot - two sherds of pottery dating to the Roman period and a flint flake, possibly from the Bronze Age, were found 1km north east of Charlecote.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8840	Findspot - Neolithic arrowhead & Bronze Age scraper	Find Spot

Findspot - a leaf-shaped arrowhead, dating to the Neolithic period, and an early Bronze Age flint scraper, were found 1.4km north east of the church, Charlecote.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA8841	Findspot - Neolithic or Bronze Age flint tool, Warwick Rd, Charlecote	Find Spot

Findspot - two flint objects dating to the Neolithic or Bronze Age, were found 1.3km north east of the church, Charlecote.

HER Number	Site Name	Record Type
MWA10134	Find of a prehistoric flint scatter in Charlecote parish.	Find Spot

Find of a prehistoric flint scatter near the Institute of Horticultural Research 1.5km northeast of the church at Charlecote.

Information and Advice, Warwickshire Museum Field Services

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<http://timetrail.warwickshire.gov.uk>